

JUNE 26, 2009

TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS,

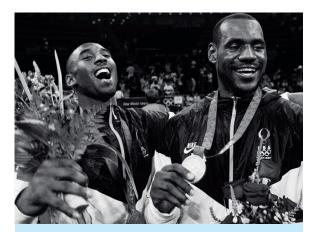
Fiscal year 2009 is in the books. Over the last 12 months we had some big wins and equally big challenges. It's tempting to offer a long list, but instead I'll focus on three things that capture the scope and variety of what we do around here. Let's start with the biggest win of all – Beijing.

For three years we worked with athletes all over the world to design new products for every competitive event. We created new technologies like Flywire and LunarFoam that continue to drive product innovation. We turned the Hyperdunk basketball shoe into one of the highest profile and most dramatic shoes in Olympic history. For two weeks in August we watched our products and athletes from all over the world compete and win on the biggest stage in sports. It was a great moment for Nike and for sports.

If there were any lingering doubts that China should be considered an emerging market, the Olympics responded with a thunderous "No!" China is not an emerging market. It is an emerged market that combines power and potential critical to the future of any global company.

We sold our first shoes in China in 1984 when we placed 200 pairs in a 50-square-foot shop called *The Friendship Store* in Beijing. They sold out in 11 days. Today, nearly a year after the closing ceremony in the Bird's Nest, the appetite for Nike products and athletes continues to grow. The brand is known and, more importantly, understood among many of the 500 million Chinese consumers under 25 years old. That's a billion feet that we're going after just as fast as we can.

Another big win came in October when the Nike Foundation launched the Girl Effect. In simple terms, it leverages the power that adolescent girls have to bring financial and social stability to the developing



Kobe Bryant and LeBron James celebrate gold at the Beijing Olympic Games.

world. The response has been tremendous, not only with global leaders but more importantly on the ground in Liberia and other developing countries. I think it's the most innovative solution yet to help break the cycle of inter-generational poverty around the world. And it's just one example of the leadership Nike continues to show in corporate responsibility.

We're equally committed to leading our industry in climate change and sustainability. We're entering a new era of open-source collaboration that commits to sharing intellectual and patent property. It's the kind of behavioral change that can help lower carbon emissions, reduce waste, and close the loop on the resources required by product manufacturing.

FISCAL 2009 1/5

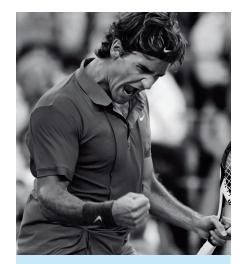


We also undertook the most ambitious reorganization in the history of the company, which resulted in a significant charge associated with a reduction in force of more than 1,750 of our friends and teammates. We did it for all the right reasons – to build a leaner and stronger company, reduce costs and better leverage our resources against the greatest growth opportunities. It was a tough decision but the right decision. I wish I could say that made the layoffs easier for everybody. It didn't.

As for challenges, the biggest one was the global economy, and we'll continue to manage through it during fiscal year 2010. I think we can expect consumers and investors to remain cautious while economies reset around the world.

Despite these economic challenges, Nike delivered a solid year:

- We generated \$19.2 billion in revenue up 3 percent year over year.
- Earnings per share declined 19 percent for the year. Excluding non-comparable items earnings per share would have been up 10 percent.
- The Nike brand generated \$16.7 billion in revenue, another record performance, as footwear sales topped \$10 billion and apparel sales topped \$5 billion. Sales for the Jordan Brand exceeded \$1 billion.
- Converse and Hurley delivered record revenues as those brands continue to resonate with consumers in the U.S. and around the world. And while Cole Haan and Nike Golf faced very tough conditions in their market sectors, they continue to deliver innovative products and consumer experiences.



With his 2009 French open victory Roger Federer ties Pete Sampras for the most major tiles at 14.

In FY09, we completed our first full year with Umbro as part of our portfolio. Financially, the business performed slightly better than we expected. Nevertheless, Umbro was significantly affected by the decline in global consumer and financial markets, reducing the value of our investment, which required us to take a charge for impairment of those assets. While we're certainly disappointed in that result, we continue to view Umbro as a vehicle for long-term growth within the Nike portfolio.

On balance, we had a challenging year that we managed through with conviction and optimism. For many companies, success over the past 12 months was defined as simply surviving. As we've said in the past, we intend to do more than just survive. We plan to emerge from this downturn competitively stronger. We will do this by delivering appropriate financial performance while positioning Nike for sustainable, profitable growth over the long term. That means we'll continue to do the things that keep us healthy and opportunistic:

FISCAL 2009 2/5



- Deliver compelling product,
- Maintain the integrity of our brands while building even stronger relationships with consumers
- Strengthen and leverage our operational capability, and
- Create compelling retail experiences both in our owned retail and with wholesale partners.

We remain laser-focused on the highest potential opportunities:

- Seven key markets Brazil, China, India, Japan, U.K., U.S. and Russia.
- Seven key performance and lifestyle categories action sports, basketball, football, running, men's training, women's training, and sportswear.

B

Barcelona dominates Manchester United in its 2008 Champions League title.

The category focus helps us connect in really meaningful ways with consumers. Overlay these consumer insights across our

key markets and you get a very clear picture of what it takes to deliver relevant products and drive growth into the marketplace. That's our growth strategy. Our job is to do that better than anyone else. And I certainly wouldn't bet against us.

While we see glimmers of economic recovery, we still have a challenging road ahead. We are well positioned for the future, with our fundamentals as strong as they've ever been – deep consumer connections, innovative and compelling product, powerful brands, operational excellence, and a strong balance sheet. We're moving forward with confidence in hand and opportunity in mind.

Thanks,

Mark Parker

President and Chief Executive Officer

NIKE, Inc.

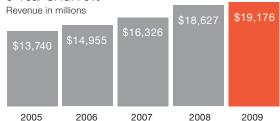
FISCAL 2009 3/5



2009 SELECTED FINANCIALS

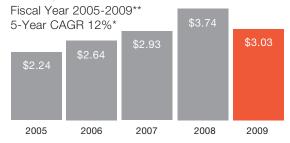
NIKE, Inc. Revenue Performance

Fiscal Year 2005-2009 5-Year CAGR 9%*



* 5-Year Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) based on Fiscal Year 2004 Revenue of \$12,253 million

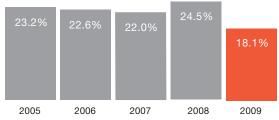
NIKE, Inc. EPS Performance***



- * 5-Year Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) based on Fiscal Year 2004 diluted FPS of \$1.75
- ** EPS amounts prior to Fiscal Year 2007 have been restated to reflect the two for one stock split that occurred in April 2007
- *** Reported EPS amounts include certain non-recurring expenses and benefits, such as impairment and restructuring charges, tax settlements and other items. To see comparable annual EPS amounts, please refer to our prior press releases and SEC filings

NIKE, Inc. Return on **Invested Capital***

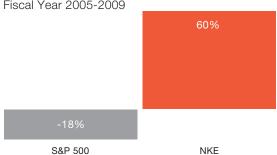
Fiscal Year 2005-2009



* Return on Invested Capital calculation available in the financials section of our Investor Relations website, www.nikebiz.com/investors

Five-Year NIKE, Inc. Stock Performance vs. S&P 500*

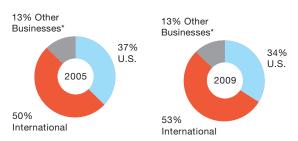
Fiscal Year 2005-2009



* Performance of the S&P 500 and NIKE stock is calculated by comparing the relative price of each as of 5/29/2009 to 5/28/2004, amounts do not take into consideration reinvestments of dividends.

NIKE, Inc. Revenue Distribution

Fiscal Year 2005 vs. 2009



* The segment labeled "Other Businesses" for Fiscal 2005 represents revenues from Cole Haan, Converse Inc., Exeter Brands Group LLC, Hurley International LLC, Bauer Hockey Inc. and NIKE Golf. Fiscal 2009 includes revenues for Cole Haan, Converse Inc., Hurley International LLC, NIKE Golf and Umbro Ltd. Bauer Hockey Inc. and Exeter Brands Group LLC are not included in Fiscal 2009 as Bauer Hockey and the Starter Brand were sold in Fiscal 2008.

FISCAL 2009 4/5



SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

NIKE, Inc. common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol 'NKE.' Copies of the Company's Form 10-K and Form 10-Q reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission are available from the Company without charge. To request a copy, please call 800-640-8007 or write to NIKE's Investor Relations Department at:

NIKE World Headquarters One Bowerman Drive Beaverton, Oregon 97005-6453

Quarterly dividends on NIKE common stock, when declared by the Board of Directors, are paid on or about July 5, October 5, January 5, and April 5. Financial information is also available at www.nikebiz.com/investors.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

PriceWaterhouseCoopers LLP 1300 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3100 Portland, Oregon 97201

REGISTRAR AND STOCK TRANSFER AGENT

Communications concerning shareholder address changes, stock transfers, changes of ownership, lost stock certificates, payment of dividends, dividend check replacements, duplicate mailings, or other account services should be directed to the Company's Registrar and Stock Transfer Agent at the following address:

Computershare Trust Company N.A. P.O. Box 43078 Providence, RI 02940-3078 800-756-8200, Hearing Impaired: 800-952-9245 www.computershare.com

FISCAL 2009 5/5