

anticipate



$$\tilde{K}_x(\tau) = \frac{\sigma_x^2 b^2 \sqrt{2\pi}}{2\sqrt{a^2 + 2\alpha^2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{2\alpha^2}{2} (t_1^2 + t_2^2) + t_2^2\right\} \sum_{j=1}^n [x(t_j) - \tilde{x}^2] \Phi\left[\frac{2\alpha^2 t}{\sqrt{a^2 + 2\alpha^2}}\right]$$



advantage

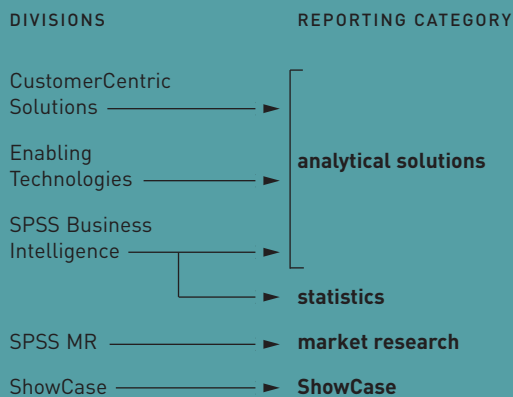
Advantage from insight.

SPSS has been instrumental in defining and shaping the landscape of predictive analytics for more than 30 years. From our roots as an innovative developer of statistical analysis technologies, we have grown to become an industry leader in comprehensive predictive analytical solutions. Our rich heritage of innovation has positioned customers worldwide to anticipate problems and opportunities — empowering them with the insight to manage the future. Backed by the knowledge, experience and resources which have led to our success, we will continue to pioneer new technologies and solutions for a growing global analytics marketplace. Building on the past in anticipation of the future.

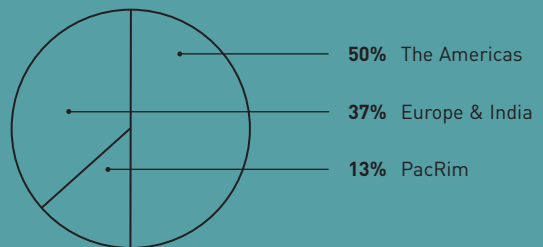
We are SPSS. We are predictive analytics.

Built on a tradition of technology development and product innovation, SPSS continues to deliver an extensive breadth and depth of experience in predictive analytics. Our solutions provide businesses, government agencies and academic institutions with the knowledge to bridge the gap between data and insight. Our technology empowers decision-makers to implement continuous improvement programs in support of improved operating efficiencies and increased profitability. We combine analytic expertise with a knowledge of analytical applications to deliver measurable results to customers worldwide. As the challenges of a dynamic global marketplace create the demand for more sophisticated predictive analytical solutions, SPSS will continue to develop the solutions that deliver an advantage.

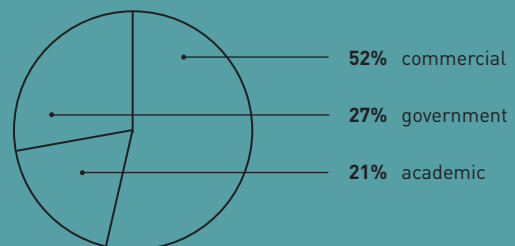
Revenue by category:



Revenue by region:



Revenue by industry sector:



[analytics: defined]

da ta- pl.n. 1. factual information, measurements
2. input used as a basis for reasoning, discussion or analysis

a nal y sis- n. 1. a separation of the whole into its component parts 2. an evaluation of the relationship between defined elements

an tic i pate- v. 1. to foresee and provide for beforehand
2. to look forward to 3. to act in advance so as to prevent

Data — every enterprise collects, compiles and stores it. It comes from internal processes and external transactions, competitors and collaborators; and it will continue to grow exponentially. Without analysis, however, data remain static. To become dynamic, to uncover information that provides insight and creates advantage, data must be analyzed. Predictive analytics, therefore, has emerged as the essential methodology for bridging the gap between data and action. SPSS delivers a breadth and depth of analytical technology and expertise that defines the current state of our industry. We continue to build on a tradition of innovation that will continue to shape the future of analytics.

We are leaders. Our heritage is grounded in innovation and we continue to define new approaches in predictive analytical solutions. SPSS was at the forefront of analytical technology development as the growth of Internet access fostered the transition to a global information economy. Breakthrough innovations for analysis of Web-based transaction and research data were driven by SPSS thought leaders with the vision to foresee the rich opportunities for tapping the potential of the Internet.

SPSS Inc. has offices in more than 50 countries.



The five largest newspapers in the United States use SPSS Inc. products.

95% of the Fortune 100 companies are our customers.

Of the Fortune 500, our customers include the top 10 pharmaceutical, telecommunications and consumer products companies, as well as the top five commercial banks and household products companies.

SPSS combines innovative technology development with strategic acquisitions to build and expand our leadership position. We are positioned to continue this tradition in emerging markets. Our network of international offices reinforces our status as a leading analytical solutions provider worldwide.

We are innovation. Our breadth and depth of analytical expertise in data mining and statistical analysis sets us apart from others who claim leadership in analytical solutions. SPSS continues to enhance its award-winning products, whether they provide simple reporting or sophisticated predictive capabilities, bringing added value to our customers.

Our predictive technology, which includes data mining and real-time personalization, takes users beyond the historical view of the business to an actionable view of the future, offering a true competitive advantage. Data mining is a powerful tool enabling organizations to search vast amounts of data and combine it with business knowledge to create this advantage.

Real-time personalization takes the results of data mining and applies them in real time to every point of customer interaction, including Web sites, retail stores, call centers and direct mail. SPSS continues to develop technology that gives organizations the ability to offer recommendations based on data derived from actual customer behavior resulting in increased revenue.

We are focused on growth. Our reputation as an innovator of analytical solutions has enabled us to grow through acquisition. SPSS has a history of successful acquisitions resulting in an extensive set of analytical technology. In 2001, SPSS not only grew, but also expanded its sales channel with the acquisition of ShowCase Corporation, a leading provider of enterprise intelligence solutions for the IBM eServer iSeries™ (AS/400®). This move opened new opportunities for analytical solutions in the growing middle-market.

The acquisition of NetGenesis Corp. enhanced the CustomerCentric Solutions offering by creating the first enterprise analytical Customer Relationship Management solution providing the best of online and offline data analysis with a broad range of predictive analytics in one comprehensive offering, from one organization.

Award-winning data mining workbench, Clementine, is available in seven languages — English, Japanese, Korean, French, German, Spanish and Italian.

Our installed customer base is more than 200,000.

A partial customer list:

ABBOTT LABORATORIES	HALLMARK CARDS INTERNATIONAL
AC NIELSEN	GENERAL ELECTRIC
BBC NEWS	PFIZER INC.
BP	PROCTER & GAMBLE
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY	RESEARCH INTERNATIONAL
DEUTSCHE BANK	SE JOHNSON COMPANIES INC.
EXXON MOBIL CANADA	SONY MUSIC ENTERTAINMENT
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC.
FIDELITY INVESTMENTS	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO HOSPITALS
THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION	VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS

While SPSS will be alert to new opportunities for acquisitions and alliances as we move forward, our primary competitive strength has always been the knowledge and experience of our team. Delivering unexpected solutions. Leveraging new technologies. Identifying new market opportunities. The intellectual capital represented by our employees is the company's most valued asset, and fuels the engine of innovation with insights that will continue to drive our growth.

We provide an advantage. With operating divisions organized around a core expertise in analytical technology and strong collaborative relationships with partners, SPSS has both the resources and the agility to develop solutions that deliver results.

Through a strategic alliance with America Online, Inc.'s subsidiary, Digital Marketing Services, SPSS MR offers researchers a one-stop shop for data collection, analysis, reporting tools and respondents needed to conduct effective online customer market research. These respondents come from the online industry's largest portal for reliable survey research respondents, America Online, Inc.'s Opinion Place.

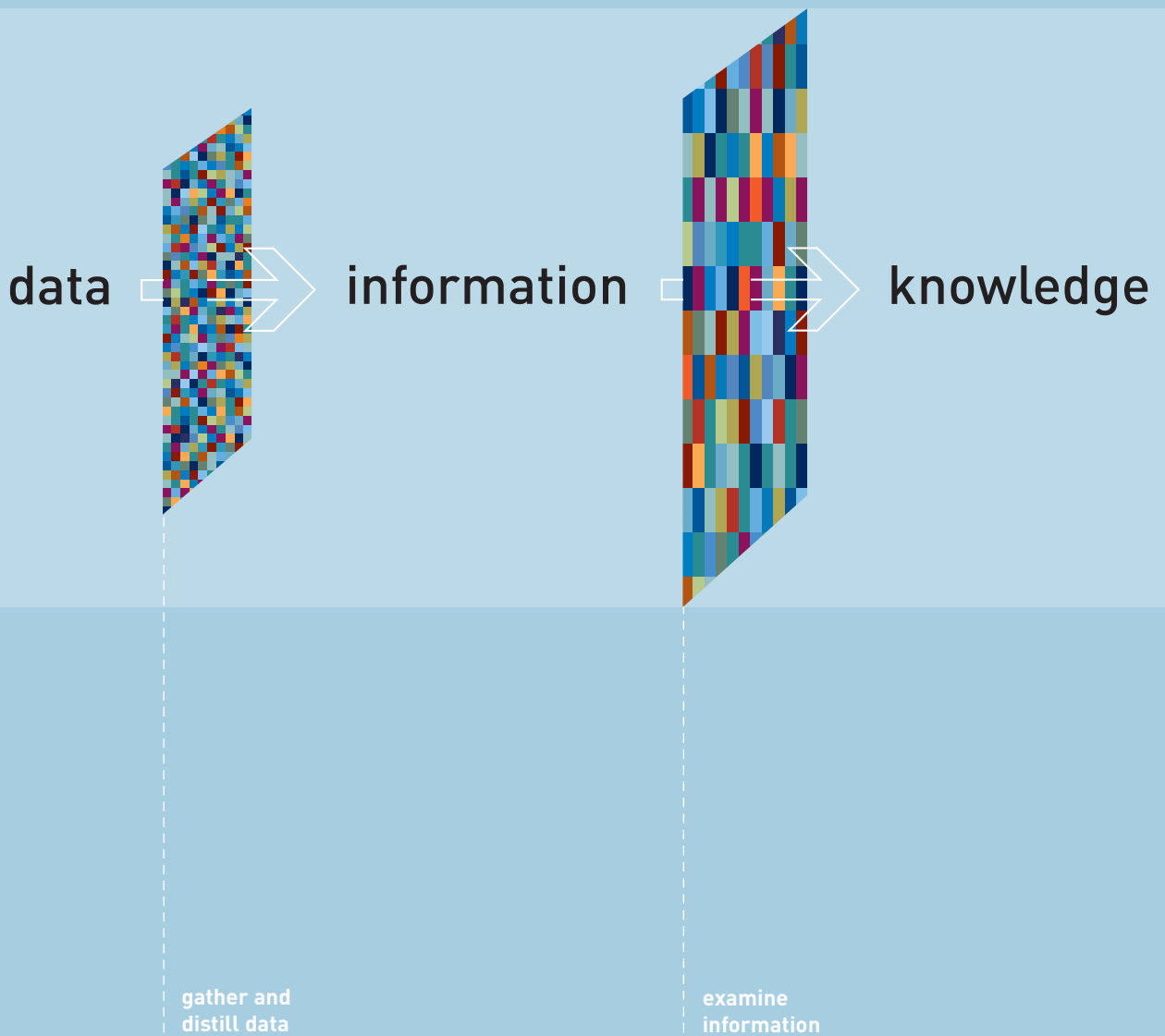
As Strategic Software Partners, SPSS and Siebel Systems Inc., the world's leading provider of eBusiness applications software, can offer a best-in-class solution that allows joint customers to dramatically improve their ability to understand and service their customers. The potential benefits from this offering are substantial, including increased customer retention and higher customer profitability.

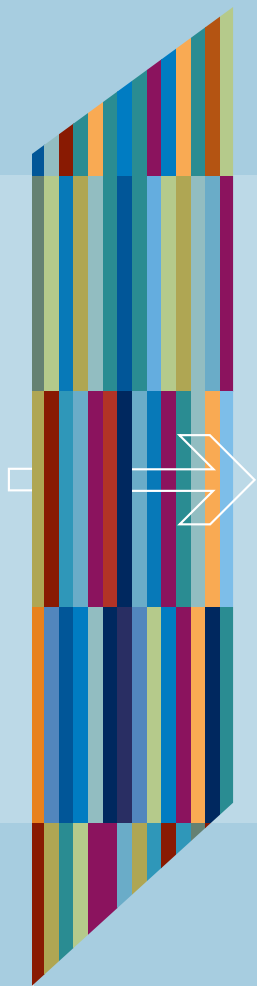
These relationships expand our position and capabilities in the analytics marketplace. SPSS is building on its current leadership position at a time when the analytics marketplace is expanding.

We are creating our future. In the solutions we develop and in our corporate operations, we adhere to the same basic principles which have charted our success for more than 30 years: a single-minded commitment to delivering superior predictive analytical technology and customer service. As we continue to build on our leadership position, we look forward to a continuation of the success which these principles have nurtured. With the resources, knowledge and agility to anticipate and meet the challenges of a dynamic global marketplace, SPSS will continue to define Predictive Analytics.

[anticipate: change]

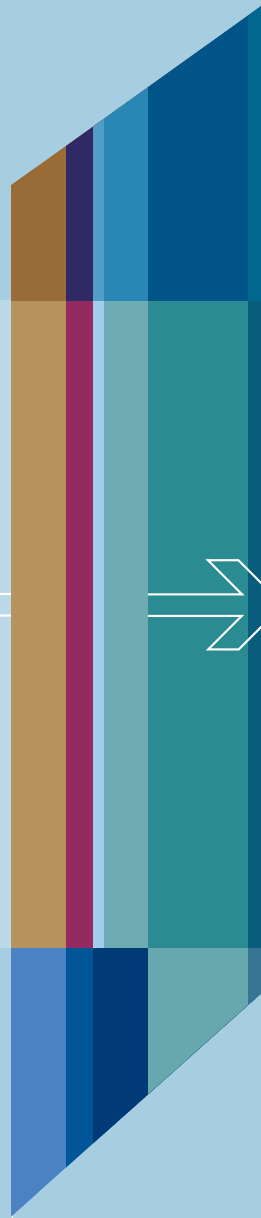
Predictive analytics drive a process designed to move data to advantage by uncovering information, identifying potential opportunities and creating an actionable view of the future. Predictive analytics enable you to manage the future.





identify potential through knowledge

potential



potential with insight brings gained advantage

advantage

[dear shareholders]

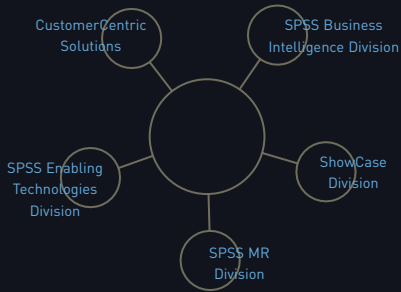
anticipate

In the 10 years since I accepted the role of president and CEO, SPSS has evolved from a provider of desktop statistical software with \$32 million in revenue to a provider of analytical solutions approaching nearly \$200 million in revenue in 2001. We have grown in size and talent, talent that continues to develop solutions that provide real return on investment to our customers' existing business applications.

We begin 2002 with a clear goal — make SPSS the dominant supplier of analytical solutions. We expect to accomplish this goal through our commitment to innovative analytical technology and customer service supported by a growth strategy rooted in internal growth and acquisition. We believe we are well positioned to emerge from the current economic situation stronger than we entered. Expect us to continue to make calculated, bold moves to secure our position as the dominant supplier of analytical solutions.

2001 was a difficult year, arguably one of the most difficult in our 30-plus years in the analytical software business. A depressed economy shadowed us most of the year. However, time and again, we have proven our ability to successfully navigate through difficult economic cycles and emerge stronger. Our strategy to move SPSS up during an economic downturn consists of three elements — manage costs, reinforce core competencies and search for opportunities.

Accordingly, we increased our cost controls to align our expenses with forecasted revenues by taking a number of steps, including reductions in workforce, a program to reduce accrued vacation, a voluntary program offering employees a shortened workweek with a corresponding reduction in pay, and continued controls on capital expenditures, hiring, travel and promotional programs.



The hub-and-spoke structure reinforces our core competencies and allows each division to effectively serve a target market. A core team, comprised of technology and operations, supports the divisions by developing and delivering innovative technology and support services.



(forward center, from left to right) **BRIAN ZANGHI** Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer **EDWARD HAMBURG** Executive Vice President, Corporate Operations and Chief Financial Officer and Secretary **JACK NOONAN** President and Chief Executive Officer **JON OTTERSTATTER** Executive Vice President and Chief Technology Officer

(behind, from left to right) **IAN DURRELL** President, SPSS MR Division **MARK BATTAGLIA** President, SPSS Business Intelligence Division **DAVID BLYER** President, SPSS Enabling Technologies Division **PATRICK DAUGA** President, ShowCase Division **SUSAN PHELAN** President, CustomerCentric Solutions

To reinforce our core competencies, we restructured into divisions to more effectively serve our diverse customer base and capitalize on growth opportunities. Under this new organizational structure, we released more than 25 new products, solutions and software version upgrades throughout the year, including a new version of SPSS for Windows.

In addition, we embarked on a strategy to provide our technology to third-party vendors through OEM agreements, allowing companies to embed our analytics into their products or solutions. We see this as an opportunity to further our leadership position in the market for analytical software.

We took actions to strengthen the corporation while remaining true to our heritage and to what we do best — predictive analytics. Our search for opportunities included acquisitions and partnerships that foster growth and continue to increase the depth and breadth of technology and expertise we offer our customers, some of the best-known, widely-respected companies around the world.

We announced several transactions with Siebel Systems, the world's leading provider of eBusiness applications software, that validate the importance of our technology and position us within the growing market for analytical Customer Relationship Management. They include becoming a Siebel Systems Strategic Software Partner and a \$5 million equity investment by Siebel Systems in SPSS. Our market-leading data-mining workbench, Clementine, and SPSS, our flagship system for statistical analysis, were validated with Siebel eBusiness Applications.

the future

We also had the benefit of a full year from the ShowCase Corporation acquisition. The integration of SPSS and ShowCase products has marked the division as the leader in the delivery of end-to-end business intelligence solutions for iSeries-centric companies. We expect ShowCase to continue to be a major force in this market, offering the broadest analytical solution set available on this platform. The acquisition of NetGenesis Corp. significantly enhanced our Web analytics capability, uniting the best of online and offline data analysis. And our strategic alliance with America Online, Inc.'s subsidiary, Digital Marketing Services, the largest source of online survey respondents, offers researchers a one-stop shop for both tools and sample. As a result of all our efforts, we are entering 2002 stronger than we entered 2001.

The contribution of our employees and continued confidence of our customers and shareholders will be instrumental to future successes — just as they were to those of the past — and we thank them all for their continued support.

Sincerely,



Jack Noonan, President and Chief Executive Officer

[Advisory: We do pro forma financials]

In 2001 a number of articles warned about the use of pro forma income statements to describe financial performance. These warnings were well founded. For example, the SEC found no uniformity in what firms included or excluded in such presentations, prompting the agency to require detailed explanations of the differences between pro forma and GAAP displays. Some observers called for the elimination of pro forma presentations to prevent firms from using them to “spin” bad numbers into positive operating results.

SPSS does and will continue to, when appropriate, report pro forma as well as GAAP results, so I believe it essential to explain why and how we prepare such presentations. Our intent is not to “spin” but to clarify. Our methods are consistently applied from one period to the next. Our preference is to publish one set of numbers, and we will do so whenever possible. Pro forma financials will be provided, however, when useful to better understand the company’s operating results and anticipate its future performance.

Why does SPSS present pro forma results?

→ **Because GAAP results may not be comparable to those for the same period in the prior year.** Such problems were apparent from 4Q00 until 3Q01, when our application of changes in accounting interpretations on revenue recognition made our GAAP displays difficult for analysts and investors to understand (see the 2000 annual report). Pro forma results also help when GAAP figures are made incomparable by unusual credits or charges, such as when assets are divested or restructuring costs are incurred.

→ **Because we are acquisitive.** Acquisition of either a company or product involves charges related to its execution and the subsequent integration of people and technology. Our GAAP results show these charges on separate lines of the income statement, as they substantially reduce reported operating profitability and the amount accrued for income taxes. When acquisition charges cause a loss to be reported, GAAP results only show earnings per share (EPS) calculations using the number of shares outstanding for determining Basic EPS rather than the standard and informative share count used in determining Diluted EPS.

How do we prepare pro forma financials?

→ **By fully implementing changes in accounting and restating results on the same basis,** enabling both a consistent view of the business going forward and comparability of results to previous periods.

→ **By excluding unusual credits or charges and acquisition costs,** enabling a depiction of profitability in keeping with actual operations and more descriptive percentages that each operating expense line represents of total revenue.

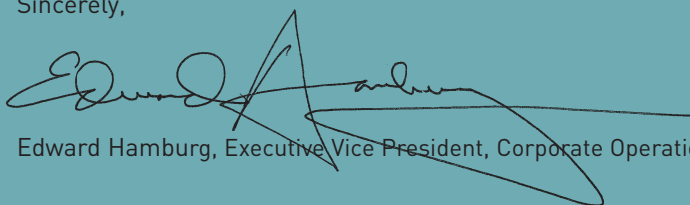
→ **By determining the amount accrued for income taxes at a consistent rate** or, if required, to an amount that adjusts for over (or under) accruals in previous periods.

→ **By showing and using the larger number of shares outstanding** for calculating Diluted EPS.

→ **By including other costs and charges** such as for the amortization of intangible assets.

→ **By not making any adjustments to our balance sheet and cash flow statement,** enabling a single view of any changes in assets, liabilities and uses of cash.

Sincerely,



Edward Hamburg, Executive Vice President, Corporate Operations and Chief Financial Officer

[condensed consolidated statements of income: pro forma]

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except for share and per share data)

SPSS Inc. and Subsidiaries

Year ended December 31	2001	2000	yr/yr percent of change	percent of total revenues	
				2001	2000
Net revenues:					
Analytical solutions	\$ 32,378	\$ 29,782	9%	17%	15%
Market research	35,732	34,625	3%	19%	17%
Statistics	78,409	86,293	-9%	42%	44%
ShowCase	40,840	47,214	-14%	22%	24%
Total net revenues	187,359	197,914	-5%	100%	100%
Operating expenses:					
Cost of revenues	16,198	16,268	—	9%	8%
Sales and marketing	112,027	114,586	-2%	60%	58%
Research and development	32,305	32,806	-2%	17%	17%
General and administrative	13,580	14,622	-7%	7%	7%
Operating expenses	174,110	178,282	-2%	93%	90%
Operating income	13,249	19,632	-33%	7%	10%
Other income (expense):					
Net interest income (expense)	(400)	1,096	-136%	—	—
Other income (expense)	(41)	1,222	-103%	—	1%
Other income (expense)	(441)	2,318	-119%	—	1%
Income before income taxes and minority interest					
	12,808	21,950	-42%	7%	11%
Income tax expense	4,421	7,902	-44%	2%	4%
Income before minority interest	8,387	14,048	-40%	5%	7%
Minority interest	360	—	n/a	—	—
Net income	\$ 8,747	\$ 14,048	38%	5%	7%
Basic net income per share	\$ 0.63	\$ 1.05	-40%		
Shares used in basic computation	13,927,048	13,372,917	4%		
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.98	-37%		
Shares used in computation	14,128,086	14,326,552	-1%		

Excludes acquisition and other non-recurring charges; include full year implementation, in both 2001 and 2000, of prior year accounting interpretations on revenue recognition.

[consolidated statements of operations]

(in thousands, except share data)

SPSS Inc. and Subsidiaries

Year ended December 31	1999	2000	2001
Net revenues:	\$ 181,453	\$ 186,114	\$ 176,556
Operating expenses:			
Cost of revenues	16,500	16,268	19,835
Sales and marketing	98,824	115,074	112,027
Research and development	30,465	32,896	32,305
General and administrative	14,239	14,045	13,580
Special general and administrative charges	—	—	14,739
Merger-related	1,611	—	10,139
Acquired in-process technology	128	—	2,288
Operating expenses	<u>161,767</u>	<u>178,283</u>	<u>204,913</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>19,686</u>	<u>7,831</u>	<u>(28,357)</u>
Other income (expense)	<u>1,043</u>	<u>2,318</u>	<u>(1,221)</u>
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest	20,729	10,149	(29,578)
Income tax expense (benefit)	<u>7,492</u>	<u>4,234</u>	<u>(7,986)</u>
Income (loss) before minority interest	13,237	5,915	(21,592)
Minority interest	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>360</u>
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 13,237</u>	<u>\$ 5,915</u>	<u>\$ (21,232)</u>
Basic net income (loss) per share	<u>\$ 1.05</u>	<u>\$ 0.44</u>	<u>\$ (1.52)</u>
Shares used in computing basic net income (loss) per share	<u>12,562,316</u>	<u>13,372,917</u>	<u>13,927,048</u>
Diluted net income (loss) per share	<u>\$ 0.98</u>	<u>\$ 0.41</u>	<u>\$ (1.52)</u>
Shares used in computing diluted net income (loss) per share	<u>13,503,848</u>	<u>14,326,552</u>	<u>13,927,048</u>

These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with SPSS Inc.'s audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year-ended December 31, 2001, included in the company's 2001 Form 10-K, which is included at the back of this summary annual report and on our Web site at www.spss.com/invest.

[condensed consolidated balance sheets]

(in thousands, except per share)

SPSS Inc. and Subsidiaries

Year ended December 31

2000 **2001**

Assets

Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,887	\$ 21,400
Marketable securities	10,849	9,792
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$3,542 in 2000 and \$4,050 in 2001	72,611	50,086
Inventories	3,936	3,217
Deferred income taxes	10,334	22,200
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,336	11,800
Total current assets	132,953	118,495

Net property, equipment and leasehold improvements	25,108	33,382
Restricted cash	—	2,080
Capitalized software development costs, net of accumulated amortization	16,142	24,671
Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization	8,106	45,110
Intangibles, net	1,652	18,825
Other assets	5,538	9,447
	\$ 189,499	\$ 252,010

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Current Liabilities:

Notes payable	\$ 16,000	\$ 1,175
Accounts payable	9,901	9,786
Deferred revenues	42,183	47,145
Other current liabilities	19,499	34,771
Total current liabilities	87,583	92,877

Non-current liabilities	2,716	25,860
Total liabilities	90,299	118,737
Total stockholders' equity	99,200	133,273
	\$ 189,499	\$ 252,010

[condensed consolidated statements of cash flows]

(in thousands)

Year ended December 31

1999 **2000** **2001**

Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,053	\$ 6,974	\$ 18,188
Net cash used in investing activities	(28,767)	(17,376)	(16,738)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	25,257	11,740	(7,538)
Effect of exchange rate on cash	707	(3,107)	(399)
Adjust to conform fiscal years of pooled businesses	—	1,209	—
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	3,250	(560)	(6,487)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	25,197	28,447	27,887
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 28,447	\$ 27,887	\$ 21,400
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Interest paid	\$ 959	\$ 1,063	1,041
Income taxes paid	12,093	9,363	8,630
Cash received from income tax refunds	26	234	1,736
Supplemental disclosures of noncash investing activity — issuance of common stock for acquisitions	—	—	42,331

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

William Binch

Director

Michael Blair

Director

Bernard Goldstein

Director

Promod Haque

Director

Ken Holec

Director

Merritt Lutz

Director

Norman Nie

Chairman of the Board of Directors

Jack Noonan

Director

OFFICERS

Jack Noonan

President and Chief Executive Officer

Edward Hamburg

Executive Vice President
Corporate Operations
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary

Jon Otterstatter

Executive Vice President
Chief Technology Officer

Brian Zanghi

Executive Vice President
Chief Operating Officer

Mark Battaglia

President
SPSS Business Intelligence Division

David Blyer

President
SPSS Enabling Technologies Division

Patrick Dauga

President
ShowCase Division

Ian Durrell

President
SPSS MR Division

Susan Phelan

President
CustomerCentric Solutions

SHAREHOLDERS AND PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE WELCOME TO CONTACT US WITH QUESTIONS OR REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

SPSS Inc.

233 South Wacker Drive
Chicago Illinois
60606-6307 USA

Investor Relations

Edward Hamburg
Executive Vice President and CFO
1.312.651.3528

MaryEllen Hartigan
Director

Investor and Public Relations
1.800.457.0161

Or, send an e-mail to invest@spss.com

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of stockholders will be at 1:00 p.m. Wednesday, June 12, 2002, at SPSS Inc. headquarters in Chicago.

Form 10-K

Contact SPSS Inc. Investor Relations

Common Stock

SPSS Inc. common stock is listed on Nasdaq (SPSS)

Independent Auditors

KPMG LLP

General Counsel

Ross & Hardies

Transfer Agent

Computershare

ABBOTT LABORATORIES ABB INDUSTRIAL ABB BANK BANK WY TRUST AC NIELSEN AETNA ALLTEL AMR CORP. (AMERICAN AIRLINES) ALLSTATE INSURANCE COMPANY AMERICAN SUZUKI MOTOR CORPORATION AMGEN AT&T AVAYA AVON PRODUCTS BANK OF AMERICA CORPORATION BANK ONE CORPORATION BBC NEWS BMW BP BANQUE DE FRANCE BARCLAYS BANK PLC BELL SYSTEMS BRINKER INTERNATIONAL BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY BRITISH AIRWAYS BRITISH TELECOMMUNICATIONS PLC. CAMPBELL SOUP CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY CARTIER INC. CHRISTIAN DIOR COUTURE CIGNA CKE RESTAURANTS CLOROX THE COCA-COLA COMPANY COLGATE-PALMOLIVE COMCAST CONAGRA CONGOLEUM CORP. CONSIGNIA CRATE & BARRELL CREDIT SUISSE GROUP DEUTSCHE BANK DOLE FOOD ELI LILLY EXXON MOBIL CANADA FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FEDERATED DEPARTMENT STORES FIDELITY INVESTMENTS FOX SPORTS NETWORK THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION GANNETT COMPANY GENERAL ELECTRIC GENERAL MILLS GILLETTE GLAXOSMITHKLINE HCA H.J. HEINZ HALLMARK CARDS INTERNATIONAL HERSHEY FOODS HORMEL HUMANA IMS HEALTH J.P. MORGAN CHASE JACK IN THE BOX JOCKEY INTERNATIONAL INC. JOHNSON & JOHNSON



KANSAS CITY CHIEFS KELLOGG KIMBERLY-CLARK MARS, INCORPORATED MAY DEPARTMENT STORES MBNA MCDONALD'S CORP. MERCK MILLWARD BROWN NOP WORLD NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK NATIONAL CITY CORPORATION NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO. NEXTEL COMMUNICATIONS NINTENDO OF CANADA OLYMPUS AMERICA INC. OSHKOSH B'GOSH INC. PFIZER INC. PHARMACIA & UPJOHN PORSCHE CARS NORTH AMERICA INC. PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PROCTER & GAMBLE QWEST COMMUNICATIONS REEBOK FRANCE RESEARCH INTERNATIONAL REUTERS ROYAL PHILIPS ELECTRONICS SAN DIEGO ZOO SARA LEE SCHOLASTIC INC. SBC COMMUNICATIONS SCHERING-PLOUGH SE JOHNSON COMPANIES INC. SEARS ROEBUCK SNYDERS OF HANOVER SOFMAP COMPANY, LTD. SONY MUSIC ENTERTAINMENT SPORTS AUTHORITY INC. STARBUCKS STEIN MART INC. SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC. TARGET CORPORATION TIME INC. TOKYO GAS COMPANY, LTD. TOMMY HILFIGER TOYS R US U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY, INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE UNICREDITO GROUP UNILEVER GROUP UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO HOSPITALS VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS VIACOM INTERNATIONAL INC. VIRGIN ATLANTIC AIRWAYS WAL-MART STORES WELCH ALLYN WESTPOINT STEVENS

[10K: anticipate]

results



Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended: **Certain statements in this annual report are forward-looking statements. Such statements can be identified by phrases such as “should be,” “planning” and “expects.” Such statements also involve known and unknown risks, including market conditions and competition, which may cause the company’s actual results, performance, achievements, or industry results, to be materially different than any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied in or by such forward-looking statements. By way of example and not limitation, known risks and uncertainties include changes in: market conditions, especially in Asia; changes and/or product demand and acceptance; the competitive environment; product release schedules; and currency fluctuations. In light of these and other risks and uncertainties, the inclusion of a forward-looking statement in this annual report should not be regarded as a representation by the company that any future results, performance or achievements will be attained. The company assumes no obligation to update the information contained in this annual report. Additional information concerning factors that could cause actual results to materially differ from those in the forward-looking statements is contained in periodic reports from SPSS (copies of which are available from SPSS upon request).**

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. \frac{t\alpha^2}{2\alpha^2} t^2 \right\} \sum_{j=1}^m [x(t_j) - \tilde{x}][x(t_j + \tau) - \tilde{x}] \\
& \frac{2\alpha^2}{t} + x(t_j)x(t_j + \tau) \\
= & \frac{1}{-l} \sum_{j=1}^{m-l} x(t_j)x(t_j + \tau) - \tilde{x}^2, \\
& \tilde{K}_\alpha(\tau) = \frac{t^2(a^2 + 4\alpha^2)t}{2(a^2 + 2\alpha^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

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