



#### Agenda

Overview Tom Lynch, Chief Executive Officer

Automotive Joe Donahue, Chief Operating Officer and

President, Transportation Solutions

20-Minute Break

Broadband Connectivity Alan Clarke, President, Network Solutions

Financial Overview Terrence Curtin, Chief Financial Officer

20-Minute Break

Q&A Session

All

Lunch/Informal Q&A
 All



#### Forward-Looking Statements and Non-GAAP Measures

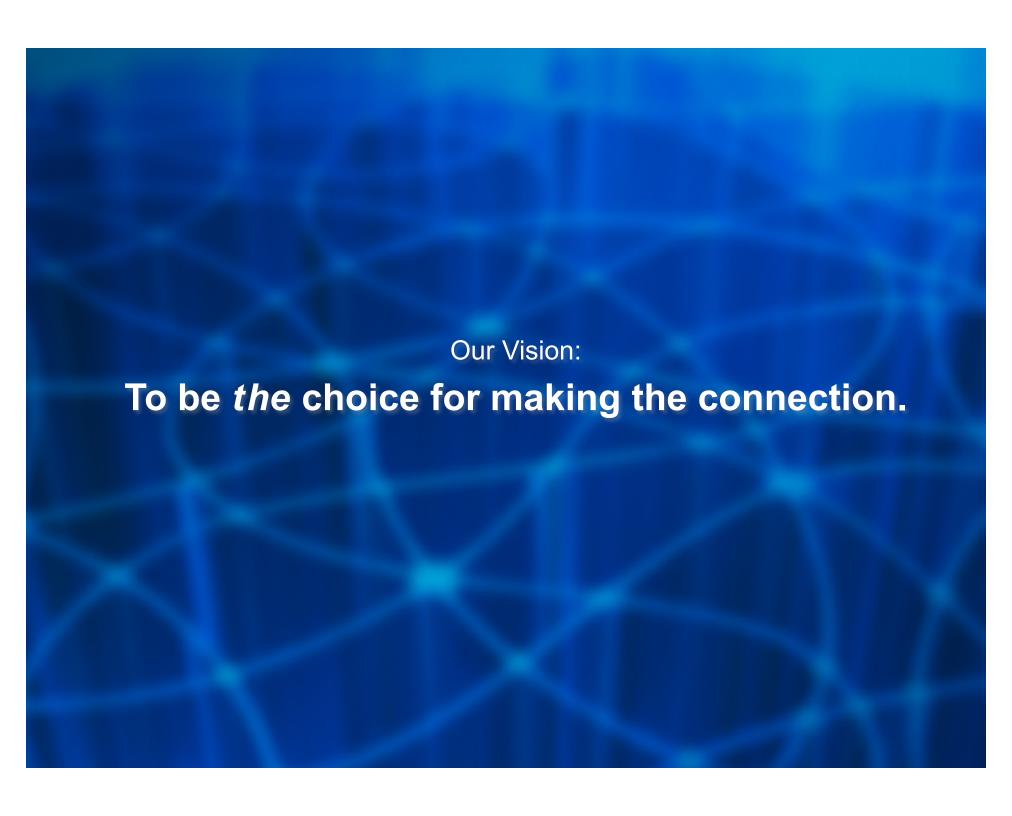
Forward-Looking Statements – This presentation contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on management's current expectations and are subject to risks, uncertainty and changes in circumstances, which may cause actual results, performance, financial condition or achievements to differ materially from anticipated results, performance, financial condition or achievements. All statements contained herein that are not clearly historical in nature are forward-looking and the words "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate." "plan." and similar expressions are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. We have no intention and are under no obligation to update or alter (and expressly disclaim any such intention or obligation to do so) our forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent required by law. The forwardlooking statements in this presentation include statements addressing our future financial condition and operating results, our ability to execute an acquisition agreement to acquire Deutsch Group SAS ("Deutsch"), our ability to fund and consummate the acquisition of Deutsch ("Deutsch Acquisition"), including the entry into financing arrangements and the receipt of regulatory approvals, and our ability to realize projected financial impacts of and to integrate the Deutsch Acquisition. Examples of factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements include, among others, business, economic, competitive and regulatory risks, such as conditions affecting demand for products, particularly the automotive industry and the telecommunications, computer and consumer electronics industries; competition and pricing pressure; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices; natural disasters and political, economic and military instability in countries in which we operate; developments in the credit markets; future goodwill impairment; compliance with current and future environmental and other laws and regulations; the possible effects on us of changes in tax laws, tax treaties and other legislation; the risk that the execution of an acquisition agreement to purchase Deutsch and to close the Deutsch Acquisition may not be consummated; the risk that a regulatory approval that may be required for the Deutsch Acquisition is not obtained or is obtained subject to conditions that are not anticipated; the risk that revenue opportunities, cost savings and other anticipated synergies from the Deutsch Acquisition may not be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected; and the risk that Deutsch's operations will not be successfully integrated into ours. More detailed information about these and other factors is set forth in TE Connectivity Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 2011 as well as in our Current Reports on Form 8-K and other reports filed by us with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

**Non-GAAP Measures –** Where we have used non-GAAP financial measures, reconciliations to the most comparable GAAP measure are provided, along with a disclosure on the usefulness of the non-GAAP measure, in this presentation.

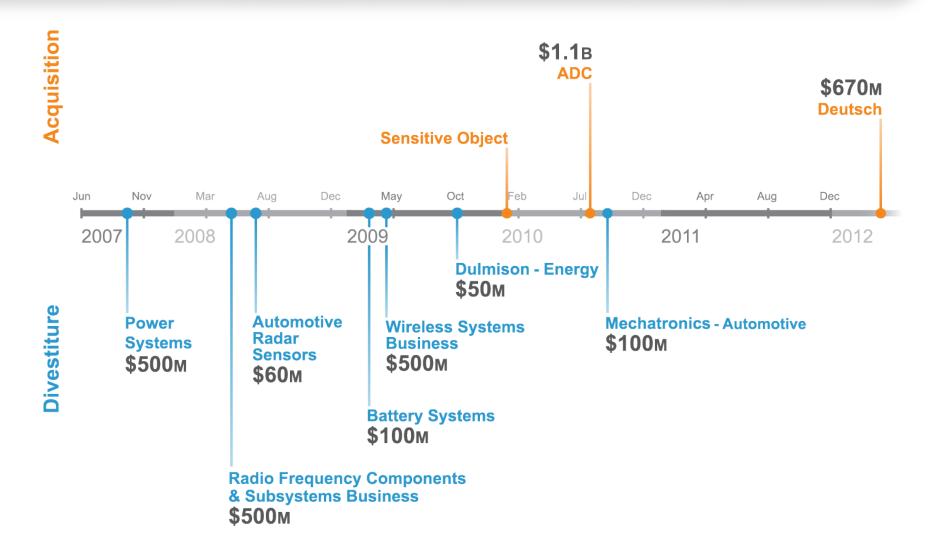








#### Reshaping the Portfolio





#### Strengthening Our Foundation

Reshape the portfolio

Reinvigorate the channel

Accelerate growth in emerging markets

Reinvigorate innovation

Strategic acquisitions

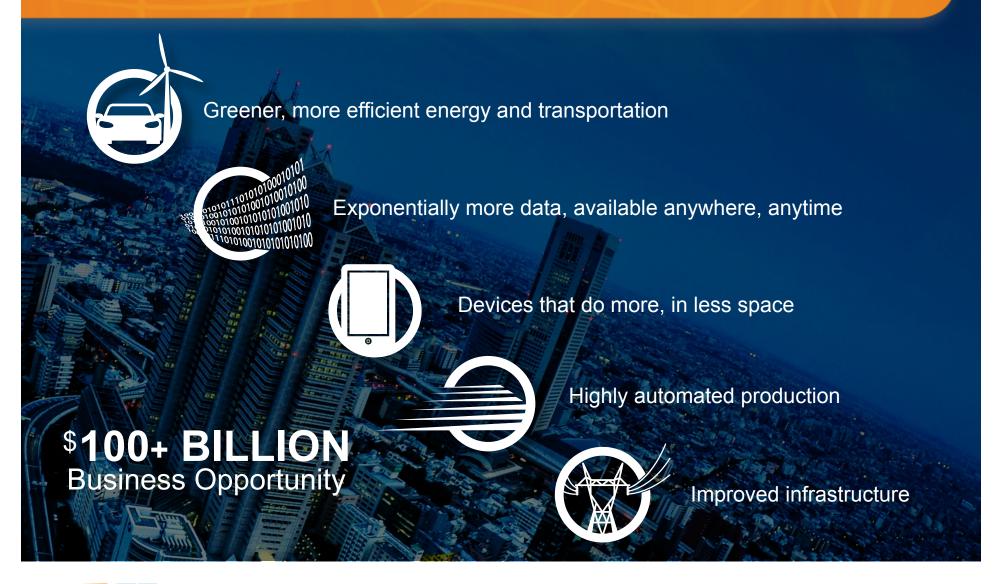
Leverage technology across the company

Improve productivity

#### **Building a Stronger Company for the Future**



#### **Building Our Business Around Trends That Matter**





#### Well Positioned in Industries That Are Growing

Sales of \$14.3 Billion

(FY2011 Results)











#### Consumer – Building the Foundation to Win



FY11 Sales

Appliance

\$0.8 Billion

**Consumer Devices** 

\$0.7 Billion

Computers

\$0.5 Billion

#### **Keys to Success**

**Focused Organization** 

Leadership

**Customer Platforms** 

Speed

Leveraging TE's Technology

4-6% long-term growth rate



#### **Energy and Industrial:** Strengthening Our Position in Attractive Markets



FY11 Sales

Industrial

\$1.6 Billion

**Energy** 

\$0.9 Billion

Aerospace, Defense & Marine

\$0.7 Billion

**Industrial Transportation** 

\$0.5 Billion

\$0.4 Billion

#### **Keys to Success**

**Broad Product Range** 

Strong Distribution Channel

Global Reach and Scale

Harsh Connectivity Solutions

6-8% long-term growth rate



#### Deutsch Acquisition Strengthens Our Position in Industrial

73-Year History of Innovation

Leader in Connectivity for Harsh Environments

Strong Industrial Presence

- Aerospace and Defense
- Industrial Transportation

**Broad Range of Circular Connector Products** 



#### Global Scale, Local Strength

AMERICAS ASIA CHINA EMEA





#### **Engineering Investment Fueling Innovation and Growth**

7,500 ENGINEERS

19 GLOBAL DESIGN CENTERS

\$730 MILLION RD&E INVESTMENT

4,000+ PROJECTS IN PROGRESS

20,000 + PATENTS GRANTED OR PENDING



## The Broadest Range of Connectivity Solutions









PRECISION WIRES & CABLES





**ANTENNAS** 



**SEALING & PROTECTING** 



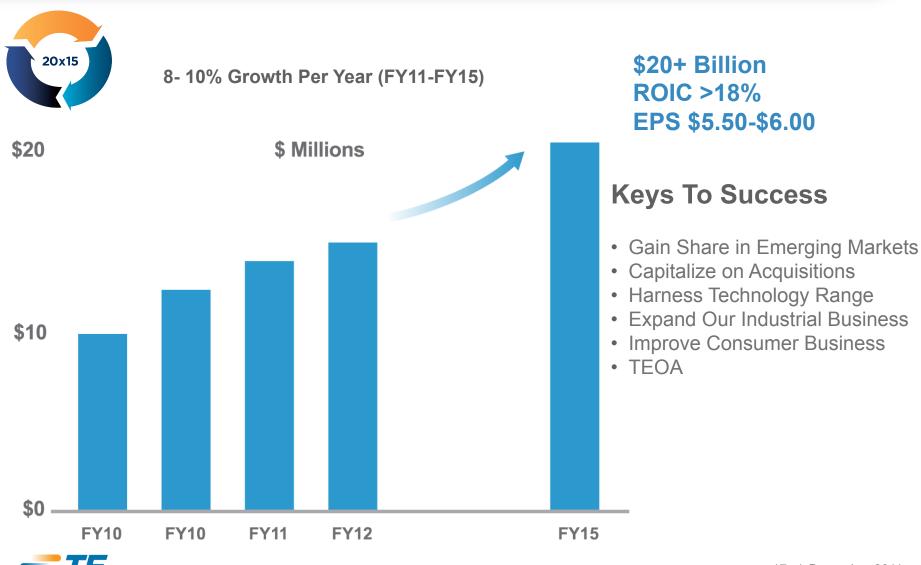
**CIRCUIT PROTECTION** 







#### The Path to 20 X 15



#### TE in 2015











# **Automotive**

Joe Donahue
Chief Operating Officer
President, Transportation Solutions

#### Automotive Connectivity: Growth is Accelerating

By 2015:

# 97MILLION vehicles worldwide, up 6% annually 20+PERCENT electric content growth 37PERCENT vehicle sales growth in China

**Automotive Connectivity is a \$12 Billion Market Today** 



#### TE is the Global Leader in Automotive Connectivity

\$4.4B REVENUE\*

36% MARKET SHARE

POSITION GLOBALLY

2,000+ ENGINEERS

7-9% EXPECTED ANNUAL GROWTH

\*Excludes Industrial Transportation



#### Global Scale, Local Strength

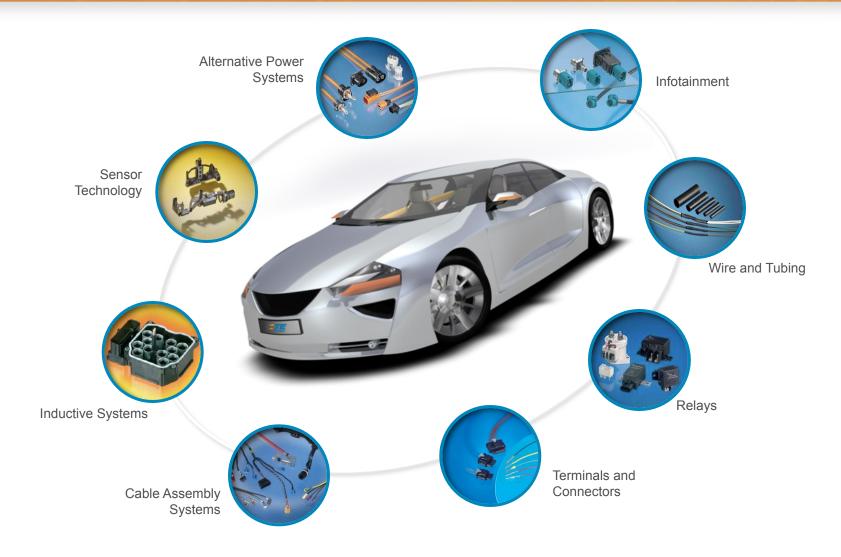
AMERICAS ASIA CHINA

HINA EMEA





### We Connect Every Electronic Function in the Car





#### **Key Trends Drive Content Growth**

#### **SAFETY**



- Driver Assistance Systems
- Active/Passive Safety
- Pedestrian Protection

#### **GREEN**



- Alternative Energy
- Emission Reductions
- Fuel Consumption

#### **CONNECTED**



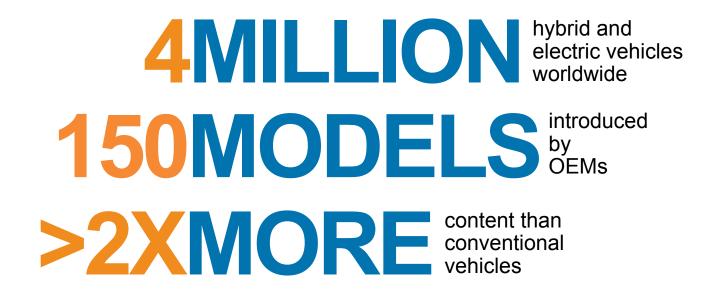
- Navigation
- Wireless Communication
- Human-Machine Interface
- Infotainment

#### Content Expected to Grow 4 to 6% Annually



#### The Electric Vehicle Market Opportunity

By 2015:





#### Moving from 12-Volt to 400-Volt Architecture



#### TE Electric Vehicle & Infrastructure

Over 50 years of experience in high-voltage and automotive connectivity systems

50-year history as a trusted and reliable automotive supplier Expertise managing ultra-high and low-voltage power

Advanced circuit protection in the most extreme environments

Global supply chain to meet the needs of every market and customer



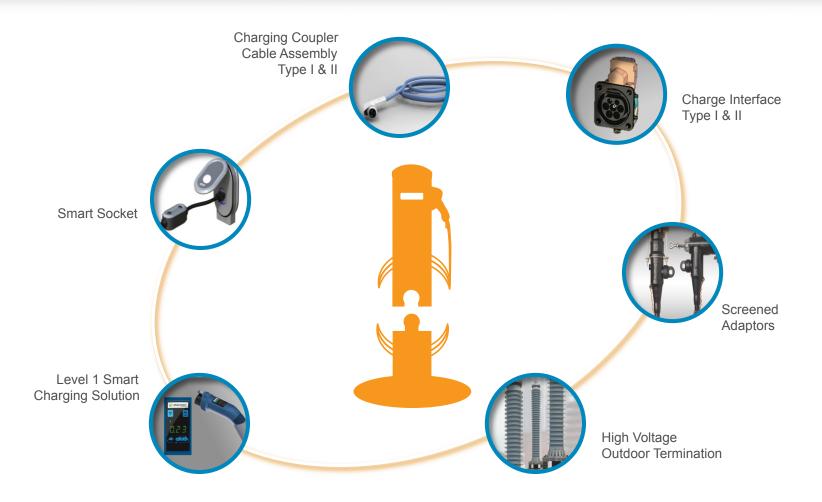
#### TE Technology Enabling the Electric Vehicle



**Incremental Content Opportunity >2X** 



### TE Technology Enabling the EV Infrastructure







**\$6+ Billion** by 2015



# **Broadband Connectivity**

Alan Clarke
President, Network Solutions

#### Broadband Connectivity: Fiber is Accelerating

By 2015:

3BILLION internet users worldwide

15BILLION global network connections

4XMORE DATA traffic globally

**Broadband Connectivity is a \$21+ Billion Market Today** 



#### Significant Market Opportunities for TE



**Data Communications** 

\$7 Billion

**Enterprise Networks** 

\$6 Billion

**Telecom Networks** 

\$6 Billion

Wireless DAS

\$0.5 Billion

**Subsea Communications** 

\$1+ Billion

# \$28+ BILLION

market opportunity by 2015



#### TE is Well Positioned to Win in Broadband Connectivity

\$3.8B REVENUE

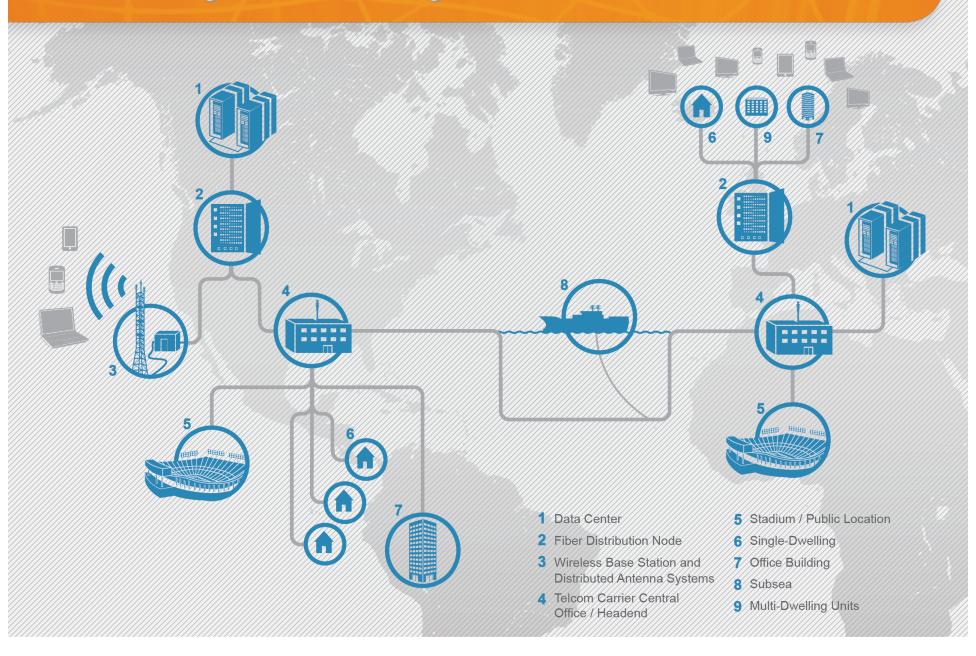
BROADBAND CONNECTIVITY

**2,400** ENGINEERS

6-8% EXPECTED ANNUAL GROWTH RATE



## Connecting Fiber from Origination to Destination



#### **Data Communications**





FY11
Sales \$1 Billion
3% Organic Growth
5%-7% Long-Term
Growth Rate

**Changing architectures to drive speed** 

# 25 GIGABYTES per second







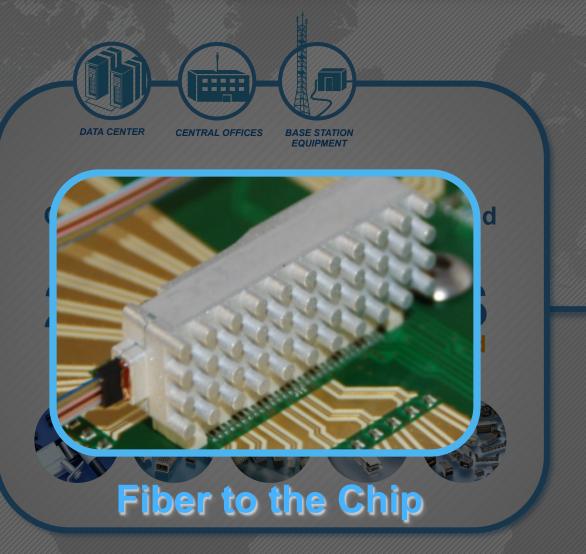




#### **Data Communications**



FY11
Sales \$1 Billion
3% Organic Growth
5%-7% Long-Term
Growth Rate



## **Enterprise Networks**





FY11
Sales \$0.7 Billion
10% Organic Growth
7%-9% Long-Term
Growth Rate

**Connecting Fiber in the Data Center** 

# LOWEST LOSS optical systems







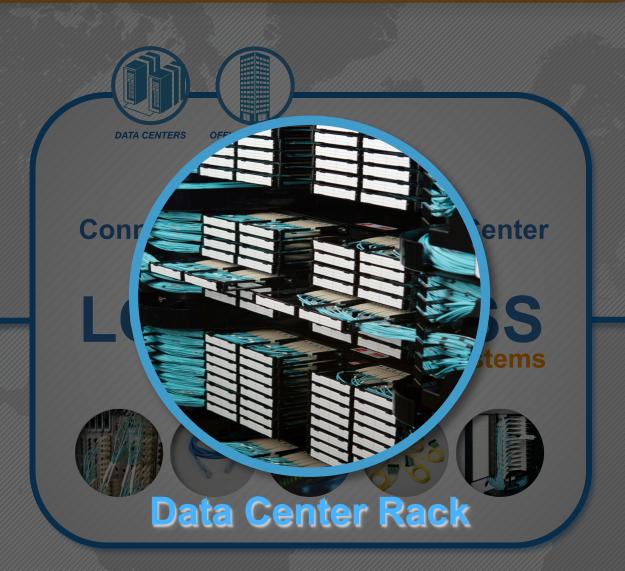




## **Enterprise Networks**



FY11
Sales \$0.7 Billion
10% Organic Growth
7%-9% Long-Term
Growth Rate



#### **Telecom Networks**

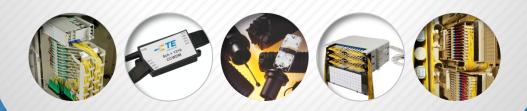




FY11
Sales \$1.3 Billion
23% Organic Growth
7%-9% Long-Term
Growth Rate

# **MULTI-FIBER**

preconnectorization



#### Telecom Networks



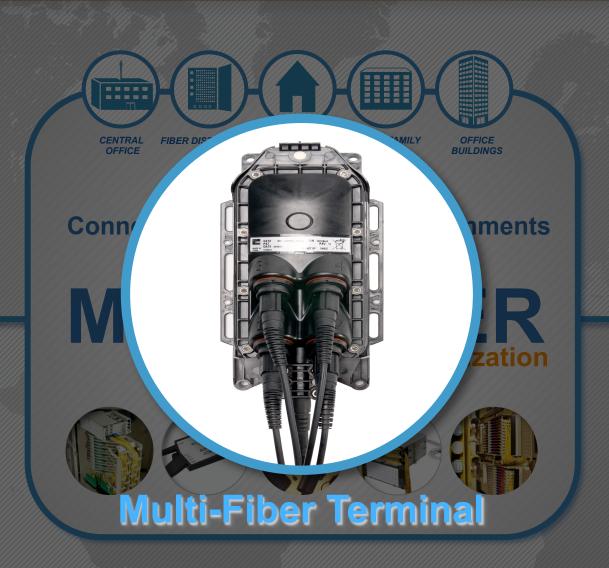
FY11
Sales \$1.3 Billion
23% Organic Growth
7%-9% Long-Term
Growth Rate



#### **Telecom Networks**



FY11
Sales \$1.3 Billion
23% Organic Growth
7%-9% Long-Term
Growth Rate



#### Wireless DAS



FY11
Sales \$0.2 Billion
60% Organic Growth
>15% Long-Term
Growth Rate



**Expanding the Network** 

# **5X CAPACITY**

and expanding coverage of cell towers











#### **Subsea Communications**





**FY11** Sales \$0.6 Billion **Cyclical Business** 

## **Connecting Fiber Under the Sea**

# 15 TERABITS/SEC over 7,000 km — on a single fiber











#### **Subsea Communications**



FY11
Sales \$0.6 Billion
Cyclical Business



## ADC: A Strong Addition

- Strong Combined Product Portfolio
- #1 in Broadband Connectivity
- Gained Share Significant Global Wins
- Delivered \$0.12 EPS in FY11
- On Track to Achieve Synergy Targets





**\$5** Billion by 2015

## **Financial Overview**

Terrence Curtin
Chief Financial Officer

#### Q1 and FY12 Outlook<sup>^</sup>

#### Q1 FY12 Outlook<sup>^</sup>

\$ in Millions, except per share amounts

Sales	\$3,400	to	\$3,500
Growth vs Prior Year:			
Actual	6%		9%
Organic*	-1%		2%
Adjusted EPS*	\$0.68	to	\$0.72
Growth vs Prior Year	-7%		-1%

#### **Transportation Solutions strength continues**

- Estimated auto production of ~20 million vehicles and improved commercial air market
- Expect ~10% growth vs. prior year

#### **Network Solutions up 30% year on year**

- ADC benefits revenue ~\$220 million
- Slowdown in spending by North American carriers
- Subsea Communications sales ~\$125 million

#### CIS down 10% year on year

Continued demand weakness and distributor inventory corrections

#### FY12 Outlook<sup>^</sup>

\$ in Millions, except per share amounts

Sales	\$14,300	to	\$14,900
Growth vs Prior Year:			
Actual	-		4%
Organic*	2%		6%
Adjusted EPS*	\$3.10	to	\$3.40
Growth vs 52 Week Prior Year	2%		12%

#### **Transportation Solutions**

- Estimated auto production of ~82 million vehicles
- Improved commercial air market; Defense market flat

#### **Network Solutions**

- Growth in global broadband infrastructure investment
- Energy growth driven by continued network investments
- Subsea Communications sales of ~\$600 million

#### CIS

- Distributor inventory corrections completed in 1st half
- Expect 2nd half improvement



## **Deutsch Transaction Summary**

#### **Enterprise** • €1.55 billion **Value**

- - ~\$2.06 billion at current exchange rates
  - "Effective" net purchase price of ~\$1.8 billion (~\$250 million of NPV related to tax synergies)



Cash and incremental debt of \$300 million

Tax

• Expect ~10% cash tax rate

Return

• Expect ROIC of ~11% in FY15 – above cost of capital

#### Accretion

- Expect ~\$0.20 accretion in FY13, excluding one-time costs
- Expect one-time cash costs of ~\$75 million

#### **Timing**

• Expected to close by Q3 FY12, contingent upon completion of customary regulatory clearances



#### **Estimated FY13 Results**

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)

Sales	\$750 to \$775
Adj. EBITDA	27 to 28%
Interest expense	~\$15
Adj. EPS	~\$0.20
Cash tax rate	~10%
CapEx of 3 to 4% of sale	es ≈ Depreciation
Amortization	\$50
Free Cash Flow > Adj. N	Net Income



TE's binding offer is subject to customary regulatory approvals including consultation by Deutsch with the Workers' Council, which is required under French law

#### **Financial Overview**

- Capitalize on growth opportunities
- Deliver consistent operating results/ achieve target margin
- Drive double-digit EPS growth
- Generate strong free cash flow
  - Dividends
  - Acquisitions
  - Return excess capital to shareholders via share repurchases

#### **Key Financial Objectives**

- 8 to 10% revenue growth
  - 6 to 8% organic growth
- Operating margin 15%+
- Double-digit EPS growth
- Free Cash Flow ≈ Net Income
- ROIC > 18%



Organic sales growth, adjusted operating margin, adjusted EPS and free cash flow are non-GAAP measures; see Appendix for description.

## **Financial Performance**

	FY08	FY10	FY11	Target Model	
\$ in billions ex	cept per	share amo	ounts		
Sales	\$14.4	\$12.1	\$14.0*	8-10%	
Adj. Gross Margin %	29%	31%	31%	32%+	Up 200 basis points vs. 2008
Adj. Operating Margin %	13.8%	13.7%	13.5%*	15%+	On track for 15%+
Adj. Effective Tax Rate	35%	25%	25%	~25%	Leveraging our structure
Adj. EPS	\$2.51	\$2.54	\$3.03*	Double Digit Growth	20% Adj. EPS Growth in FY11
Free Cash Flow	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.4	≈Net Income	Strong and consistent free cash flow

<sup>\* 52</sup> week year

#### **Double-Digit EPS Growth & Strong Cash Generation**



Adjusted gross margin percentage and adjusted effective income tax rate are non-GAAP measures; see Appendix for description.

## Sales Growth: Long-Term Targets

	% of FY11 Sales	Long-Term Organic Growth
Transportation Solutions:  - Automotive  - Industrial Transportation  - AD&M	39%	7% to 9%
Communications & Industrial Solutions:  - Industrial - Datacomm - Consumer Electronics	36%	5% to 7%
Network Solutions:  - Telecom Networks  - Enterprise Networks  - Energy Networks	25%	7% to 9%

Long-Term Organic Growth of 6% to 8%

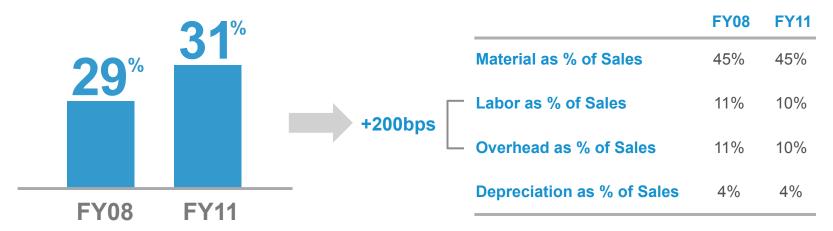
8% to 10% Long-Term Growth = 6% to 8% Organic + Strategic M&A



- Subsea Communications

## **Gross Margin Development**

#### **Adjusted Gross Margin**

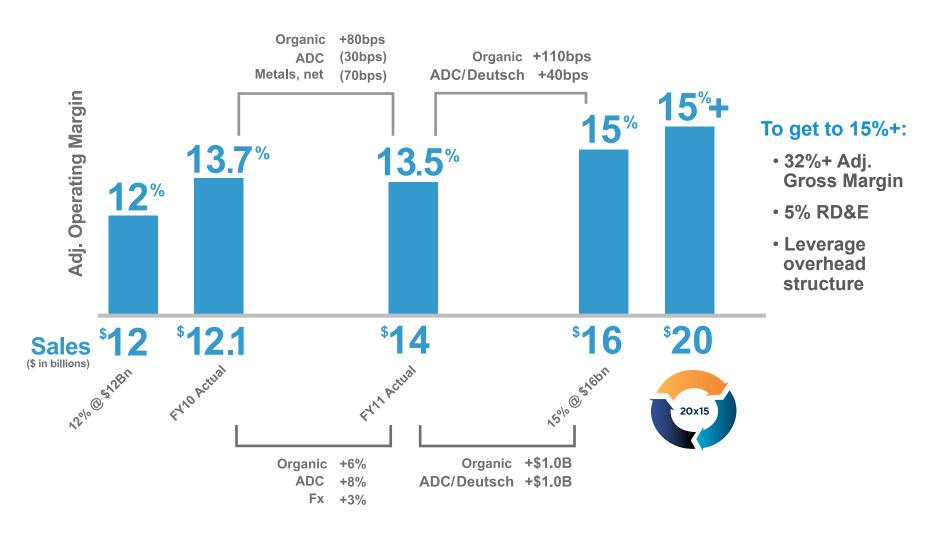


- Labor & Overhead reduced via strategic footprint reductions
- Material % maintained despite ~\$200 million of metals inflation by:
  - Pricing actions recovered 60% to 70%
  - Material productivity of ~150 basis points per year, excluding metal inflation

32+% Gross Margin Target via Volume & Productivity



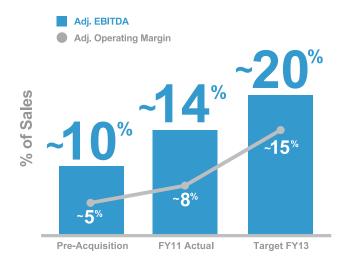
## Path to 15%+ Operating Margin





## M&A: Strengthening Our Industrial & Infrastructure Position

## ADC: Broadband Connectivity\*



#### **Strategic Drivers:**

- · Leadership in Telecom & Enterprise markets
- Geographic sales balance
- Margin expansion via \$100 million of cost synergies
  - 2/3 Selling, General & Administrative
  - 1/3 Cost of Goods Sold

## connectivity

#### Deutsch:

#### **Harsh Environment Connectivity**<sup>^</sup>



#### **Strategic Drivers:**

- Increase growth rate from ~6% to 8 to 10%
  - Expand industrial offerings with complementary product set for harsh environments
  - Sales growth expansion via leverage of TE's OEM and distributor partnerships
- Operating efficiencies through sourcing, manufacturing synergies, and streamlining overhead
- Tax synergies drive ~\$250 million NPV benefit

<sup>\*</sup> Pro forma ADC depreciation and amortization is approximately \$60 million per year

<sup>^</sup> Deutsch depreciation and amortization is estimated to be \$75 million per year

#### Performance in a Recession Scenario

	FY11 \$ in Billions	10% Sales Decline Scenario s except per share amounts
Sales	\$14.0*	~\$12.6
Adj. Gross Margin %	31.2%	28% to 30%
Adj. Operating Margin %	13.5%*	11% to 12%
Adj. EPS	\$3.03*	\$2.20 to \$2.50
Free Cash Flow	\$1.4	FCF > \$1.0

<sup>\* 52</sup> week year

- Structural changes during last downturn have made us fundamentally stronger
- Continue strategic investments
- Solid cash generation
- Expect to maintain investment grade credit rating
  - Book Debt to EBITDA ratio <2x</li>
     (includes pending Deutsch acquisition)

Adj. Operating Margin >11% & Solid Cash Generation



## **Strong Cash Generation**

#### **Consistent free cash flow**

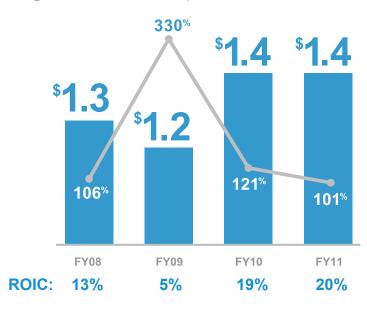
- Working capital is ~20% of sales
- Capital expenditures expected ~4 to 5% of sales
- Utilization of NOL's results in cash tax rate of ~15% and offsets working capital usage

**Drives strong ROIC – Target > 18%** 

# Free Cash Flow & % of Adj. Net Income

Free Cash flow

Free cash flow as a % of adj. net income



**Strong & Consistent Free Cash Flow Generation Approximates Net Income** 



## Capital Deployment

#### **Cash generated since separation**

- \$5.9 billion free cash flow
- \$1.3 billion from divestitures

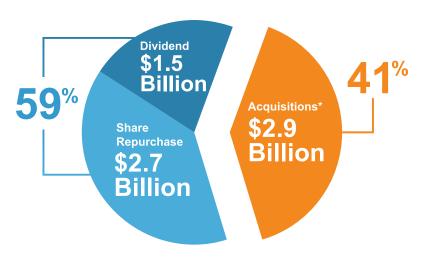
# Debt of \$2.7 billion, \$3.0 pro forma for Deutsch

- Levels are appropriate for targeted credit rating
- Since separation, ~\$1.6 billion used for debt reduction and legacy liability payments

#### Philosophy on uses of cash:

- Dividend payout of ~25%
- · Ability to fund strategic acquisitions
- Return excess capital to shareholders

#### Major Capital Deployment Separation through Estimated FY12

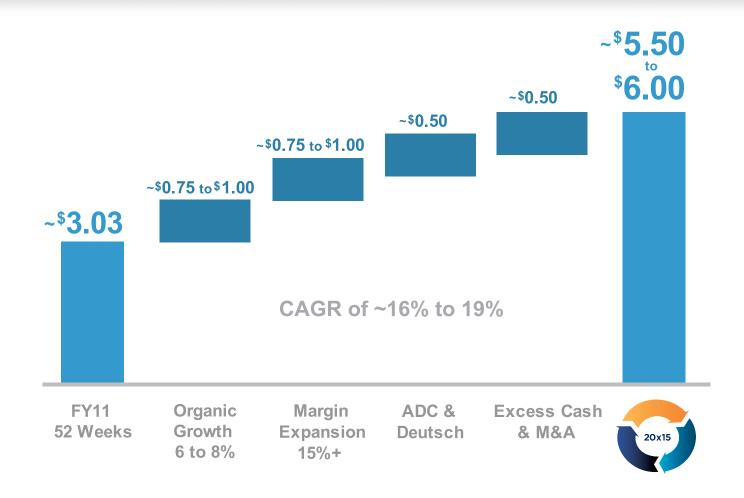


<sup>\*</sup> Acquisitions are net of debt and include pending Deutsch acquisition

**Expect a Balance of M&A and Return to Shareholders** 



## Adj. EPS Growth Potential



**EPS Grows 2x Sales Growth** 



## TE Investment Highlights

# Capitalize on Growth of 8 to 10%

- Growth drivers in our markets:
  - Vehicle production and content
  - Broadband deployment
  - Emerging markets
- Strengthening our position in Industrial/ Infrastructure markets via M&A

# Driving Earnings Growth

- Improving operating margin to 15%+
- Double-digit earnings growth



# **Strong FCF Generation**

- Free cash flow ≈ Net Income
- Balance of Return to Shareholders and M&A

#### 2015 Potential

Sales ~\$20 billion

Adj. EPS ~\$5.50 to \$6.00 • CAGR of ~16 to 19%

FCF Generation of ~\$2 billion



# 20 Minute Break Questions & Answers to Follow



#### Non-GAAP Measures

"Organic Sales Growth," "Adjusted Gross Margin," "Adjusted Gross Margin Percentage," "Adjusted Operating Income," "Adjusted Operating Margin," "Adjusted EBITDA," "Adjusted Other Income, Net," "Adjusted Income Tax Expense," "Adjusted Effective Income Tax Rate," "Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations," "Adjusted Earnings Per Share," and "Free Cash Flow" (FCF) are non-GAAP measures and should not be considered replacements for U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") results.

"Organic Sales Growth" is a useful measure used by us to measure the underlying results and trends in the business. The difference between reported net sales growth (the most comparable GAAP measure) and Organic Sales Growth (the non-GAAP measure) consists of the impact from foreign currency exchange rates, acquisitions, divestitures, and an additional week in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year for fiscal years which are 53 weeks in length. Organic Sales Growth is a useful measure of our performance because it excludes items that: i) are not completely under management's control, such as the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates; or ii) do not reflect the underlying growth of the company, such as acquisition and divestiture activity and the impact of an additional week in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year for fiscal years which are 53 weeks in length. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes items that have an impact on our sales. This limitation is best addressed by using organic sales growth in combination with the GAAP results.

We have presented gross margin and adjusted gross margin percentage before special items including charges or income related to restructuring and other charges and acquisition related charges ("Adjusted Gross Margin" and "Adjusted Gross Margin Percentage"). We present Adjusted Gross Margin and Adjusted Gross Margin Percentage before special items to give investors a perspective on the underlying business results. Because we cannot predict the amount and timing of such items and the associated charges or gains that will be recorded in our financial statements, it is difficult to include the impact of those items in the forecast.

We have presented operating income before special items including charges or income related to legal settlements and reserves, restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, and other income or charges ("Adjusted Operating Income"). We utilize Adjusted Operating Income to assess segment level core operating performance and to provide insight to management in evaluating segment operating plan execution and underlying market conditions. It also is a significant component in our incentive compensation plans. Adjusted Operating Income is a useful measure for investors because it better reflects our underlying operating results, trends, and the comparability of these results between periods. The difference between Adjusted Operating Income and operating income (the most comparable GAAP measure) consists of the impact of charges or income related to legal settlements and reserves, restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, and other income or charges that may mask the underlying operating results and/or business trends. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes the financial impact of items that would otherwise either increase or decrease our reported operating income. This limitation is best addressed by using Adjusted Operating Income in combination with operating income (the most comparable GAAP measure) in order to better understand the amounts, character and impact of any increase or decrease on reported results.

We have presented operating margin before special items including charges or income related to legal settlements and reserves, restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, and other income or charges ("Adjusted Operating Margin"). We present Adjusted Operating Margin before special items to give investors a perspective on the underlying business results. It also is a significant component in our incentive compensation plans. Because we cannot predict the amount and timing of such items and the associated charges or gains that will be recorded in our financial statements, it is difficult to include the impact of those items in the forecast.

We have presented other income, net before special items including tax sharing income related to certain proposed adjustments to prior period tax returns and other tax items and the gain on retirement of debt ("Adjusted Other Income, Net"). We present Adjusted Other Income, Net as we believe that it is appropriate for investors to consider results excluding these items in addition to results in accordance with GAAP. The difference between Adjusted Other Income, Net and other income, net (the most comparable GAAP measure) consists of tax sharing income related to certain proposed adjustments to prior period tax returns and other tax items and the gain on retirement of debt. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes the financial impact of items that would otherwise either increase or decrease other income, net. This limitation is best addressed by using Adjusted Other Income, Net in combination with other income, net (the most comparable GAAP measure) in order to better understand the amounts, character and impact of any increase or decrease in reported amounts.



#### Non-GAAP Measures (cont.)

We have presented income tax expense after adjusting for the tax effect of special items including charges related to restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, other income or charges, and certain significant special tax items ("Adjusted Income Tax Expense"). We present Adjusted Income Tax Expense to provide investors further information regarding the tax effects of adjustments used in determining the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations (as defined below). The difference between Adjusted Income Tax Expense and income tax expense (the most comparable GAAP measure) is the tax effect of adjusting items and certain significant special tax items. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes the financial impact of items that would otherwise either increase or decrease income tax expense. This limitation is best addressed by using Adjusted Income Tax Expense in combination with income tax expense (the most comparable GAAP measure) in order to better understand the amounts, character and impact of any increase or decrease in reported amounts.

We have presented effective income tax rate after adjusting for the tax effect of special items including charges related to restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, other income or charges, and certain significant special tax items ("Adjusted Effective Tax Rate"). We present Adjusted Effective Tax Rate to provide investors further information regarding the tax rate effects of adjustments used in determining the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations (as defined below). The difference between Adjusted Effective Tax Rate and effective income tax rate (the most comparable GAAP measure) is the tax rate effect of the adjusting items and certain significant special tax items. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes the financial impact of items that would otherwise either increase or decrease the effective income tax rate. This limitation is best addressed by using Adjusted Effective Tax Rate in combination with effective income tax rate (the most comparable GAAP measure) in order to better understand the amounts, character and impact of any increase or decrease in reported amounts.

We have presented income from continuing operations attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd. before special items including charges or income related to legal settlements and reserves, restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, tax sharing income related to certain proposed adjustments to prior period tax returns and other tax items, certain significant special tax items, other income or charges, and, if applicable, related tax effects ("Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations"). We present Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations as we believe that it is appropriate for investors to consider results excluding these items in addition to results in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations provides additional information regarding our underlying operating results, trends and the comparability of these results between periods. The difference between Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations and income from continuing operations attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd. (the most comparable GAAP measure) consists of the impact of charges or income related to legal settlements and reserves, restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, tax sharing income related to certain proposed adjustments to prior period tax returns and other tax items, certain significant special tax items, other income or charges, and, if applicable, related tax effects. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes the financial impact of items that would otherwise either increase or decrease our reported results. This limitation is best addressed by using Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations in combination with income from continuing operations attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd. (the most comparable GAAP measure) in order to better understand the amounts, character and impact of any increase or decrease in reported amounts.

We have presented diluted earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd. before special items, including charges or income related to legal settlements and reserves, restructuring and other charges, acquisition related charges, impairment charges, tax sharing income related to certain proposed adjustments to prior period tax returns and other tax items, certain significant special tax items, other income or charges, and, if applicable, related tax effects ("Adjusted Earnings Per Share"). We present Adjusted Earnings Per Share because we believe that it is appropriate for investors to consider results excluding these items in addition to results in accordance with GAAP. We believe such a measure provides a picture of our results that is more comparable among periods since it excludes the impact of special items, which may recur, but tend to be irregular as to timing, thereby making comparisons between periods more difficult. It also is a significant component in our incentive compensation plans. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes the financial impact of items that would otherwise either increase or decrease our reported results. This limitation is best addressed by using Adjusted Earnings Per Share in combination with diluted earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd. (the most comparable GAAP measure) in order to better understand the amounts, character and impact of any increase or decrease on reported results.



#### Non-GAAP Measures (cont.)

"Free Cash Flow" (FCF) is a useful measure of our cash generation which is free from any significant existing obligation. It also is a significant component in our incentive compensation plans. The difference between cash flows from operating activities (the most comparable GAAP measure) and FCF (the non-GAAP measure) consists mainly of significant cash outflows and inflows that we believe are useful to identify. FCF permits management and investors to gain insight into the amount that management employs to measure cash that is free from any significant existing obligation. The difference reflects the impact from:

net capital expenditures, voluntary pension contributions, and cash impact of special items.

Net capital expenditures are subtracted because they represent long-term commitments. Voluntary pension contributions are subtracted from the GAAP measure because this activity is driven by economic financing decisions rather than operating activity. Certain special items, including net payments related to pre-separation tax matters, pre-separation litigation payments, and class action settlement, are also considered by management in evaluating free cash flow. We believe investors should also consider these items in evaluating our free cash flow. We forecast our cash flow results excluding any voluntary pension contributions because we have not yet made a determination about the amount and timing of any such future contributions. In addition, our forecast excludes the cash impact of special items because we cannot predict the amount and timing of such items.

The limitation associated with using FCF is that it subtracts cash items that are ultimately within management's and the Board of Directors' discretion to direct and that therefore may imply that there is less or more cash that is available for the company's programs than the most comparable GAAP measure. This limitation is best addressed by using FCF in combination with the GAAP cash flow results.

FCF as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures reported by other companies. The measure should be used in conjunction with other GAAP financial measures. Investors are urged to read our financial statements as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The adjusted EBITDA margin amounts for ADC and Deutsch that are set forth in this presentation are non-GAAP measures and should not be considered a replacement for GAAP results. Adjusted EBITDA represents net income before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted for acquisition and restructuring related expenses. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to represent results of operations in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered a substitute for net income or any other operating measure prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Because we do not predict the amount and timing of special items that might occur in the future, and our forecasts are developed at a level of detail different than that used to prepare GAAP-based financial measures, we do not provide reconciliations to GAAP of our forward-looking financial measures.



# Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to GAAP Financial Measures for the Quarter Ended December 24, 2010

				Adjust				
			Acq	uisition	Rest	ructuring		
				elated		d Other		ljusted
	U.S	S. GAAP		rges <sup>(1)</sup>		ges, Net	(Non	-GAAP) (2)
			(\$ in m	illions, exc	ept per s	share data)		
Operating Income	\$	400	\$	59	\$	4	\$	463
Operating Margin		12.5%						14.5%
Other Income, Net	\$	12	\$	_	\$		\$	12
Income Tax Expense	\$	(113)	\$		\$	(1)	\$	(114)
Effective Tax Rate		29.6%						25.6%
Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	268	\$	59	\$	3	\$	330
Diluted Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	0.60	\$	0.13	\$	0.01	\$	0.73

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$35 million of restructuring charges, \$17 million of ADC acquisition and integration costs, and \$7 million of non-cash amortization associated with fair value adjustments to acquired inventories and customer order backlog recorded in cost of sales.



<sup>(2)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.

# Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to GAAP Financial Measures for the Year Ended September 30, 2011

			Acq	Acquisition		Restructuring				
			Re	Related		l Other	Tax		Adjusted	
	U.\$	S. GAAP	Cha	rges <sup>(1)</sup>	Char	ges, Net	Items <sup>(2)</sup>		(Non	-GAAP) (3)
		_		(\$ in mill	ions, ex	cept per sh	are data	a)		
Operating Income	\$	1,741	\$	142	\$	67	\$		\$	1,950
Operating Margin		12.2%								13.6%
Other Income, Net	\$	27	\$		\$		\$	14	\$	41
Income Tax Expense	\$	(376)	\$	(36)	\$	(20)	\$	(35)	\$	(467)
Effective Tax Rate		23.1%								25.2%
Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	1,248	\$	106	\$	47	\$	(21)	\$	1,380
Diluted Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	2.82	\$	0.24	\$	0.11	\$	(0.05)	\$	3.12

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$82 million of restructuring charges, \$41 million of non-cash amortization associated with fair value adjustments primarily related to acquired inventories and customer order backlog recorded in cost of sales, and \$19 million of ADC acquisition and integration costs.

<sup>(3)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.



<sup>(2)</sup> Includes income tax benefits associated with the settlement of certain tax matters related to an audit of prior year tax returns. Also includes the related impact to other income pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International and Covidien.

# Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to GAAP Financial Measures for the Year Ended September 24, 2010

	U.S. GAAP		Restructuring and Other Charges, Net <sup>(1)</sup>		lte	Tax Items <sup>(2)</sup>		Items,		ljusted -GAAP) <sup>(4)</sup>
				(\$ in millions, except per share data)						
Operating Income	\$	1,516	\$	134	\$		\$	1	\$	1,651
Operating Margin		12.6%								13.7%
Other Income, Net	\$	177	\$		\$	(137)	\$		\$	40
Income Tax Expense	\$	(493)	\$	(30)	\$	134	\$		\$	(389)
Effective Tax Rate		31.6%								25.0%
Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	1,059	\$	104	\$	(3)	\$	1_	\$	1,161
Diluted Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	2.32	\$	0.23	\$	(0.01)	\$		\$	2.54

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$137 million recorded in net restructuring and other charges and a \$3 million credit recorded in cost of sales.

<sup>(4)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.



<sup>(2)</sup> Includes income tax expense related to certain proposed adjustments to prior year tax returns and income tax benefits associated with the settlement of an audit of prior year tax returns as well as the related impact to other income pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International and Covidien. Also includes an income tax benefit recognized in connection with a reduction in the valuation allowance associated with certain tax loss carryforwards.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consists of \$8 million of acquisition and integration costs and \$7 million of income related to pre-separation securities litigation.

# Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to GAAP Financial Measures for the Year Ended September 25, 2009

			Adjustments									
	U.S. GAAP		Restructuring and Other Charges, Net <sup>(1)</sup>		Impairment of Goodwill (in millions, exce		Tax Items <sup>(2)</sup> ept per share data)		Other Items, Net <sup>(3)</sup>			ljusted -GAAP) <sup>(4)</sup>
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(3,474)	\$	373	\$	3,547	\$		\$	152	\$	598
Operating Margin <sup>(5)</sup>		NM										5.8%
Other Income (Expense), net	\$	(48)	\$		\$	-	\$	86	\$	(22)	\$	16
Income Tax (Expense) Benefit	\$	567	\$	(87)	\$	(523)	\$	(46)	\$	(3)	\$	(92)
Effective Tax Rate		15.4%										19.6%
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations, Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	(3,109)	\$	286	\$	3,024	\$	40	\$	130	\$	371
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd. <sup>(6)</sup>	\$	(6.77)	\$	0.62	\$	6.57	\$	0.09	\$	0.28	\$	0.81

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$375 million recorded in net restructuring and other charges and a \$2 million credit recorded in cost of sales.

<sup>(6)</sup> GAAP diluted shares excludes 1 million of non-vested restricted share awards and non-vested options as the inclusion of these securities would have been anti-dilutive. Such amounts are included in non-GAAP diluted shares.



<sup>(2)</sup> Includes an income tax benefit primarily related to proposed adjustments to prior year tax returns, and charges to other expense pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International and Covidien.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consists of \$144 million of charges related to the settlement of pre-separation securities litigation and \$8 million of costs related to a product liability matter from several years ago recorded in selling, general, and administrative expenses. Also includes net gain related to retirement of debt of \$19 million.

<sup>(4)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.

<sup>(5)</sup> Not meaningful.

# Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to GAAP Financial Measures for the Year Ended September 26, 2008

			Adjustments									
	U.S. GAAP		Restructuring and Other Charges, Net <sup>(1)</sup>		Impairment of Goodwill (in millions, exce		Tax Items <sup>(2)</sup> ept per share data)		Other Items, Net <sup>(3)</sup>			djusted I-GAAP) <sup>(4)</sup>
Operating Income (loss)	\$	1,663	\$	228	\$	103	\$		\$	(6)	\$	1,988
Operating Margin		11.6%										13.8%
Other Income (Expense), net	\$	486	\$		\$		\$	(437)	\$		\$	49
Income Tax (Expense) Benefit	\$	(554)	\$	(27)	\$	(14)	\$	(76)	\$	16	\$	(655)
Effective Tax Rate		27.8%										34.9%
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations, Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	1,432	\$	201	\$	89	\$	(513)	\$	10	\$	1,219
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	2.95	\$	0.41	\$	0.18	\$	(1.06)	\$	0.02	\$	2.51

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$219 million recorded in net restructuring and other charges and \$9 million recorded in cost of sales.

<sup>(4)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this Appendix.



<sup>(2)</sup> In connection with the adoption of the uncertain tax position provisions of ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, the Company recorded income of \$464 million pursuant to its Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International and Covidien. The Company also recorded \$49 million of income, of which \$27 million of expense is recorded in net other income (expense) and \$76 million of tax benefits are recorded in income tax (expense) benefit, related to various tax matters, including a tax settlement.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consists of a \$36 million gain on the sale of real estate and \$8 million of costs related to a customs settlement, both of which are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses, and \$22 million of net charges related to the settlement of pre-separation securities litigation.

# Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measure to GAAP Financial Measures for the 13 Week Quarter Ended September 30, 2011

				Adjust	tments				Adj	ustment		
		Weeks . GAAP	Acquisition Related Charges <sup>(1)</sup>		and Char	ructuring d Other ges, Net	14 Weeks Adjusted (Non-GAAP) (2)		Impact of 14th Week		Ac	Weeks ljusted -GAAP) <sup>(3)</sup>
					(\$ in m	nillions, exce	ept per s	snare data)				
Operating Income	\$	465	\$	23	\$	62	\$	550	\$	(53)	\$	497
Operating Margin		11.9%						14.1%				13.7%
Diluted Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations Attributab	le		•	224		2.42				(0.00)		
to TE Connectivity Ltd.	\$	0.75	\$	0.04	\$	0.10	\$	0.89	\$	(80.0)	\$	0.81

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$22 million of restructuring charges and \$1 million of non-cash amortization associated with acquisition accounting-related adjustments recorded in cost of sales.



<sup>(2)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.

 $<sup>^{(3)}</sup>$  Excludes the impact of an additional week in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011.

# Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measure to GAAP Financial Measures for the 52 Week Year Ended September 30, 2011

			Adjustments Acquisition Restructuring					53	Weeks	Adjustment		52 Weeks		
		Weeks S. GAAP	R	elated arges <sup>(1)</sup>	and	Other ges, Net	Tax	Items <sup>(2)</sup>		djusted -GAAP) <sup>(3)</sup>		pact of d Week		djusted -GAAP) <sup>(4)</sup>
			(\$ in millions, except per sh						are dat	a)				
Operating Income	\$	1,741	\$	142	\$	67	\$		\$	1,950	\$	(53)	\$	1,897
Operating Margin		12.2%								13.6%				13.5%
Diluted Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations Attributa to TE Connectivity Ltd.	ble <u>\$</u>	2.82	\$	0.24	\$	0.11	\$	(0.05)	\$	3.12	\$	(0.08)	\$	3.03

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$82 million of restructuring charges, \$41 million of non-cash amortization associated with fair value adjustments primarily related to acquired inventories and customer order backlog recorded in cost of sales, and \$19 million of ADC acquisition and integration costs.



<sup>(2)</sup> Includes income tax benefits associated with the settlement of certain tax matters related to an audit of prior year tax returns. Also includes the related impact to other income pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International and Covidien.

<sup>(3)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.

<sup>(4)</sup> Excludes the impact of an additional week in the fourth guarter of fiscal 2011.

# Reconciliation of Free Cash Flow and Free Cash Flow as a Percentage of Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations

	For the Years Ended							
	September 26, 2008		September 25, 2009		Sept	tember 24, 2010	Sept	tember 30, 2011
				(\$ in r	millions)			
Net cash provided by continuing operating activities	\$	922	\$	1,378	\$	1,679	\$	1,779
Capital expenditures, net Payments related to pre-separation tax matters, net		(568) -		(315)		(369)		(516) 129
Pre-separation litigation payments Voluntary pension contributions Class action settlement		- - 936		102 61		25 69		- - -
Free Cash Flow <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	1,290	\$	1,226	\$	1,404	\$	1,392
Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd. (1)	\$	1,220	\$	371	\$	1,161	\$	1,380
Free Cash Flow as a Percentage of Adjusted Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to TE Connectivity Ltd.		106%		330%		121%		101%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this Appendix.



# Reconciliation of Adjusted Gross Margin & Adjusted Gross Margin Percentage

	For the Years Ended							
	September 26, 2008		Sep	tember 25,	Sep	tember 24,	September 30,	
				2009		2010		2011
				(\$ in m	nillions	5)		
Net sales	\$	14,373	\$	10,256	\$	12,070	\$	14,312
Cost of sales		10,200		7,720		8,293		9,890
Gross margin		4,173		2,536		3,777		4,422
Gross margin percentage		29.0%	24.79		31.39		30.99	
Restructuring and Other Charges, Net Acquisition Related Charges		9		(2)		(3)		- 41
Adjusted gross margin (1)	\$	4,182	\$	2,534	\$	3,774	\$	4,463
Adjusted gross margin percentage (1)		29.1%		24.7%		31.3%		31.2%

<sup>(1)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.



## Calculation of Return of Invested Capital

	For the Years Ended							
	September 26, 2008		September 25, 2009		September 24, 2010		September 30,	
							:	2011
			(\$ in billions)					
Adjusted Operating Income <sup>(1)</sup> Income Taxes Paid, Net of Refunds	\$	2.0 (0.4)	\$	0.6 (0.1)	\$	1.7 (0.2)	\$	2.0 (0.3)
,	\$	1.6	\$	0.5	\$	1.5	\$	1.7
Average Invested Capital	\$	12.8	\$	10.2	\$	7.7	\$	8.2
Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)		13%		5%		19%		20%



<sup>(1)</sup> See description of non-GAAP measures contained in this appendix.