



Antibody Selection From Immunoglobulin Libraries Expressed in Mammalian Cells

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Vaccinex Corporate Summary

ACCÍNEX

Headquarters: Rochester, NY

Employees: 51

History:

- Founded in 1997
- Core technology invented by founders at the University of Rochester
- Exclusive world-wide license in all fields of use

Intellectual Property: 70+ U.S. and foreign patents and patent applications.

Funding:

- Closed a \$50M Round in 2009
- \$33M in previous venture funding
- \$10M in research grants

Focus:

- Four antibodies in pre-clinical development
- Two INDs expected to be filed in Q4 2010
- Novel antibody discovery platform







Vaccinex Technology Summary: Discovering Antigens and Therapeutic Antibodies

Vaccinia Virus Library Construction



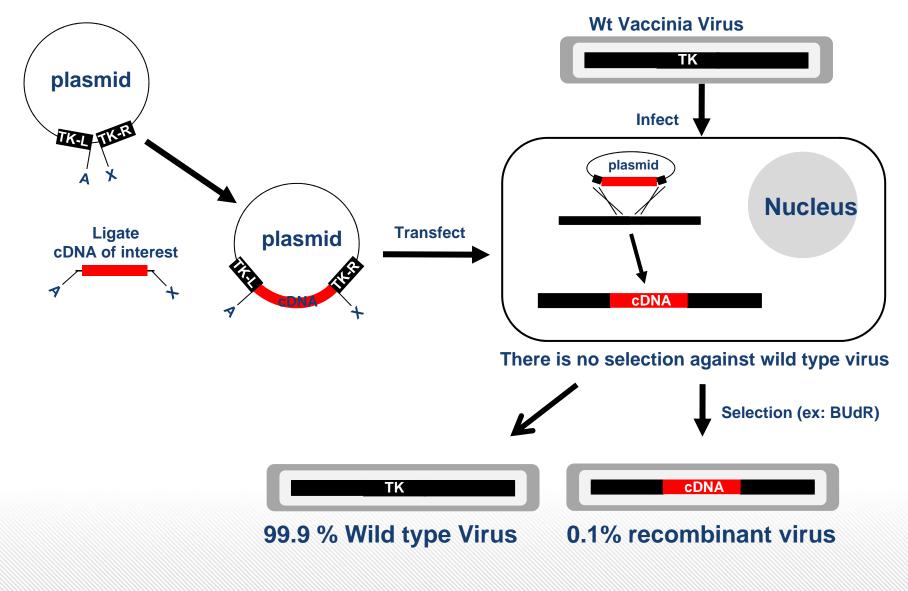
Vaccinia Virus

- Vaccinia virus infects most mammalian cells
- Recombinant proteins expressed by vaccinia virus infected cells undergo normal post-translational modifications and trafficking
- Very versatile mammalian expression vector, used for >20 years as a vector for basic scientific and vaccine research
- The conventional recombination technology allows for the introduction of *one defined gene* at a time into vaccinia virus
- This is sufficient for expression of a single gene product but does not enable functional cloning of unknown genes from a library

A New Technology was Needed to Enable More Efficient Creation of Recombinant Vaccinia Virus

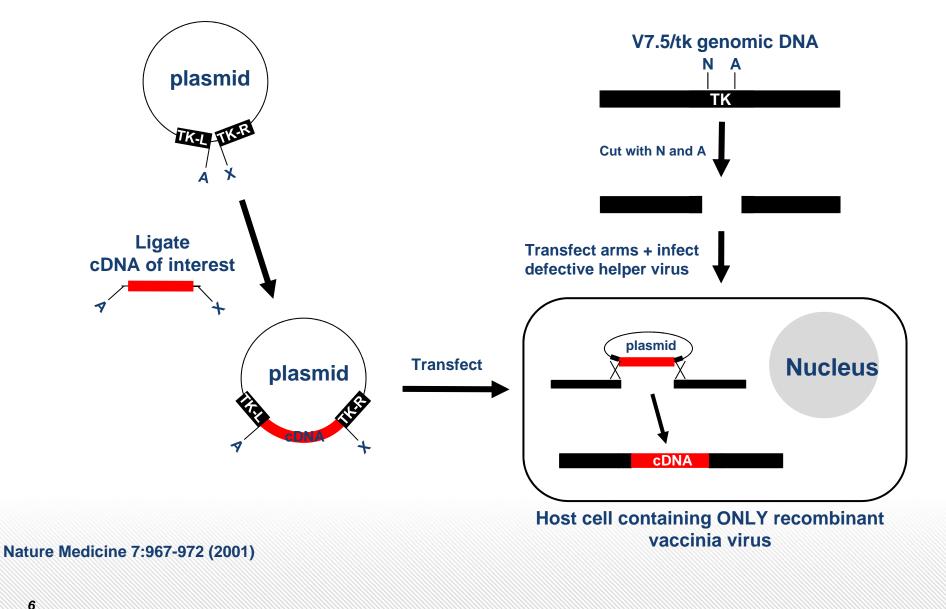
Standard Homologous Recombination





Strategy to Generate 100% Recombinant Vaccinia Virus







 \rightarrow Vaccinex has developed proprietary technology that allows for the creation of large and diverse cDNA libraries in a vaccinia virus-based vector.

- → Millions of different vaccinia recombinants in each library.
 - Nature Medicine 7:967-972 (2001)
- \rightarrow Technology for functional cloning in mammalian cells.
 - Efficient identification of immune target antigens
 - Selection of fully human monoclonal antibodies

Antibody Libraries Expressed in Mammalian Cells



We have developed a large library-based antibody discovery technology that can efficiently express and select fully functional IgG antibodies in mammalian cells

- Directly expresses complete, bivalent antibodies
- Separate heavy and light chain libraries
 - 10^7 Ig-H X 10^7 Ig-L = 10^{14} combinations
 - rapid initial screening of 10⁷ to 10⁸ combinations
 - Affinity improvement by sequential substitution of heavy and light chains
 - Allows for efficient conversion of mouse MAbs to fully human
- Expression of antibody libraries in secreted IgG format
 - Ig-H gamma I (no TM domain) + Ig-L = secreted MAb
 - Screen by ELISA (soluble antigen) or FMAT (cell surface antigen)
- Expression of antibody libraries on the surface of mammalian cells
 - Ig-H gamma I (with TM domain) + Ig-L = surface display
 - Isolate specific antibodies by MACS/FACS
 - Isolate specific antibodies following induction of apoptosis

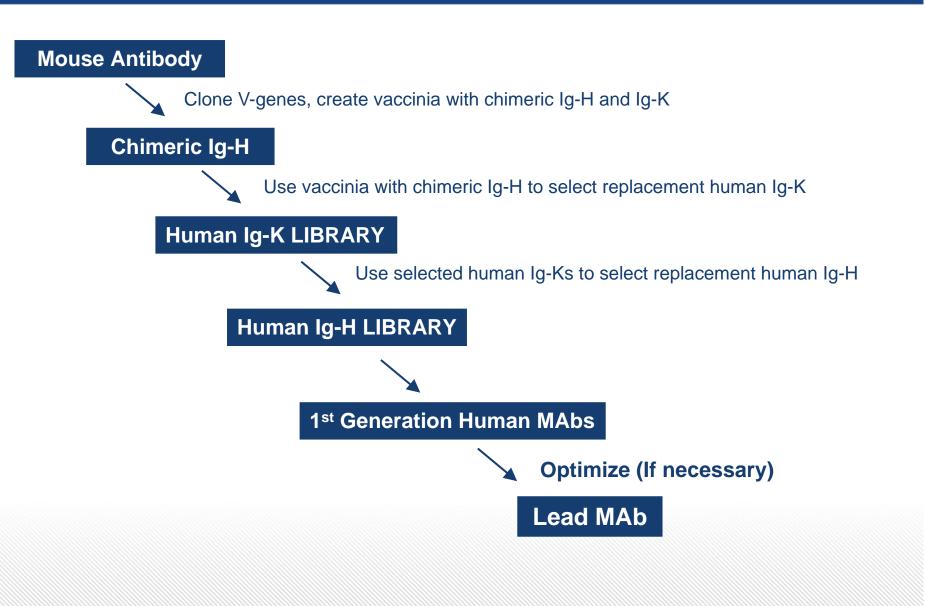
Vaccinex Antibody Selection Platforms



- 1. Conversion of Mouse MAb to Human MAb
 - Secreted Antibody Platform
 - Membrane Antibody Platform: Selection by Cell Sorting
- 2. de novo Antibody Selection
- 3. Affinity Improvement of Human Antibodies

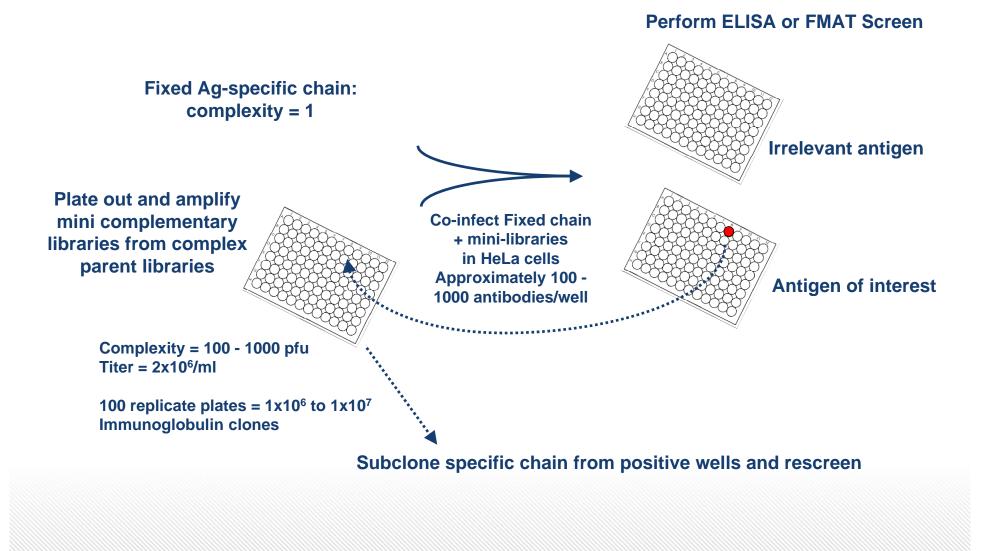
Conversion of Mouse MAb to Fully Human MAbs (Flow Chart)





Conversion of Mouse Mab to Human Antibody



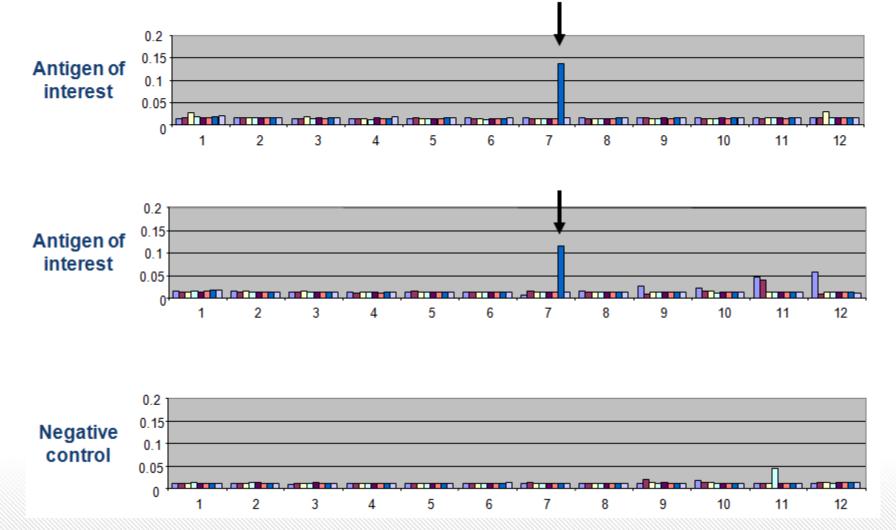


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Use Mouse Ig-H to Select Human Ig-K: Round 1





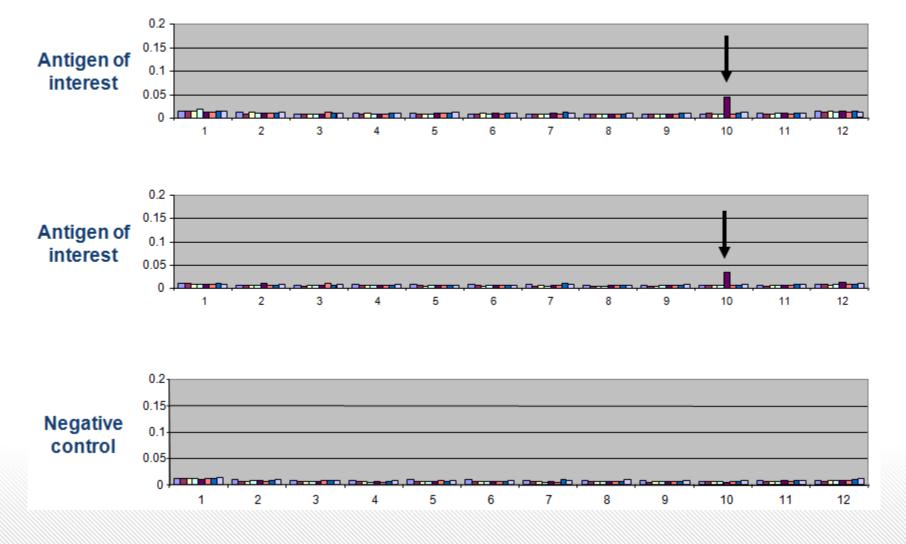


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Use Human Ig-K to Select Human Ig-H: Round 1



Round 1



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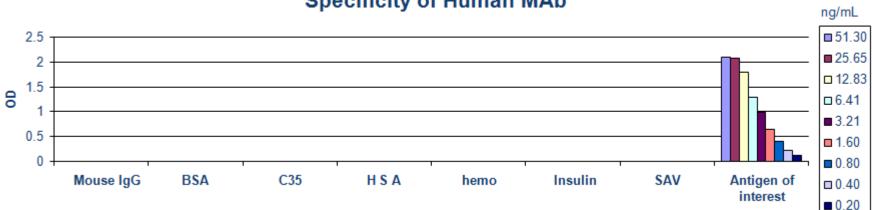
Expression and Characterization of Selected MAbs



- The V genes in the clonal Ig-Hγ chain and Ig-L chain vaccinia recombinants are cloned from vaccinia virus into mammalian expression plasmids.
- Monoclonal antibody is expressed as full length IgG1/Kappa by transfection of the plasmids into CHO cells. IgG is purified using Protein A, and each selected MAb is tested for specificity, affinity and function.
- As shown on the following slide, purified IgG was tested against an antigen of interest as well as a panel of control antigens.



The V Genes From Selected MAbs are Transferred into Mammalian Expression Vectors and expressed as soluble IgG



Specificity of Human MAb



A large panel of human antigen-specific MAbs were selected including the two leads MAb 2071 and MAb 2090:

MAb	Biacore affinity (nM)
Chimeric	0.08
MAb 2071	0.03
MAb 2090	0.03

Selected Antibodies compete with the mouse antibody for binding to the antigen of interest and demonstrate functional activity that is superior to that of the chimeric antibody

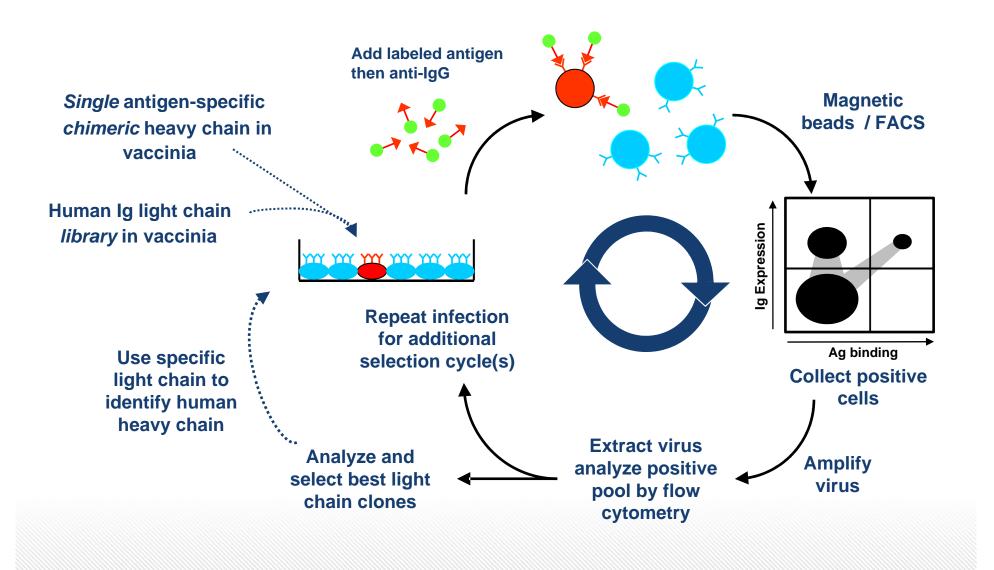
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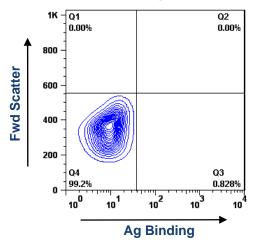
Vaccinex Antibody Platform Transformation of Mouse MAb to Human MAb





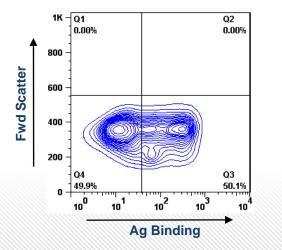
Transformation of Mouse MAb into Human MAbs





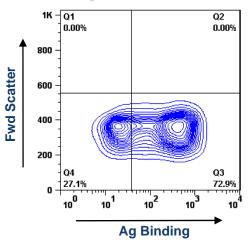
Wild Type

Chimeric Ig-H +Human Ig-L

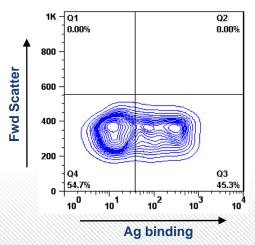




Chimeric Ig-H + Chimeric Ig-L



Human Ig-H + Human Ig-L



Relative affinity of fully human antibodies and chimeric MAb



- The Ig-H and Ig-L chain genes are cloned from recombinant vaccinia virus into mammalian expression plasmids. Antibody is produced as full length soluble IgG1/Kappa by transfection of the plasmids into CHO cells.
- IgG is purified using Protein A, and each selected MAb is tested for specificity, affinity and function.

MAb	Biacore affinity (nM)	
chimeric	0.05	
Human Mab 416	0.27	
Human Mab 926	0.15	All MAbs compete for binding to antigen with the original mouse MAb
Human Mab 1156	0.09	and demonstrate strong functional
Human Mab 1338	0.07	activity
Human Mab 1339	0.05	
Human Mab 1259	0.09	



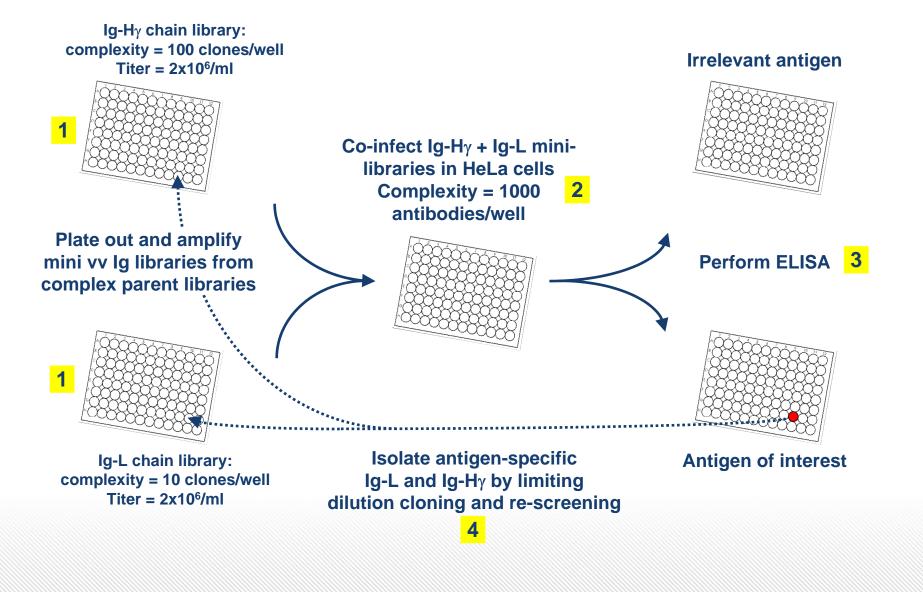


For the conversion of mouse MAbs into human MAbs, our library technology allows for:

- The selection of multiple candidate lead antibodies derived from distinct VH and VL germ line genes
 - → Multiple distinct Leads and backups
- Conservation of epitope specificity
- Affinity improvement from the original MAb
- Built in selection for good expression levels in mammalian cells

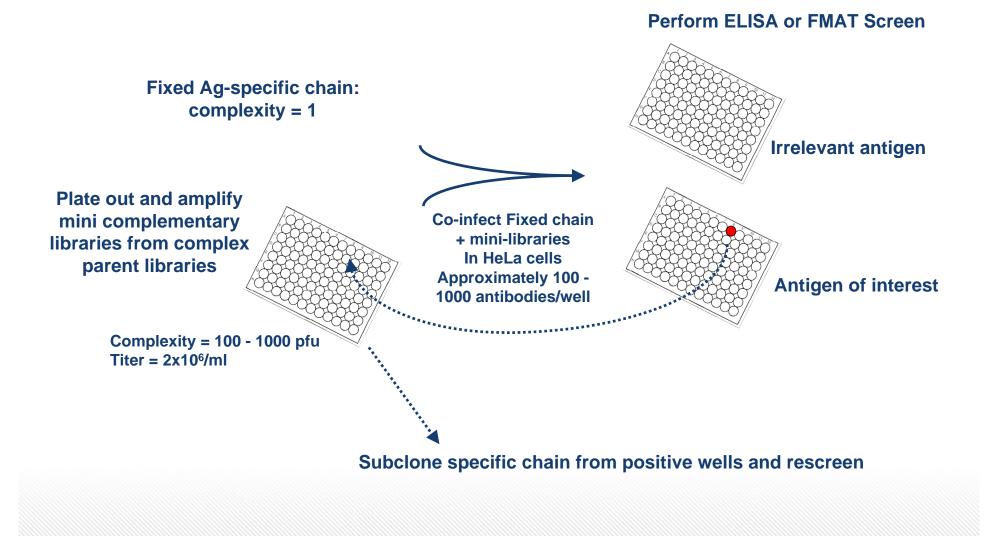
Screening for Human MAbs in Secreted IgG Format





Affinity Improvement





Affinity Improvement of Human MAbs by V-Gene Replacement



- The V genes from positive clones are isolated and cloned into mammalian expression plasmids. Antibody is produced as full length soluble IgG1/Kappa by transfection of the plasmids into CHO cells.
- IgG is purified using Protein A, and each selected MAb is tested for specificity, affinity and function

Antibody	Biacore affinity (nM)
Parental	40
Replacement #1	27
Replacement #2	6
Replacement #3	4

Summary of Selected Projects



Approximate number of **Primary MAbs selected** Project Selection type "**A**" 10 De novo "**B**" 60 mouse to human "X" 10 mouse to human """ 20 De novo "P" 20 De novo IL6 60 mouse to human **C35** De novo and mouse to human 90 VX5 60 mouse to human **VX70** 20 mouse to human 30 **VX90** mouse to human





Development of New Antibody Selection Strategies



Because of their size, the throughput of MACS/FACS with mammalian cells is still lower than what can be achieved with yeast or Phage

Employ hybrid receptors whose signaling results in the induction of apoptosis and loss of cell adherence (recombinant virus can be recovered from floating apoptotic cells)

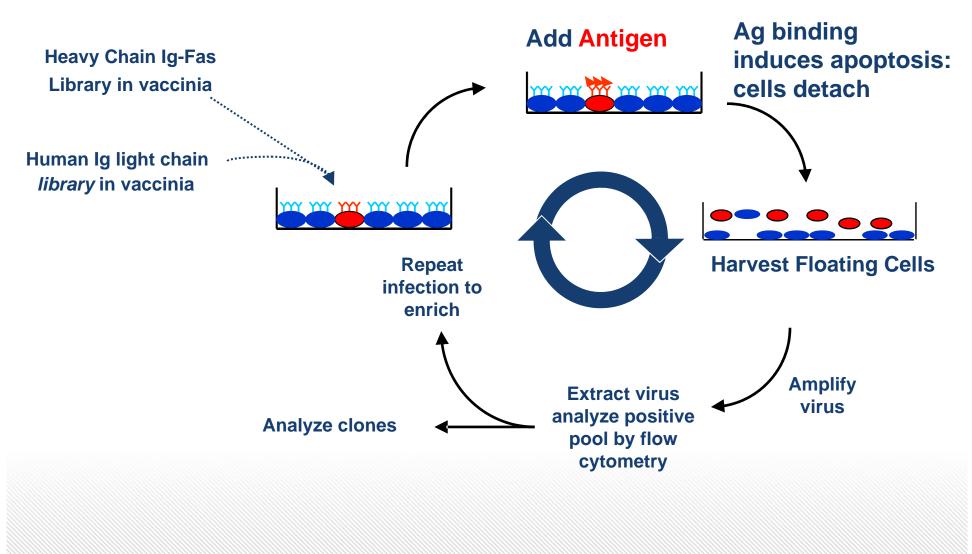
- Candidate: Fas
 - \rightarrow Anti-Fas antibody induce apoptosis
- Create Ig-Fas Chimeric molecules (ECD = Ig; ICD = Fas DD):
 - → Infect Hela in monolayer
 - \rightarrow Add Ag
 - → Harvest apoptotic cells (floaters) after overnight incubation

Advantages:

- Selection system
- No FACS/Beads needed, so throughput is very large

Selection of Human MAbs using Hybrid Ig-Fas Receptor Libraries





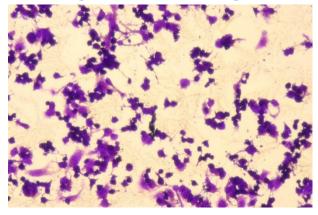


- → Confluent monolayers of HeLa cells were infected at moi = 1 each of Ig-Fas and Ig-L
 - Antigen specific and control Ig-Fas used
- \rightarrow 6 hours after infection, Antigen is added
- \rightarrow Cells allowed to detach for 24 hours
- → Supernatant was harvested, the wells were washed two times with PBS
- → Remaining cells were stained with crystal Violet
 - Take Pictures
 - Solubilize with Acetic Acid and read OD570

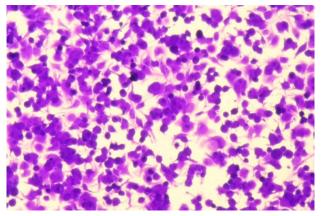
Ig-Fas Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Mediates Antigen-Dependent Cell Detachment



Antigen Specific Ig-Fas



Control Ig-Fas



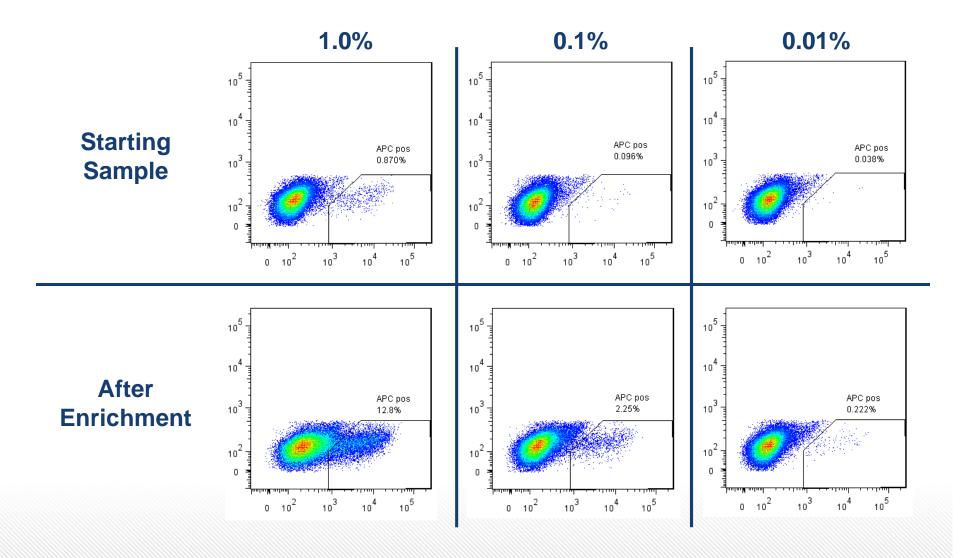
Cells remaining after detachment



- → Confluent monolayers of HeLa cells were infected at moi = 1 with antigen specific Ig-Fas and co-infected with admixtures of Ig-L virus
 - 1.0% Antigen specific Ig-L + 99% Control Ig-L
 - 0.1% Antigen specific Ig-L + 99.9% Control Ig-L
 - 0.01% Antigen specific Ig-L + 99.99% Control Ig-L
- \rightarrow 6 hours after infection, Antigen was added
- \rightarrow Cells allowed to detach for 24 hours
- \rightarrow Harvest Floating cells, extract and amplify virus
- \rightarrow Use this virus for a second round of enrichment.
- → After the second round, take the virus and test for enrichment by staining for Antigen specific binders by flow cytometry.

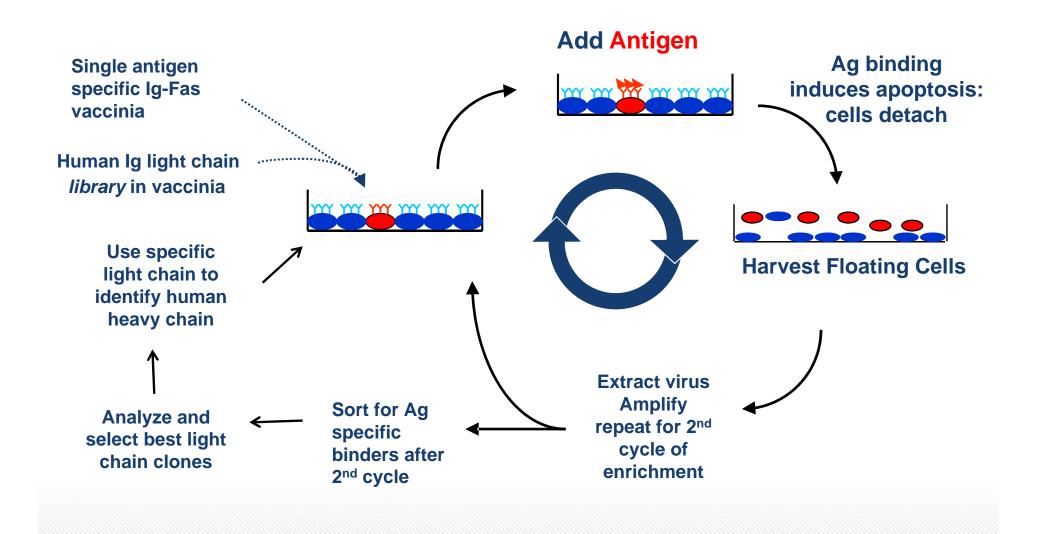
Enrichment for Antigen specific Ig-L





Transformation of Mouse MAb to Human MAb Using Ig-Fas Hybrid Libraries

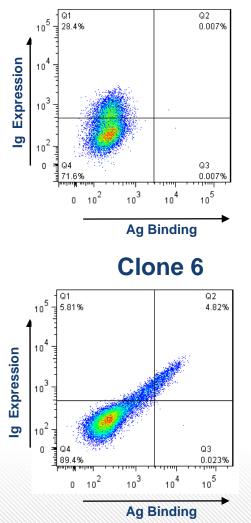




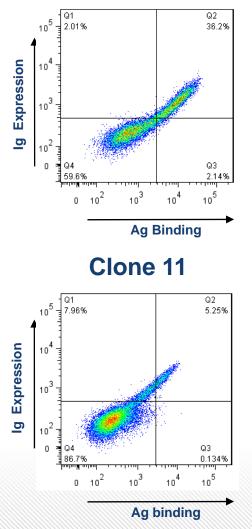
Transformation of Mouse MAb into Human MAbs



Control Ig-Fas



Antigen Specific Control Ig-Fas



ActivMAb Competitive Advantages



Challenge	Vaccinex Technology Advantage
Conversion of Non-human Antibodies to Fully Human and Affinity Improvement of Existing Human Antibodies	 Selection of antibodies with conserved epitope specificity and similar or even improved affinity and functional activity. Selection of multiple antibodies derived from distinct VH and VL germ line genes with different biochemical properties.
Manufacturing	Intrinsic selection for high expression in mammalian cell lines, easily adaptable to manufacturing.
<i>De novo</i> Antibody Selection	 Broader target range than mouse-based platforms Very Large Throughput
Re-engineering	Vaccinex expresses complete MAbs that do not require re- engineering into IgG format.