# **Definitions of Non-GAAP Information and Reconciliation to Comparable GAAP Measures**

(See attached tables for 2007 and 2006 data; prior-period reconciliations available at www.cinfin.com/investors.)

Cincinnati Financial Corporation prepares its public financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Statutory data is prepared in accordance with statutory accounting rules as defined by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and therefore is not reconciled to GAAP data.

Management uses certain non-GAAP and non-statutory financial measures to evaluate its primary business areas – property casualty insurance, life insurance and investments – when analyzing both GAAP and certain non-GAAP measures may improve understanding of trends in the underlying business, helping avoid incorrect or misleading assumptions and conclusions about the success or failure of company strategies. Management adjustments to GAAP measures generally: apply to non-recurring events that are unrelated to business performance and distort short-term results; involve values that fluctuate based on events outside of management's control; or relate to accounting refinements that affect comparability between periods, creating a need to analyze data on the same basis.

- Operating income: Operating income is calculated by excluding net realized investment gains and losses (defined as realized investment gains and losses after applicable federal and state income taxes) from net income. Management evaluates operating income to measure the success of pricing, rate and underwriting strategies. While realized investment gains (or losses) are integral to the company's insurance operations over the long term, the determination to realize investment gains or losses in any period may be subject to management's discretion and is independent of the insurance underwriting process. Also, under applicable GAAP accounting requirements, gains and losses can be recognized from certain changes in market values of securities without actual realization. Management believes that the level of realized investment gains or losses for any particular period, while it may be material, may not fully indicate the performance of ongoing underlying business operations in that period.
  - For these reasons, many investors and shareholders consider operating income to be one of the more meaningful measures for evaluating insurance company performance. Equity analysts who report on the insurance industry and the company generally focus on this metric in their analyses. The company presents operating income so that all investors have what management believes to be a useful supplement to GAAP information.
- Statutory accounting rules: For public reporting, insurance companies prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP. However, insurers also must calculate certain data according to statutory accounting rules as defined in the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, which may be, and has been, modified by various state insurance departments. Statutory data is publicly available, and various organizations use it to calculate aggregate industry data, study industry trends and compare insurance companies.
- Written premium: Under statutory accounting rules, property casualty written premium is the amount recorded for policies issued and recognized on an annualized basis at the effective date of the policy. Management analyzes trends in written premium to assess business efforts. Earned premium, used in both statutory and GAAP accounting, is calculated ratably over the policy term. The difference between written and earned premium is unearned premium.
- Written premium adjustment statutory basis only: In 2002, the company refined its estimation process for matching property casualty written premiums to policy effective dates, which added \$117 million to 2002 written premiums. To better assess ongoing business trends, management may exclude this adjustment when analyzing trends in written premiums and statutory ratios that make use of written premiums.

## Cincinnati Financial Corporation Quarterly Net Income Reconciliation

(In millions except per share data)					Three month	Six m	onths ei	nded	Nine mo	nths ended	Tw	Twelve months end					
	12	/31/07	9/30/07	6/30/07	3/31/07	12/31/06	9/30/06	6/30/06	3/31/06	6/30/0	7 6/	/30/06	9/30/07	9/30/06	12/3	31/07	12/31/06
Net income	\$	187 \$	124 \$	351 \$	194 \$	130 \$	115 \$	132 \$	552	\$ 5	45 \$	684	\$ 669	\$ 800	\$	855 \$	930
Net realized investment gains and losses		8	10	187	41	8	-	6	421	2	28	426	238	427	,	245	434
Operating income		179	114	164	153	122	115	126	131	3	17	258	431	373	3	610	496
Less catastrophe losses		1		(7)	(2)	(29)	(18)	(41)	(26)		(9)	(67)	(18	(85	5)	(17)	(113)
Operating income before catastrophe losses	\$	178 \$	123 \$	171	\$ 155	151	133 \$	167	157	\$ 3	26 \$	325	\$ 449	\$ 458	\$	627 \$	609
Diluted per share data																	
Net income	\$	1.11	0.72	\$ 2.02	\$ 1.11 \$	0.75	0.66 \$	0.76	3.13	\$ 3.	13 \$	3.90	\$ 3.86	\$ 4.56	\$	4.97 \$	5.30
Net realized investment gains and losses		0.04	0.06	1.08	0.23	0.05	-	0.04	2.39	1.	31	2.43	1.37	2.43	3	1.43	2.48
Operating income		1.07	0.66	0.94	0.88	0.70	0.66	0.72	0.74	1.	82	1.47	2.49	2.13	3	3.54	2.82
Less catastrophe losses		0.01	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.16)	(0.10)	(0.24)	(0.14)	(0.	05)	(0.38)	(0.10	(0.48	3)	(0.10)	(0.65)
Operating income before catastrophe losses	\$	1.06 \$	0.71	0.98	\$ 0.89	0.86	0.76 \$	0.96	0.88	\$ 1.	87 \$	1.85	\$ 2.59	\$ 2.61	\$	3.64 \$	3.47

Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding. Ratios are calculated based on whole dollar amounts. The sum of quarterly amounts may not equal the full year as each is computed independently.

## Cincinnati Insurance Group Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Consolidated

(Dollars in millions)		Three months ended Six months ended Nine months ended												ended	Т	welve m	onth	s ended									
	1	2/31/07	(	9/30/07	6/	30/07	3	3/31/07	12	2/31/06	9	/30/06	6	6/30/06		3/31/06	6/30/07		6/30/06	!	9/30/07		9/30/06	1:	2/31/07		12/31/06
Premiums																											
Adjusted written premiums (statutory) Written premium adjustment –	\$	749	\$	779	\$	808	\$	811	\$	785	\$	787	\$	804	\$	796	\$ 1,619	\$	1,600	\$	2,398	\$	2,387	\$	3,149	\$	3,172
statutory only		(25)		(43)		2		35		(30)		(7)		10		33	37		43		(6)		36		(32)	)	6
Reported written premiums (statutory)*	\$	724	\$	736	\$	810	\$	846	\$	755	\$	780	\$	814	\$	829	\$ 1,656	\$	1,643	\$	2,392	\$	2,423	\$	3,117	\$	3,178
Unearned premiums change		53		41		(23)		(61)		47		11		(21)		(51)	(85)		(72)		(44)		(61)		8		(14)
Earned premiums	\$	777	\$	777	\$	787	\$	785	\$	802	\$	791	\$	793	\$	778	\$ 1,571	\$	1,571	\$	2,348	\$	2,362	\$	3,125	\$	3,164
Statutory combined ratio																											
Statutory combined ratio		87.8	%	98.7	%	87.7	%	87.7 9	%	95.9 9	%	96.4	%	93.7 %	%	89.6 %	87.7 %	%	91.7 %		91.3 %	%	93.2 %		90.3	%	93.9 %
Less catastrophe losses		(0.3)		1.7		1.4		0.4		5.5		3.5		8.0		5.0	0.9		6.5		1.2		5.5		0.8		5.5
Statutory combined ratio																											
excluding catastrophe losses		88.1	%	97.0	%	86.3	%	87.3 9	%	90.4 %	%	92.9	%	85.7 %	%	84.6 %	86.8 %	%	85.2 %		90.1 %	%	87.7 %		89.5	%	88.4 %
Commission expense ratio		23.1	%	18.1	%	18.1	%	18.0 %	%	19.9 9	6	19.3	%	17.6 %	%	18.2 %	18.0 %	%	17.9 %		18.0 %	%	18.3 %		19.2	%	18.7 %
Other expense ratio		13.9		13.2		11.7		11.4		13.4		11.9		10.8		10.8	11.6		10.8		12.1		11.2		12.5		11.7
Statutory expense ratio		37.0	%	31.3	%	29.8	%	29.4 %	%	33.3 %	6	31.2	%	28.4 %	%	29.0 %	29.6 %	%	28.7 %		30.1 %	%	29.5 %		31.7	%	30.4 %
GAAP combined ratio																											
GAAP combined ratio		85.6	%	97.3	%	88.6	%	89.6 9	%	94.5 %	<b>%</b>	96.1	%	94.5 %	<b>%</b>	92.0 %	89.1 %	%	93.3 %		91.8 %	%	94.2 %		90.3	%	94.3 %

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\*nm - Not meaningful

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#### Cincinnati Insurance Group Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Commercial Lines

(Dollars in millions)		Three months ended																Six month	s ended	Nine mont	ihs	ended		ended		
	1	12/31/07		9/30/07		6/30/07		3/31/07		12/31/06		9/30/06		6/30/06		3/31/06		6/30/07	6/30/06	9/30/07	9/30/06		1	12/31/07		12/31/06
Premiums																										
Adjusted written premiums (statutory)	\$	586	\$	587	\$	611	\$	658	\$	618	\$	589	\$	593	\$	635	\$	1,269 \$	1,228	\$ 1,857	\$	1,817	\$	2,444	\$	2,435
Written premium adjustment																										
statutory only		(24)		(43)		2		35		(29)		(7)		10		33		37	43	(6)		36		(31)		7
Reported written premiums (statutory)*	\$	562	\$	544	\$	613	\$	693	\$	589	\$	582	\$	603	\$	668	\$	1,306 \$	1,271	\$ 1,851	\$	1,853	\$	2,413	\$	2,442
Unearned premiums change		39		56		(6)		(89)		30		20		(4)		(86)		(96)	(90)	(41)		(70)		(2)		(40)
Earned premiums	\$	601	\$	600	\$	607	\$	604	\$	619	\$	602	\$	599	\$	582	\$	1,210 \$	1,181	\$ 1,810	\$	1,783	\$	2,411	\$	2,402
Statutory combined ratio																										
Statutory combined ratio		89.7	%	97.3	%	84.4 %	6	86.5	%	92.4 %	6	94.1 %	%	89.6 %	, o	87.5 %		85.4 %	88.6 %	89.2 %	3	90.3 %	,	89.2	%	90.8 %
Less catastrophe losses		-		0.2		0.8		1.8		1.9		2.3		5.6		5.1		1.3	5.3	0.9		4.3		0.6		3.7
Statutory combined ratio																										
excluding catastrophe losses		89.7	%	97.1	%	83.6 %	6	84.7	%	90.5 %	6	91.8 %	%	84.0 %	, )	82.4 %		84.1 %	83.3 %	88.3 %	,	86.0 %	,	88.6	%	87.1 %
GAAP combined ratio																										
GAAP combined ratio		87.3	%	95.4	%	85.2 %	6	88.9	%	91.1 9	6	93.4 %	%	90.3 %		90.5 %		87.0 %	90.4 %	89.8 %	3	91.4 %	,	89.2	%	91.3 %

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### Cincinnati Insurance Group Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Personal Lines

(Dollars in millions)							Th	ree mon	nths er	nded								Six mon	ths e	ended	Nine mor	nths	ended		Twelve mo	onths	ended
	1	12/31/07		9/30/07 6		6/30/07 3/31		3/31/07	31/07 12/31/06		9/30/06		6	6/30/06		3/31/06		6/30/07	6/30/06		9/30/07	9/30/06		1	2/31/07		12/31/06
Premiums																											
Adjusted written premiums (statutory) Written premium adjustment	\$	163	\$	192	\$	197	\$	153	\$	167	\$	198	\$	211	\$	161	\$	350	\$	372	\$ 541	\$	570	\$	705	\$	737
statutory only		(1)		-		-		-		(1)		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		(1)		(1)
Reported written premiums (statutory)*	\$	162	\$	192	\$	197	\$	153	\$	166	\$	198	\$	211	\$	161	\$	350	\$	372	\$ 541	\$	570	\$	704	\$	736
Unearned premiums change		14		(15)		(17)		28		17		(9)		(17)		35		11		18	(3)		9		10		26
Earned premiums	\$	176	\$	177	\$	180	\$	181	\$	183	\$	189	\$	194	\$	196	\$	361	\$	390	\$ 538	\$	579	\$	714	\$	762
Statutory combined ratio																											
Statutory combined ratio		81.4	%	103.6 %	%	98.6	%	93.5	%	107.7 9	%	104.0 %	%	106.4	%	98.1 %	5	95.8 %	6	101.6 %	98.3 %	6	102.3 %	,	94.1 %	6	103.6 %
Less catastrophe losses		(1.0)		7.0		3.5		(4.1)		17.9		7.1		15.6		5.0		(0.3)		10.3	2.1		9.2		1.3		11.3
Statutory combined ratio excluding catastrophe losses		82.4	0/-	96.6 %	0/_	95.1	%	97.6	0/_	89.8 %	V-	96.9 %	V-	90.8	0/_	93.1 %		96.1 %	/_	91.3 %	96.2 %	/-	93.1 %		92.8 %	<i>/</i> -	92.3 %
exoluting catability in 100000		02.4	/0	30.0 /	70	55.1	70	37.0	70	00.0 /	70	30.5 /	70	30.0	/0	33.1 /	1	30.1 /	U	31.3 /0	30.2 /		33.1 /0	<b>'</b>	32.0 /		32.3 /
GAAP combined ratio																											
GAAP combined ratio		79.7	%	103.8 %	%	99.9	%	92.0	%	106.0 %	%	104.4 %	%	107.6	%	96.4 %	5	96.0 %	6	102.0 %	98.6 %	6	102.8 %	,	93.9 %	6	103.6 %

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