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Nusinersen in treatment-naïve patients with later-onset spinal muscular atrophy (SMA): efficacy results from a phase 1b/2a multicentre study (CS2) and its open-label extension (CS12)

Basil T Darras, MD 8 October, 2016

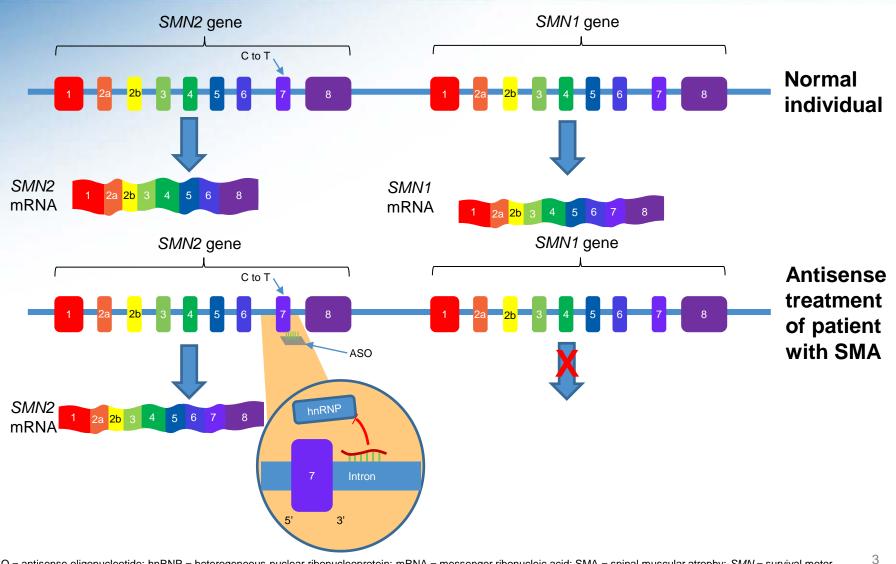
> Darras BT,^{1*} Chiriboga CA,² Montes J,² Swoboda KJ,³ Johnson N,⁴ Iannaccone ST,⁵ Castro D,⁵ Mignon L,⁶ Norris D,⁶ Gamelin L,⁶ Xia S,⁶ Fine S,⁶ Bennett CF,⁶ Bishop K,⁶ Foster R,⁷ Gheuens S,⁷ Sun P,⁷ Farwell W,⁷ Schneider E,⁶ De Vivo DC,² on behalf of the CS2 and CS12 study investigators

¹Department of Neurology, Boston Children's Hospital, Boston, MA, USA; ²Columbia University Medical Center, New York, NY, USA; ³Massachussetts General Hospital; Department of Neurology, Boston, MA, USA; ⁴Neurology, University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, UT, USA; ⁵Pediatrics, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, TX, USA; ⁶Ionis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, USA; ⁷Biogen, Cambridge, MA, USA

Disclosures

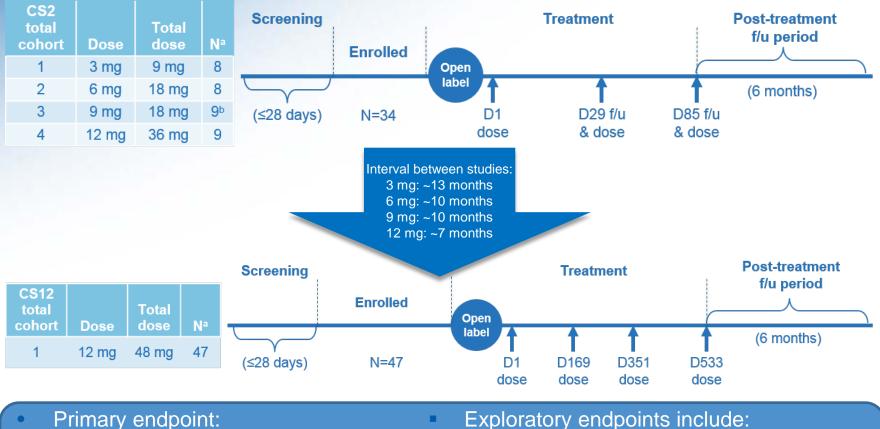
- BTD: consultant at scientific advisory board meetings for Roche, AveXis, PTC Therapeutics, Biogen, Marathon Pharma; advisor for Ionis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; received research support from SMA Foundation, NIH/NINDS, Slaney Fund for SMA
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- KJS: receives support from Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute for Health and Human Development (NICHD) R01-HD69045, has served as a consultant for Roche Pharmaceuticals, and is on the scientific advisory board for AveXis
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- RF, SG, SP and WF: employees of and hold stock/stock options in Biogen
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Spinal muscular atrophy and nusinersen



ASO = antisense oligonucleotide; hnRNP = heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein; mRNA = messenger ribonucleic acid; SMA = spinal muscular atrophy; SMN = survival motor neurone. 1. Chiriboga CA, et al. Neurology. 2016;86:890-897.

CS2 (phase 1b/2a, open-label study) and CS12 (multiple dose redosing study)



- Evaluate the safety and tolerability of nusinersen administered intrathecally
- Exploratory endpoints include:
 - **HFMSE**
 - ULM test (non-ambulatory patients)
 - 6MWT (ambulatory patients)

6MWT = 6-minute walk test; AE = adverse event; D = day; HFMSE = Hammersmith functional motor scale - expanded; f/u, follow-up; ULM = upper limb module test. Na = overall enrollment. Patients received treatment on Days 1 and 85 only. Data cut-off dates: 12 January 2015 (CS2), 07 April 2016 (CS12 interim analysis). Chiriboga CA, et al. AAN 2014; ClinicalTrials.gov NCT01703988; Clinicaltrials.gov NCT02052791.

Baseline demographics for patients who received their first nusinersen dose in CS2

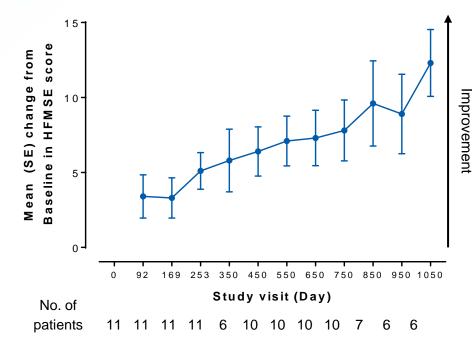
- 6 / 34 patients from CS2 who entered CS12 previously received nusinersen in CS1^a
- Patients naïve to drug in CS2 were identified and followed into CS12 for this analysis (N=28)

	SMA Type II n=11	SMA Type III n=17	Total N=28
Mean (SD) age at screening in CS2, years	4.4 (4.0)	8.9 (4.4)	7.1 (4.7)
Males, n (%)	8 (73)	7 (41)	15 (54)
Mean (SD) age at symptom onset, months	11.0 (3.4)	22.0 (13.5)	17.7 (11.9)
Mean (SD) age at SMA diagnosis, months	15.4 (6.3)	43.6 (32.4)	32.5 (28.9)
SMN2 copy number, n (%) ^b 2 3 4	0 11 (100) 0	1 (6) 10 (59) 6 (35)	1 (4) 21 (75) 6 (21)
Ambulatory status, n (%) ^b Ambulatory Non-ambulatory	0 11 (100)	13 (76) 4 (24)	13 (46) 15 (54)
Motor function at screening in CS2, n (%) ^b Sitting without support Standing without support Walking with support Walking independently	11 (100) 0 2 (18) 0	17 (100) 12 (71) 15 (88) 13 (76)	28 (100) 12 (43) 17 (61) 13 (46)

^aCS1 (NCT01494701) was a single ascending-dose, Phase 1, open-label study of nusinersen in patients with later-onset SMA. Patients from CS1 could enrol in CS2. ^bBased on patients dosed with nonmissing data. Data cut-off dates:12 January 2015 (CS2), 07 April 2016 (CS12 interim analysis).

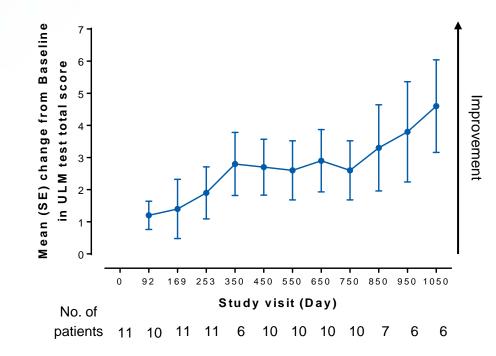
Change in HFMSE score over time: patients with Type II SMA

- Maximum possible HFMSE score is 66¹
- Mean (SE) Baseline HFMSE score: 21.3 (2.9)
- Mean (SE) change with nusinersen of:
 - 5.1 (1.2) points at Day 253
 - 12.3 (2.2) points at Day 1050
- In a natural history cohort of Type II and Type III SMA, mean change was –0.5 point over 24 months (730 days) and –1.7 points over 36 months (1095 days)²



Change in ULM test total score over time: patients with Type II SMA

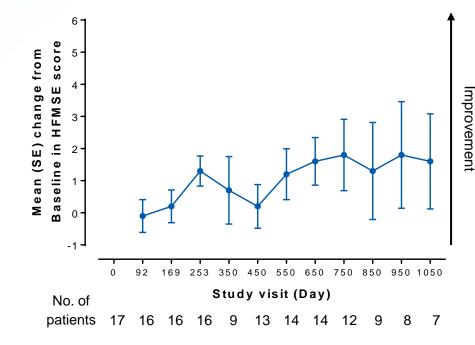
- Maximum possible ULM test total score is 18 in nonambulant patients with SMA¹
- Mean (SE) Baseline ULM test total score: 11.9 (0.9)
- Mean (SE) change with nusinersen of:
 - 1.9 (0.8) points at Day 253
 - 4.6 (1.4) points at Day 1050
- In a natural history, mean change was 0.04 points over 12 months²



Date of presentation: 8 Oct 2016

Change in HFMSE score over time: patients with Type III SMA

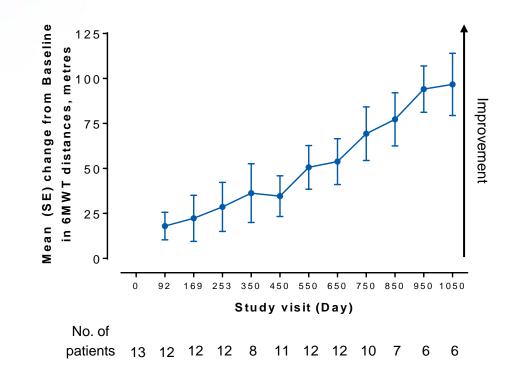
- Maximum possible HFMSE score is 66¹
- Mean (SE) Baseline HFMSE score: 48.9 (3.0)
- Mean (SE) change with nusinersen of:
 - 1.3 (0.5) points at Day 253
 - 1.6 (1.5) points at Day 1050
- In a natural history cohort of Type II and Type III SMA, mean change was –0.5 points over 24 months (730 days) and –1.7 points over 36 months (1095 days)²



Date of presentation: 8 Oct 2016

Change in 6MWT distances over time: patients with Type III SMA

- Mean (SE) Baseline 6MWT distance: 253.3 (50.7) metres
- Mean (SE) change with nusinersen of
 - 28.6 (13.6) metres at Day 253
 - 96.7 (17.3) metres at Day 1050
- Natural history is mean –1.5 metre change over 12 months¹
- One patient with Type II SMA gained the ability to walk independently
- Two patients with Type III SMA re-gained the ability to walk independently



Safety and tolerability for CS2 and CS12

- In the 28 patients who first received nusinersen in CS2, median (min, max) number of intrathecal doses was 6 (1, 7)
 - Mean (SD) time on study was 880.5 (328.5) days
- Overall, most AEs were mild to moderate and considered not related to study drug
 - No SAEs were reported as related to study drug
- The LP procedure was generally well tolerated
 - Some AEs (e.g., PLPS, headache, back pain) were possibly associated with the LP and are expected in the context of this procedure^{1,2}
- No clinically significant adverse changes in laboratory or neurological examinations considered related to nusinersen

Summary

- Baseline characteristics for this cohort were consistent with expected natural history
- For patients with Type II SMA with up to ~3 years of treatment:
 - Improvements were observed in motor function over time, as measured by HFMSE scores and ULM test
 - One patient with Type II SMA gained the ability to walk independently
- For patients with Type III SMA with up to ~3 years of treatment:
 - HFMSE scores were stable over time
 - Increases were observed in 6MWT distances
 - Two patients with Type III SMA re-gained the ability to walk independently
- No new safety findings were reported during longer-term treatment with nusinersen

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