



2010 Annual Report 年度報告

Wynn Macau, Limited 永利澳門有限公司*

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號 : 1128

* for identification purposes only 僅供識別

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Stephen A. Wynn (*Chairman of the Board*)
Mr. Ian Michael Coughlan
Ms. Linda Chen

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Kazuo Okada
Dr. Allan Zeman, *GBS, JP*
(*Vice-Chairman of the Board*)
Mr. Marc D. Schorr

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith
Mr. Bruce Rockowitz
Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, *SBS, JP*

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith (*Chairman*)
Dr. Allan Zeman, *GBS, JP*
Mr. Bruce Rockowitz

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith (*Chairman*)
Mr. Marc D. Schorr
Mr. Bruce Rockowitz
Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, *SBS, JP*

NOMINATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, *SBS, JP* (*Chairman*)
Dr. Allan Zeman, *GBS, JP*
Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Kwok Yu Ching, *ACIS, ACS*

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Dr. Allan Zeman, *GBS, JP*
Ms. Kwok Yu Ching
(Mrs. Seng Sze Ka Mee, Natalia as alternate)

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISORS

As to Hong Kong and U.S. laws:
Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom

As to Macau law:

Alexandre Correia de Silva

As to Cayman Islands law:

Maples and Calder

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Banco Nacional Ultramarino, S.A. (Macau)

Corporate Information

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 309
Ugland House
Grand Cayman
KY1-1104
Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS IN MACAU

Rua Cidade de Sintra
NAPE, Macau SAR

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Level 28, Three Pacific Place
1 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Trust (Cayman) Limited

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor
Services Limited

COMPLIANCE ADVISOR

Anglo Chinese Corporate Finance, Limited

STOCK CODE

1128

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.wynnmacaulimited.com

Highlights

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Casino revenues	21,057,676	13,185,580
Other revenues	1,381,263	891,320
EBITDA	5,876,134	3,242,368
Profit attributable to owners	4,422,010	2,068,647
Earnings per Share — basic	85 cents	41 cents

Highlights

MILESTONES

Macau gaming concession obtained	June 2002
US\$900 million Subconcession Agreement with Publishing and Broadcasting, Ltd.	September 2006
Wynn Macau opens to the public	September 2006
Wynn Macau becomes the first hotel in Macau to receive the coveted Forbes Five-Star Award	November 2008
Completion of a HK\$14.5 billion initial public offering and listing on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange	October 2009
Encore at Wynn Macau opens to the public	April 2010

KEY SHAREHOLDER DATES FOR 2011

Annual general meeting	May 2011
Release of interim results in respect of the six months ending 30 June 2011	August 2011
Release of interim report in respect of the six months ending 30 June 2011	September 2011

Management Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW

Wynn Macau opened to the public on 6 September 2006 at the center of casino activities on the urban Macau peninsula. In December 2007 and November 2009, Wynn Macau completed expansions, adding more gaming space and additional food and beverage and retail amenities. Encore at Wynn Macau, a further expansion of Wynn Macau that adds a fully integrated resort hotel with, among other offerings, 410 luxury suites and four villas, additional gaming space, restaurants and retail space, opened on 21 April 2010. As at 31 December 2010, Wynn Macau and Encore occupied approximately 16 acres of land in Macau featuring casino areas of approximately 256,000 square feet offering 24-hour gaming with a full range of games and 1,009 luxury rooms and suites.

For the year ended 31 December 2010, our total operating revenues were HK\$22.4 billion, and our net profit was HK\$4.4 billion, a 59.4% increase over total operating revenues of HK\$14.1 billion, and a 113.8% increase over net profit of HK\$2.1 billion for the year ended 31 December 2009.

Macau

Macau, which was a territory under Portuguese administration for approximately 450 years, was transferred from Portuguese to Chinese political control in December 1999. Macau is governed as a special administrative region of China and is located approximately 37 miles southwest of, and less than one hour away via ferry from, Hong Kong. Macau, which has been a casino destination for more than 40 years, consists principally of a peninsula on mainland China, and two neighboring islands, Taipa and Coloane. We believe that Macau is located in one of the world's largest concentrations of potential gaming customers. According to Macau Statistical Information, casinos in Macau generated approximately HK\$182.9 billion in gaming revenue during the year ended 31 December 2010, an increase of approximately 57.8% over the approximate HK\$115.9 billion generated in the year ended 31 December 2009, making Macau the largest gaming market in the world.

Macau's gaming market is primarily dependent on tourists. The Macau market has experienced tremendous growth in capacity in the last few years. As at 31 December 2010, there were 20,091 hotel rooms and 4,791 table games in Macau, compared to 12,978 hotel rooms and 2,760 table games as at 31 December 2006.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Wynn Macau

We opened Wynn Macau on 6 September 2006 and completed expansions of the resort in December 2007 and November 2009. Wynn Macau features:

- an approximately 222,000 square foot casino offering 24-hour gaming and a full range of games, including private gaming salons, a sky casino and a poker area;
- luxury hotel accommodations in 595 rooms and suites;
- casual and fine dining in six restaurants;
- a retail promenade occupying approximately 48,000 square feet featuring high-end, brand-name retail stores and boutiques such as Bvlgari, Chanel, Christian Dior, Dunhill, Ermenegildo Zegna, Fendi, Ferrari, Giorgio Armani, Gucci, Hermes, Hugo Boss, Louis Vuitton, Miu Miu, Piaget, Prada, Rolex, Tiffany, Tudor, Van Cleef & Arpels, Versace, Vertu and others;
- recreation and leisure facilities, including a health club, pool and a full service luxury spa;
- lounges and meeting facilities; and
- a performance lake and rotunda show.

Encore

We opened Encore on 21 April 2010. While Encore is a destination in itself, it is also complemented by, and fully integrated with, the existing operations and facilities at Wynn Macau. We believe we have further solidified Wynn Macau's position as a premier destination for VIP clients in Macau as well as enhanced our offerings to mass market clients with the addition of the following at Encore:

- an approximately 34,000 square foot casino offering 24-hour gaming and a full range of games, including private gaming salons and a sky casino;
- 370 luxury suites of approximately 1,000 square feet each and 40 luxury suites of approximately 2,000 square feet each;
- four villas of approximately 7,000 square feet, each connected to private gaming salons;
- approximately 3,200 square feet of high-end retail space featuring Chanel, Piaget and Cartier;
- two restaurants and one lounge; and
- a full service luxury spa.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The following table presents certain information about the number of casino games available at Wynn Macau and Encore:

	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
VIP table games	238	196
Mass market table games	225	198
Slot machines	1,013	1,195
Poker tables	11	11

In response to our evaluation of our operations and the feedback from our guests, we have been, and will continue to make enhancements and refinements to this resort complex.

Cotai Development

The Group has applied to the Macau government for a land concession on approximately 52 acres of land on Cotai and is awaiting final approval by the Macau government on the concession. We continue to work on the concept and design of this property, but cannot prepare a final timeline or budget until the Macau government approval of the land concession is received.

Cotai Land Agreement

On 1 August 2008, Palo Real Estate Company Limited entered into an agreement with a Macau incorporated company that is not a connected person of the Group to pay the latter for its relinquishment of certain rights in and to any future development on the approximately 52 acres of land on Cotai.

FACTORS AFFECTING OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

Tourism

The levels of tourism and overall gaming activities in Macau are key drivers of our business. Both the Macau gaming market and visitation to Macau have grown significantly in the last few years. We have benefited from the rise in visitation to Macau over the past several years.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Gaming customers traveling to Macau typically come from nearby destinations in Asia including Hong Kong, mainland China, Taiwan, South Korea and Japan. According to the Macau Statistics and Census Service Monthly Bulletin of Statistics, approximately 88% of visitors to Macau in 2010 were from Hong Kong, mainland China and Taiwan. We believe that visitation and gross gaming revenue growth for the Macau market have been, and will continue to be, driven by a combination of factors, including the level of regional wealth in Asia which, should it continue to increase, is expected to lead to a large and growing middle class with rising disposable income; Macau's proximity to major Asian population centers; infrastructure improvements that are expected to facilitate more convenient travel to and within Macau; and the increasing supply of better quality casino, hotel and entertainment offerings in Macau.

Tourism levels in Macau are affected by a number of factors, all of which are beyond our control. Key factors affecting tourism levels in Macau may include, among others:

- Prevailing economic conditions in China and Asia;
- Various countries' policies on the issuance of travel visas that may be in place from time to time and could affect travel to Macau;
- Competition from other destinations which offer gaming and leisure activities;
- Possible changes to government restrictions on currency conversion or the ability to export currency from China or other countries; and
- Possible outbreaks of infectious disease.

Economic and Operating Environment

Our operating environment remained stable in 2010. However, economic conditions can have a significant impact on our business. A number of factors, including a slowdown in the global economy, contracting credit markets, reduced consumer spending, various countries' policies that affect travel to Macau and any outbreak of infectious diseases can negatively impact the gaming industry in Macau and our business.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Competition

Since the liberalization of Macau's gaming industry in 2002, there has been a significant increase in the number of gaming operators and casino properties in Macau. Currently, there are six gaming operators in Macau, including WRM. The three concessionaires are WRM, Galaxy and SJM. The three subconcessionaires are Venetian Macau, Melco Crown, and MGM Macau. As at 31 December 2010, there were approximately 33 casinos in Macau, including 20 operated by SJM. Each of the current six operators has operating casinos and several expansion plans announced or underway.

Wynn Macau also faces competition from casinos located in other areas of Asia, such as Genting Highlands Resort, a major gaming and resort destination located outside of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, and casinos in the Philippines. Two large-scale casinos in Singapore, which opened in February 2010 and in April 2010, have added further competition to the region. Wynn Macau also encounters competition from other major gaming centers located around the world, including Australia and Las Vegas, cruise ships in Asia that offer gaming, and other casinos throughout Asia. Further, if current efforts to legalize gaming in other Asian countries are successful, Wynn Macau will face additional regional competition.

Gaming Promoters

A significant amount of our casino play is brought to us by gaming promoters. Gaming promoters have historically played a critical role in the Macau gaming market and are important to Wynn Macau's casino business.

Gaming promoters introduce high-spending VIP players to Wynn Macau and often assist those clients with their travel and entertainment arrangements. In addition, gaming promoters often grant credit to their players. In exchange for their services, Wynn Macau pays the gaming promoters a fixed percentage of the gross gaming win generated by each gaming promoter. This percentage has remained stable since 2006. Approximately 80% of these commissions are netted against casino revenues, because such commissions approximate the amount of the commission returned to the VIP players by the gaming promoters, and approximately 20% of these commissions are included in other operating expenses, which approximate the amount of the commission ultimately retained by the gaming promoters for their compensation. The total amount of commissions netted against casino revenues were HK\$5.8 billion and HK\$3.4 billion for the year ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, respectively. Commissions increased 69.7% for the year ended 31 December 2010 compared to the year ended 31 December 2009 due to increased volumes of play generated by gaming promoters and the addition of three new gaming promoters. Additionally, gaming promoters each receive a monthly complimentary allowance based on a percentage of the turnover their clients generate.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The allowance is available for room, food and beverage and other products and services for discretionary use with clients. We typically advance commissions to gaming promoters at the beginning of each month to facilitate their working capital requirements. These advances are provided to a gaming promoter and are offset by the commissions earned by such gaming promoter during the applicable month. The aggregate amounts of exposure to our gaming promoters, which is the difference between commissions advanced to each individual gaming promoter, and the commissions payable to each such gaming promoter, were HK\$246.3 million and HK\$127.7 million as at 31 December 2010 and 2009, respectively. Outstanding commissions advanced during a month to a gaming promoter are always cleared no later than the fifth day of the succeeding month and prior to the advancement of any further funds to a gaming promoter. We believe we have developed strong relationships with our gaming promoters. Our commission levels have remained stable throughout our operating history and we have not increased levels of commissions paid to gaming promoters.

In August 2009, the Macau government published, in its official gazette, certain guidelines with respect to caps on the commission rates payable to gaming promoters that became effective on 1 December 2009. Further changes or tightening of caps may occur and if the Macau government were to implement caps on commission rates payable to gaming promoters that cause WRM to pay gaming promoters effectively less than what WRM currently pays, gaming promoters may have less incentive to bring travelers to casinos in Macau, including Wynn Macau.

High-End Credit Play

We selectively extend credit to players contingent upon our marketing team's knowledge of the players, their financial background and payment history. We follow a series of credit procedures and require from each credit recipient various signed documents that are intended to ensure among other things that, if permitted by applicable law, the debt can be legally enforced in the jurisdiction where the player resides. In the event the player does not reside in a jurisdiction where gaming debts are legally enforceable, we often can assert jurisdiction over assets the player maintains in jurisdictions where gaming debts are recognized. In addition, we typically require a check in the amount of the applicable credit line from credit players, collateralizing the credit we grant to a player.

Number and Mix of Table Games and Slot Machines

The mix of VIP table games, mass table games and slot machines in operation at Wynn Macau and Encore changes from time to time as a result of marketing and operating strategies in response to changing market demand and industry competition. The shift in the mix of Wynn Macau's and Encore's games will affect casino profitability.

Management Discussion and Analysis

ADJUSTED EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is earnings before finance costs, taxes, depreciation, amortization, pre-opening costs, property charges and other, share-based payments, and other non-operating income/ (expense). Adjusted EBITDA is presented exclusively as a supplemental disclosure because our Directors believe that it is widely used to measure the performance, and as a basis for valuation, of gaming companies. Our Adjusted EBITDA presented herein also differs from the Adjusted EBITDA presented by Wynn Resorts, Limited for its Macau segment in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the United States, primarily due to the inclusion of royalty fees, adjustments for IFRS differences with U.S. GAAP, corporate support and other support services in arriving at operating profit.

The following table sets forth a quantitative reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most directly comparable IFRS measurement, operating profit, for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009.

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Operating profit	4,696,933	2,414,463
Add		
Depreciation and amortization	989,516	718,169
Pre-opening costs ⁽¹⁾	54,571	11,417
Property charges and other	47,009	19,211
Share-based payments	46,613	45,279
Wynn Macau, Limited corporate expenses	41,492	33,829
Adjusted EBITDA	5,876,134	3,242,368

Note:

- (1) Pre-opening costs for the years 2010 and 2009 primarily consisted of payroll attributable to staff engaged in the start-up operations of Encore which opened on 21 April 2010.

Management Discussion and Analysis

REVIEW OF HISTORICAL OPERATING RESULTS

Summary Breakdown Table

The following table presents certain selected income statement line items and certain other data.

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
	(in thousands, except for averages, daily win figures and number of tables and slot machines)	
Total casino revenues ⁽¹⁾	21,057,676	13,185,580
Rooms ⁽²⁾	143,759	102,791
Food and beverage ⁽²⁾	165,916	133,443
Retail and other ⁽²⁾	1,071,588	655,086
Total operating revenues	22,438,939	14,076,900
VIP table games turnover	709,051,343	421,045,483
VIP gross table games win ⁽¹⁾	21,306,738	12,207,185
Mass market table games drop	18,213,674	15,481,472
Mass market gross table games win ⁽¹⁾	4,291,627	3,382,787
Slot machine handle	32,681,273	26,331,772
Slot machine win ⁽¹⁾	1,697,278	1,304,444
Average number of gaming tables ⁽³⁾	439	371
Daily gross win per gaming table ⁽⁴⁾	159,755	115,077
Average number of slots ⁽³⁾	1,167	1,195
Average daily win per slot ⁽⁴⁾	3,985	2,991

Management Discussion and Analysis

Notes:

- (1) Total casino revenues do not equal the sum of "VIP gross table games win," "mass market gross table games win" and "slot machine win" because gross table games win is calculated before commissions and discounts, and only recorded as revenues after the relevant commissions and discounts have been deducted. The following table presents a reconciliation of the sum of "VIP gross table games win," "mass market gross table games win" and "slot machine win" to total casino revenues.

	For the year ended	
	31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
VIP gross table games win	21,306,738	12,207,185
Mass market gross table games win	4,291,627	3,382,787
Slot machine win	1,697,278	1,304,444
Poker revenues	98,881	97,025
Commissions and discounts	(6,336,848)	(3,805,861)
Total casino revenues	21,057,676	13,185,580

- (2) Promotional allowances are excluded from revenues in the accompanying consolidated statement of comprehensive income prepared in accordance with IFRS. Management also evaluates non-casino revenues on an adjusted basis.

The following table presents a reconciliation of net non-casino revenues as reported in our consolidated statement of comprehensive income to gross non-casino revenues calculated on the adjusted basis. The adjusted non-casino revenues as presented below are used for management reporting purposes and are not representative of revenues as determined under IAS 18.

Management Discussion and Analysis

	For the year ended	
	31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Room revenues	143,759	102,791
Promotional allowances	570,021	334,160
Adjusted room revenues	713,780	436,951
Food and beverage revenues	165,916	133,443
Promotional allowances	384,573	258,679
Adjusted food and beverage revenues	550,489	392,122
Retail and other revenues	1,071,588	655,086
Promotional allowances	22,271	8,273
Adjusted retail and other revenues	1,093,859	663,359

- (3) For purposes of this table, we calculate average number of gaming tables and average number of slots as the average numbers of gaming tables and slot machines in service on each day in the year.
- (4) Daily gross win per gaming table and daily win per slot are presented in this table on the basis of the average number of gaming tables and average number of slots, respectively, over the number of days Wynn Macau and Encore were open in the applicable year. In addition, the total table games win figures used herein do not correspond to casino revenues figures in our financial statements, because figures in our financial statements are calculated net of commissions and discounts and the total table games win herein is calculated before commissions and discounts.

Discussion of Results of Operations

Financial results for the year ended 31 December 2010 compared to financial results for the year ended 31 December 2009

Operating Revenues

Total operating revenues increased by 59.4% from HK\$14.1 billion in 2009 to HK\$22.4 billion in 2010. We believe this increase was due to a combination of factors, including the opening of Encore, increased visitation and an overall increase in gaming volumes in Macau during 2010.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Casino Revenues

Casino revenues increased by 59.7%, from HK\$13.2 billion (93.7% of total operating revenues) in 2009 to HK\$21.1 billion (93.8% of total operating revenues) in 2010. The components and reasons are as follows:

VIP casino gaming operations. VIP gross table games win increased by 74.5%, from HK\$12.2 billion in 2009 to HK\$21.3 billion in 2010. VIP table games turnover increased by 68.4%, from HK\$421.0 billion in 2009 to HK\$709.1 billion in 2010. VIP gross table games win as a percentage of turnover (calculated before discounts and commissions) increased from 2.9% in 2009 to 3.0% in 2010 (win percentages are within the expected range of 2.7% to 3.0%). In November 2009, we added two new private gaming salons with 29 VIP tables and on 21 April 2010, we added 37 VIP tables with the opening of Encore which helped drive some of the growth in our VIP segment in 2010 compared to the prior year.

Mass market casino gaming operations. Mass market gross table games win increased by 26.9%, from HK\$3.4 billion in 2009 to HK\$4.3 billion in 2010. Mass market table games drop increased by 17.7%, from HK\$15.5 billion in 2009 to HK\$18.2 billion in 2010. The mass market gross table games win percentage (calculated before discounts) was 21.9% in 2009 compared to 23.6% in 2010, which was above the expected win percentage range of 19% to 21%.

Slot machine gaming operations. Slot machine win increased by 30.1% from HK\$1.3 billion in 2009 to HK\$1.7 billion in 2010. Slot machine handle increased by 24.1%, from HK\$26.3 billion in 2009 to HK\$32.7 billion in 2010. The increases resulted primarily from the play of high-end slot customers. Consequently, total gross slot win increased and slot machine win per unit per day increased by 33.2% from HK\$2,991 in 2009 to HK\$3,985 in 2010.

Non-casino Revenues

Net non-casino revenues, which include room, food and beverage and retail revenues, increased by 55.0%, from HK\$891.3 million (6.3% of total operating revenues) in 2009 to HK\$1,381.2 million (6.2% of total operating revenues) in 2010. The increase in revenues was largely due to stronger retail sales in 2010 and the opening of Encore.

Room. Our room revenues, which exclude promotional allowances in our consolidated statement of comprehensive income, increased by 39.9% from HK\$102.8 million in 2009 to HK\$143.8 million in 2010. The increase reflects higher business volumes as the opening of Encore increased room inventory available for sale to customers.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Management also evaluates room revenues on an adjusted basis which include promotional allowances. Adjusted room revenues including promotional allowances increased by 63.4% from HK\$437.0 million in 2009 to HK\$713.8 million in 2010.

The following table presents additional information about our adjusted room revenues (which include promotional allowances):

Adjusted room revenues information

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
Adjusted Average Daily Rate (includes promotional allowances of HK\$1,812 in 2010 and HK\$1,583 in 2009)	HK\$2,261	HK\$2,064
Occupancy	87.8%	87.5%
Adjusted REVPAR (includes promotional allowances of HK\$1,591 in 2010 and HK\$1,385 in 2009)	HK\$1,986	HK\$1,806

Food and beverage. Food and beverage revenues, which exclude promotional allowances in our consolidated statement of comprehensive income, totaled HK\$165.9 million in 2010, a 24.3% increase from 2009 revenues of HK\$133.4 million. The increase reflects higher business volumes and the opening of Encore.

Management also evaluates food and beverage revenues on an adjusted basis including promotional allowances. Food and beverage revenues in 2010 adjusted to include these promotional allowances were HK\$550.5 million, a 40.4% increase from 2009 adjusted revenues of HK\$392.1 million reflecting the increase in business volumes and the opening of Encore.

Retail and other. Our retail and other revenues, which exclude promotional allowances in our consolidated statement of comprehensive income, increased by 63.6%, from HK\$655.1 million in 2009 to HK\$1,071.6 million in 2010. The increase was due primarily to increased sales at several retail outlets, the opening in November 2009 of Wynn and Co. Watches and Jewelry, which sells Cartier and Jaeger Le Coultre products and new outlets at Encore at Wynn Macau including Chanel, Piaget and Cartier at Encore.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Management also evaluates retail and other revenues on an adjusted basis which includes promotional allowances. Adjusted retail and other revenues including promotional allowances increased by 64.9% from HK\$663.4 million in 2009 to HK\$1,093.9 million in 2010, reflecting the increased sales at several retail outlets and the opening of Wynn and Co. Watches and Jewelry, which sells Cartier and Jaeger Le Coultre products at Wynn Macau, and Chanel, Piaget and Cartier at Encore.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Gaming taxes and premiums. Gaming taxes and premiums increased by 60.4%, from HK\$6.7 billion in 2009 to HK\$10.8 billion in 2010. This increase was due to increased gross gaming win in 2010 compared to 2009. Wynn Macau is subject to a 35% gaming tax on gross gaming win. In addition, Wynn Macau is also required to pay 4% of its gross gaming win as contributions for public development and social facilities.

Staff costs. Staff costs increased by 14.3%, from HK\$1.6 billion in 2009 to HK\$1.8 billion in 2010. The increase was primarily due to the hiring of additional staff for Encore.

Other operating expenses. Other operating expenses increased by 57.6%, from HK\$2.6 billion in 2009 to HK\$4.1 billion in 2010. The increase in other operating costs was primarily due to increased business volume related expenses such as gaming promoter's commissions, cost of sales and royalty fees.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased by 37.8% from HK\$718.2 million in 2009 to HK\$989.5 million in 2010. This increase was primarily due to the impact of assets placed in service with the opening of Encore in April 2010 and the expansion that opened in November 2009.

Property charges and other. Property charges and other increased by 144.7%, from HK\$19.2 million in 2009 to HK\$47.0 million in 2010. The charges in each year represent gain/loss on the sale of equipment as well as costs related to assets retired or abandoned as a result of renovating certain assets of Wynn Macau in response to customer preferences and changes in market demand.

As a result of the foregoing, total operating costs and expenses increased by 52.1%, from HK\$11.7 billion in 2009 to HK\$17.7 billion in 2010.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Finance Revenues

Finance revenues decreased by 64.6%, from HK\$5.7 million in 2009 to HK\$2.0 million in 2010, reflecting a significant decrease in the average invested cash balances compared to the prior year.

Finance Costs

Finance costs decreased by 19.5%, from HK\$317.4 million in 2009 to HK\$255.5 million in 2010. Finance costs decreased in 2010 primarily due to the reduction in amounts outstanding under the revolver component of the Wynn Macau Credit Facility and lower interest rates in 2010 compared to 2009.

Interest Rate Swaps

As required under the terms of our various credit facilities, we have entered into agreements which swap a portion of the interest on our loans from floating to fixed rates. These transactions do not qualify for hedge accounting.

Changes in the fair value of our interest rate swaps are recorded as an increase or decrease in swap fair value during each year. We recorded a credit of HK\$26.5 million for 2010 resulting from the increase in the fair value of our interest rate swaps in 2010. We recorded an expense of HK\$29.5 million in 2009 resulting from the decrease in the fair value of our interest rate swaps in 2009.

Income Tax Expense

In 2010, our income tax expense was HK\$44.1 million compared to an income tax expense of HK\$5.6 million in 2009. Our current income tax expense for 2010 primarily relates to income tax expense recorded by WRM to increase tax reserves for possible unfavorable tax outcomes and income tax expense of our subsidiaries owning WRM's shares under the WRM Shareholder Dividend Tax Agreement. Our 2010 deferred income tax provision primarily results from WRM derecognizing certain deferred tax assets no longer believed realizable. During 2009, our income tax expense mainly related to the amount accrued for the years 2006 through 2009 for the WRM Shareholder Dividend Tax Agreement and a deferred tax benefit recorded by WRM resulting from a decrease in its deferred tax liability for property and equipment.

Net Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company

As a result of the foregoing, net profit attributable to owners of the Company increased by 113.8%, from HK\$2.1 billion in 2009 to HK\$4.4 billion in 2010.

Management Discussion and Analysis

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Capital Resources

Since Wynn Macau opened in 2006, we have generally funded our working capital and recurring expenses as well as capital expenditures from cash flow from operations and cash on hand.

Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio is a key indicator of our Group's capital structure. The gearing ratio is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The table below presents the calculation of our gearing ratio as at 31 December 2010 and 2009.

	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands except for percentages)	
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings, net	4,949,703	8,017,177
Accounts payable	1,018,016	726,742
Other payables and accruals	3,665,441	2,621,093
Amounts due to related companies	235,922	189,883
Construction retention payables	—	67,213
Other long-term liabilities, net of uncertain tax position	23,794	19,264
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(3,819,163)	(5,228,995)
Net debt	6,073,713	6,412,377
Equity	4,297,089	3,770,966
Total capital	4,297,089	3,770,966
Capital and net debt	10,370,802	10,183,343
Gearing ratio	58.6%	63.0%

Management Discussion and Analysis

Cash Flows

Our cash balances at 31 December 2010 were HK\$3.8 billion. Such cash is available for operations, new development activities and enhancements to Wynn Macau and Encore. In addition, as at 31 December 2010, we had HK\$7.0 billion available to draw under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

The following table presents a summary of the Group's cash flows for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009.

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
	(in millions)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	6,878.1	4,508.3
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,015.8)	(14,949.4)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	(7,272.1)	13,125.8
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,409.8)	2,684.7
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	5,229.0	2,544.3
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3,819.2	5,229.0

Net cash generated from operating activities

Our net cash generated from operating activities is primarily affected by operating income generated by Wynn Macau and Encore as a result of increased casino revenues, better costs control, and benefits from changes in working capital. Net cash from operating activities was HK\$6.9 billion in 2010 compared to HK\$4.5 billion in 2009.

Operating profit was HK\$4.7 billion in 2010 compared to HK\$2.4 billion in 2009.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities was HK\$1.0 billion in 2010, compared to HK\$14.9 billion in 2009. In 2009, the Company paid WM Cayman Holdings Limited I HK\$12.6 billion to redeem an acquisition note issued by the Company in connection with the Group Reorganization.

Capital expenditures were HK\$1.0 billion and HK\$2.2 billion in 2010 and 2009, respectively and related primarily to the construction of Encore at Wynn Macau.

Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities was HK\$7.3 billion during 2010 compared to net cash generated from financing activities of HK\$13.1 billion during 2009.

The significant difference between net cash flow used in 2010 and net cash flow generated from 2009 are a HK\$3.1 billion repayment net of borrowings of the senior revolving credit facility under WRM's credit facilities made in 2010 compared to the HK\$14.5 billion received by the Company from its initial public offering on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the full exercise of the over-allotment option, and the dividend payments of HK\$3.9 billion in 2010 compared to HK\$1.0 billion in 2009.

Indebtedness

The following table presents a summary of our indebtedness as at 31 December 2010 and 2009.

Indebtedness information

	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Senior revolving credit facility	779,521	3,893,923
Senior term loan facility	4,287,283	4,283,103
Total	5,066,804	8,177,026

The Group had approximately HK\$7.0 billion available to draw under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities as at 31 December 2010.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Wynn Macau Credit Facilities

Overview

As at 31 December 2010, WRM's credit facilities consisted of HK\$12.0 billion in a combination of Hong Kong dollar and U.S. dollar facilities, including a HK\$4.3 billion fully funded senior term loan facility and a HK\$7.7 billion senior revolving credit facility. The facilities may be used for a variety of purposes, including further enhancements at our resort, investments in other projects in Macau and general corporate purposes.

We have the ability to increase secured debt under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities by up to an additional US\$50 million (approximately HK\$389.3 million).

As at 31 December 2010, we had total bank and other borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities of HK\$5.1 billion, of which HK\$1.4 billion was denominated in U.S. dollars and HK\$3.7 billion was denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

In July 2009, as part of the Group Reorganization, WRM requested and obtained from its syndicate lenders under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities certain consents necessary to permit the Group Reorganization. As a result, WM Cayman Holdings Limited II became the highest level obligor, guarantor and chargor under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities and Wynn Group Asia, Inc. ceased to be an obligor, guarantor or chargor under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

The Company is not a party to the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities and has no rights or obligations thereunder.

Principal and Interest

The term loans under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities mature in June 2014, and the revolving loans under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities mature in June 2012. The principal amount of the term loans is required to be repaid in quarterly installments, commencing in September 2011. Borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities bear interest at LIBOR or HIBOR plus a margin of 1.75%, through 30 September 2010. Commencing in the fourth quarter of 2010, the revolving loans, the hotel facility of the term loan and tranches A and B of the project facility of the term loan are subject to a margin of 1.25% to 2.00% depending on the Group's leverage ratio at the end of each quarter. Tranche C of the project facility of the term loan remains subject to a margin of 1.75%. As at 31 December 2010, the weighted average margin is 1.29%.

Management Discussion and Analysis

General Covenants

The Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain customary covenants restricting certain activities of the obligor group (WM Cayman Holdings Limited II and all of its subsidiaries except Palo Real Estate Company Limited), which does not include the Company, including, but not limited to, the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the incurrence or creation of liens on property, sale and leaseback transactions, the ability to dispose of assets and the making of loans or certain other investments, entering into mergers, consolidations, liquidations or amalgamations, forming or acquiring subsidiaries, amending, modifying or terminating certain material contracts, permits and governing documents, entering into certain transactions with affiliates, changing fiscal periods, entering into business activities other than certain permitted activities, and selling or discounting receivables, in each case, subject to certain permitted exceptions.

Financial Covenants

The Wynn Macau Credit Facilities financial covenants require WRM to maintain a Leverage Ratio, as defined in the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, of not greater than 4 to 1 as at 31 December 2010, and an Interest Coverage Ratio, as defined in the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, of not less than 2 to 1. Management believes that the Group was in compliance with all covenants as at 31 December 2010. Going forward, the Group is required to maintain a Leverage Ratio not greater than 3.75 to 1 for the quarterly reporting period ending 30 June 2011 and 30 September 2011 and 3.50 to 1 for the quarterly reporting period ending 31 December 2011. The Interest Coverage Ratio requirement remains at not less than 2 to 1 for all 2011 reporting periods.

Compliance with Covenants

The Directors confirm that there is no material non-compliance with the financial covenants or general covenants contained in the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

Mandatory Prepayment

The Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain mandatory prepayment provisions, which include, among other matters, prepayment of 50% of excess cash flow, as defined in the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, if WRM's Leverage Ratio is greater than 4 to 1 for any reporting period.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Dividend Restrictions

WRM and certain of its affiliates are subject to restrictions on payment of dividends or distributions or other amounts to their shareholders or to other affiliates, unless certain financial and non-financial criteria have been satisfied. Provided certain conditions are met, WRM is permitted to pay dividends. The conditions to be satisfied for the payment of dividends include:

- Compliance with applicable legal requirements;
- No event of default occurring under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities;
- Compliance with the applicable financial covenants; and
- Such dividends may be made once in each fiscal quarter (and in respect of the first fiscal quarter in a fiscal year, only after borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities have been prepaid to the extent required by the application of the excess cash flow mandatory prepayment provisions).

Events of Default

The Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain customary events of default, such as failure to pay, breach of covenants, initiation of insolvency proceedings, material adverse effect and cross default provisions. Events of default also include certain breaches of the terms of the Concession Agreement, and the taking of certain formal measures or administrative intervention by the Macau government in respect of the Concession Agreement or the concession for the land on which Wynn Macau is located.

The Wynn Macau Credit Facilities also include a change of control event of default which includes:

- Mr. Stephen A. Wynn, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (together with Mr. Kazuo Okada of Universal Entertainment Corporation (formerly known as Aruze Corp.), our non—executive Director) and certain other related parties, including any 80% (or more) owned subsidiary, trust, estate or immediate family members of Mr. Wynn or Mr. Okada) ceasing to control at least 20% of the voting power of Wynn Resorts, Limited;
- Mr. Wynn, together with his related parties but excluding Mr. Okada and Mr. Okada's related parties, ceasing to control at least 10% of the voting power of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Elaine P. Wynn is a related party to Mr. Wynn following the execution of an amended and restated stockholders agreement between Mr. Wynn, Elaine P. Wynn and Aruze USA, Inc., a Nevada corporation, in relation to shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited on 6 January 2010; and
- Wynn Resorts, Limited ceasing to own or control at least 51% of WRM (or ceasing to have the ability to direct the management of WRM).

Management Discussion and Analysis

Security and Guarantees

Collateral for the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities consists of substantially all of the assets of WRM. Certain of our direct and indirect subsidiaries have executed guarantees and pledged their interests in WRM in support of the obligations under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities. With respect to the Concession Agreement, the WRM lenders do have certain cure rights and consultation rights with the Macau government upon an enforcement by the lenders.

Second Ranking Lender

WRM is also party to a bank guarantee reimbursement agreement with Banco National Ultramarino S.A. to secure a guarantee in favor of the Macau government as required under the Concession Agreement. The amount of this guarantee is MOP300 million (approximately HK\$291.3 million) and it lasts until 180 days after the end of the term of the Concession Agreement. The guarantee assures WRM's performance under the Concession Agreement, including the payment of certain premiums, fines and indemnities for breach. The guarantee is secured by a second priority security interest in the same collateral package securing the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and conditions, such as inflation, interest rates, and foreign currency exchange rates.

Foreign Exchange Risks

The financial statements of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars, the Group's presentation currency, for incorporation into the consolidated financial information. Assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing foreign exchange rates in effect at the end of the reporting period. Income, expenditures and cash flow items are measured at the actual foreign exchange rates or average foreign exchange rates for the period. The Hong Kong dollar is linked to the U.S. dollar and the exchange rate between these two currencies has remained relatively stable over the past several years. However, the exchange linkages of the Hong Kong dollar and the Macau pataca to the U.S. dollar, are subject to potential changes due to, among other things, changes in governmental policies and international economic and political developments.

Interest Rate Risks

One of our primary exposures to market risk is interest rate risk associated with our credit facilities, which bear interest based on floating rates. We attempt to manage interest rate risk by managing the mix of long-term fixed rate borrowings and variable rate borrowings supplemented by hedging activities as considered necessary. We cannot assure you that these risk management strategies will have the desired effect, and interest rate fluctuations could have a negative impact on our results of operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had three interest rate swaps intended to manage a portion of the underlying interest rate risk on borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities. Under the first swap agreement, the Group pays a fixed interest rate of 3.632% on U.S. dollar borrowings of approximately US\$153.8 million (approximately HK\$1.2 billion) incurred under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable LIBOR at the time of payment. Under the second swap agreement, the Group pays a fixed interest rate of 3.39% on Hong Kong dollar borrowings of approximately HK\$991.6 million incurred under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable HIBOR at the time of payment. Based on the applicable margin of the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, as at 31 December 2010, these interest rate swaps fix the interest rates on the U.S. dollar and the Hong Kong dollar borrowings at approximately 4.882% to 5.382% and 4.64%, respectively. Both agreements will terminate in August 2011.

The Group entered into the third interest rate swap agreement on 17 August 2009, with an effective date of 27 November 2009, to manage a portion of the underlying interest rate risk on borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities. Under this swap agreement, beginning 27 November 2009, the Group pays a fixed interest rate of 2.15% on borrowings of approximately HK\$2.3 billion incurred under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable HIBOR at the time of payment. As at 31 December 2010, this interest rate swap fixes the interest rate on HK\$2.3 billion of borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities at approximately 3.4%. This interest rate swap agreement will terminate in June 2012.

The carrying values of these interest rate swaps on the consolidated statement of financial position approximates their fair values. The fair value approximates the amount the Group would pay if these contracts were settled at the respective valuation dates. Fair value is estimated based upon current, and predictions of future interest rate levels along a yield curve, the remaining duration of the instruments and other market conditions and, therefore, is subject to significant estimation and a high degree of variability of fluctuation between periods. We adjust this amount by applying a non-performance valuation, considering our creditworthiness or the creditworthiness of our counterparties at each settlement date, as applicable. These transactions do not qualify for hedge accounting. Accordingly, changes in the fair values during the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, were charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Our liabilities under the swap agreements are secured by the same collateral package securing the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

Management Discussion and Analysis

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have not entered into any transactions with special purpose entities nor do we engage in any transactions involving derivatives except for interest rate swaps. We do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity.

OTHER LIQUIDITY MATTERS

We expect that Wynn Macau and Encore will fund their operations and capital expenditure requirements from operating cash flows, cash on hand and availability under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities. However, we cannot be sure that operating cash flows will be sufficient for those purposes. We may refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness on or before maturity. We cannot be sure that we will be able to refinance any of the indebtedness on acceptable terms or at all.

New business developments (including our development of a project in Cotai) or other unforeseen events may occur, resulting in the need to raise additional funds. There can be no assurances regarding the business prospects with respect to any other opportunity. Any other development would require us to obtain additional financing.

In the ordinary course of business, in response to market demands and client preferences, and in order to increase revenues, we have made and will continue to make enhancements and refinements to Wynn Macau and Encore. We have incurred and will continue to incur capital expenditures related to these enhancements and refinements.

Taking into consideration our financial resources, including our cash and cash equivalents, internally generated funds and availability under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, we believe that we have sufficient liquid assets to meet our working capital and operating requirements for the following 12 months.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For details of the related party transactions, see note 26 to the Financial Statements. Our Directors confirm that all related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms, and that their terms are fair and reasonable.

Directors and Senior Management

OUR DIRECTORS

The following table presents certain information in respect of the members of our Board.

Members of our Board

Name	Age	Position	Date of Appointment
Stephen A. Wynn	69	Chairman of the Board, Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and President	16 September 2009
Ian Michael Coughlan	51	Executive Director	16 September 2009
Linda Chen	44	Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer	16 September 2009
Kazuo Okada	68	Non-executive Director	16 September 2009
Allan Zeman, <i>GBS, JP</i>	62	Vice-Chairman of the Board and Non-executive Director	16 September 2009
Marc D. Schorr	63	Non-executive Director	16 September 2009
Nicholas Sallnow-Smith	61	Independent Non-executive Director	16 September 2009
Bruce Rockowitz	52	Independent Non-executive Director	16 September 2009
Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, <i>SBS, JP</i>	59	Independent Non-executive Director	16 September 2009

Executive Directors

Mr. Stephen A. Wynn, aged 69, has been a Director of the Company since its inception and an executive Director, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company since 16 September 2009. Mr. Wynn has served as Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of WRM since October 2001. Mr. Wynn has also served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Wynn Resorts, Limited since June 2002. Mr. Wynn has over 40 years of experience in the gaming casino industry. From April 2000 to September 2002, Mr. Wynn was the managing member of Valvino Lamore, LLC, the predecessor and a current wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Mr. Wynn also serves as an officer and/or director of several subsidiaries of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Mr. Wynn served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Mirage Resorts, Inc. and its predecessor, Golden Nugget Inc., between 1973 and 2000. Mr. Wynn developed and opened The Mirage, Treasure Island and Bellagio in 1989, 1993 and 1998, respectively. Mr. Wynn has also served as an outside director of Monaco QD International Hotels and Resort Management since December 2010.

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Ian Michael Coughlan, aged 51, has been an executive Director of the Company since 16 September 2009. Mr. Coughlan is also the President of WRM, a position he has held since July 2007. In this role, he is responsible for the entire operation and development of Wynn Macau. Prior to this role, Mr. Coughlan was Director of Hotel Operations — Worldwide for Wynn Resorts, Limited. Mr. Coughlan has over 30 years of hospitality experience with leading hotels across Asia, Europe and the United States. Before joining Wynn Resorts, Limited, he spent ten years with The Peninsula Group, including posts as General Manager of The Peninsula Hong Kong from September 2004 to January 2007, and General Manager of The Peninsula Bangkok from September 1999 to August 2004. His previous assignments include senior management positions at The Oriental Singapore, and a number of Ritz-Carlton properties in the United States. Mr. Coughlan has a Diploma from Shannon College of Hotel Management, Ireland.

Ms. Linda Chen, aged 44, has been an executive Director and the Chief Operating Officer of the Company since 16 September 2009 and Chief Operating Officer of WRM since June 2002. Ms. Chen is responsible for the marketing and strategic development of WRM. Ms. Chen is also a director of Wynn Resorts, Limited and President of WIML. In these positions, she is responsible for the set-up of international marketing operations of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Chen was Executive Vice President — International Marketing at MGM Mirage, a role she held from June 2000 until May 2002, and was responsible for the international marketing operations for MGM Grand, Bellagio and The Mirage. Prior to this position, Ms. Chen served as the Executive Vice President of International Marketing for Bellagio and was involved with its opening in 1998. She was also involved in the opening of the MGM Grand in 1993 and The Mirage in 1989. Ms. Chen is also a member of the Nanjing Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (Macau). Ms. Chen holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Hotel Administration from Cornell University in 1989 and completed the Stanford Graduate School of Business Executive Development Program in 1997.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Kazuo Okada, aged 68, has been a non-executive Director of the Company since 16 September 2009. Mr. Okada is also a non-executive director of Wynn Resorts, Limited and has served as Vice Chairman of the board of Wynn Resorts, Limited since October 2002. He is also a director of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp.

In 1969, Mr. Okada founded Universal Lease Co. Ltd., which became Aruze Corp. in 1998, a company listed on the Japanese Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation Securities Exchange. In November 2009, Aruze Corp. changed its name to Universal Entertainment Corporation. Universal Entertainment Corporation is a Japanese manufacturer of pachislot and pachinko machines, amusement machines and video games for domestic sales. Mr. Okada currently

Directors and Senior Management

serves as director and Chairman of the board of Universal Entertainment Corporation, and as director, President, Secretary and Treasurer of Aruze USA, Inc., which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Universal Entertainment Corporation and owns approximately 19.7% of Wynn Resorts, Limited.

In 1983, Mr. Okada also founded Universal Distributing of Nevada, Inc., which changed its name to Aruze Gaming America, Inc. in 2005. Aruze Gaming America, Inc. is a manufacturer and distributor of gaming machines and devices in the United States and is expanding its sales business in Asia, Australia and South Africa. Mr. Okada currently serves as director, President, Secretary and Treasurer of Aruze Gaming America, Inc.

Dr. Allan Zeman, GBS, JP, aged 62, has been a Director of the Company since its inception and a non-executive Director of the Company since 16 September 2009 and is the Vice Chairman of the Company. He is also a non-executive director of Wynn Resorts, Limited, a position he has held since October 2002. Dr. Zeman founded The Colby International Group in 1975 to source and export fashion apparel to North America. In late 2000, The Colby International Group merged with Li & Fung Limited. Dr. Zeman is the Chairman of Lan Kwai Fong Holdings Limited. He is also the owner of Paradise Properties Group, a property developer in Thailand. Dr. Zeman is also Chairman of Ocean Park, a major theme park in Hong Kong.

Dr. Zeman is Vice Patron of the Hong Kong Community Chest and serves as a director of the "Star" Ferry Company, Limited. Dr. Zeman also serves as an independent non-executive director of Pacific Century Premium Developments Limited, Sino Land Company Limited and Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, all of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Dr. Zeman is an independent non-executive director of The Link Management Limited, a subsidiary of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange listed Link Real Estate Investment Trust.

Dr. Zeman is a member of the Food Business Task Force for Business Facilitation Advisory Committee, the Committee on the Commission on Strategic Development, the Vocational Training Council, the West Kowloon Cultural District Authority ("WKCD"), the Consultation Panel of the WKCD, WKCD Development Committee, WKCD Investment Committee, and WKCD Performing Arts Committee (of which Dr. Zeman is the Chairman). In 2001, Dr. Zeman joined the Richard Ivey School of Business' Asian Advisory Board.

In 2001, Dr. Zeman was appointed a Justice of the Peace, and was awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star in 2004.

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Marc D. Schorr, aged 63, has been a non-executive Director of the Company since 16 September 2009, and also a director of WRM. He is also the Chief Operating Officer of Wynn Resorts, Limited, a position he has held since June 2002, and a director of WRL since 29 July 2010. Mr. Schorr has over 30 years of experience in the casino gaming industry. From June 2000 through April 2001, Mr. Schorr served as Chief Operating Officer of Valvino Lamore, LLC. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Schorr was the President of The Mirage Casino-Hotel from January 1997 until May 2000 and, prior to this position, was the President and Chief Executive Officer of Treasure Island at The Mirage from August 1992. His experience also includes establishing a casino marketing department and a branch office network throughout the United States as director of Casino Marketing for the Golden Nugget in Las Vegas in 1984 and managing the Golden Nugget in Laughlin, Nevada and its multi-million dollar expansion program in 1989 in his position as President and Chief Executive Officer.

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith, aged 61, has been an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 16 September 2009. Mr. Sallnow-Smith has also served as the Chairman and an independent non-executive director of The Link Management Limited since April 2007 and is also Chairman of the Link Management Limited's Finance and Investment, and Nominations Committees. The Link Management Limited is the manager to the Link Real Estate Investment Trust, a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Sallnow-Smith is also an independent non-executive director of Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange; Dah Sing Bank, Limited, a subsidiary of Dah Sing Banking Group Limited which is a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange; the Chairman of LionRock Master Fund Limited in Singapore; and a member of the Advisory Board of Winnington Group. Prior to joining The Link Management Limited, Mr. Sallnow-Smith was Chief Executive of Hongkong Land Holdings Limited from February 2000 to March 2007. He has a wide ranging finance background in Asia and the United Kingdom for over 30 years, including his roles as Finance Director of Hongkong Land Holdings Limited from 1998 to 2000 and as Group Treasurer of Jardine Matheson Limited from 1993 to 1998.

Mr. Sallnow-Smith's early career was spent in the British Civil Service, where he worked for Her Majesty's Treasury in Whitehall, London from 1975 to 1985. During that time, he was seconded for two years to Manufacturers Hanover London, working in export finance and in their merchant banking division, Manufacturers Hanover Limited. He left the Civil Service in 1985, following a period working in the International Finance section of H. M. Treasury on Paris Club and other international debt policy matters, and spent two years with Lloyds Bank before moving into the corporate sector in 1987. Mr. Sallnow-Smith served as the Convenor of the Hong Kong Association of Corporate Treasurers in 1996 to 2000 and Chairman of the Matilda Child Development Centre. He is a director

Directors and Senior Management

of the Hong Kong Philharmonic Society, Chairman of the Hong Kong Youth Arts Foundation, a member of the Council of the Treasury Markets Association (Hong Kong Association of Corporate Treasurers Representative) and a member of the General Committee of The British Chamber of Commerce in Hong Kong. He is also the Chairman of AFS Intercultural Exchanges Ltd. in Hong Kong.

Mr. Sallnow-Smith was educated at Gonville & Caius College, Cambridge, and the University of Leicester and is a Fellow of the Association of Corporate Treasurers. He holds M.A. (Cantab) and M.A. (Soc. of Ed.) Degrees.

Mr. Bruce Rockowitz, aged 52, has been an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 16 September 2009. Mr. Rockowitz is also the President of Li & Fung (Trading) Ltd, the principal operating subsidiary of Li & Fung Limited, a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Rockowitz has been an executive director of Li & Fung Limited since 2001 and was the co-founder and Chief Executive Officer of Colby International Limited, a large Hong Kong buying agent, prior to the sale of Colby International Limited to Li & Fung Limited in 2000. He is a member of the Advisory Board for the Wharton School's Jay H Baker Retailing Initiative, an industry research center for retail at the University of Pennsylvania. He is also a board member of the Education Foundation for Fashion Industries, the private fund-raising arm of the Fashion Institute of Technology, New York, United States. In December 2008, Mr. Rockowitz was ranked first by Institutional Investor for Asia's Best CEOs in the consumer category. In the years 2010 and 2011, he was ranked as one of the world's 30 best CEOs by Barron's. In addition to his position at Li & Fung, Mr. Rockowitz is the non-executive Chairman of The Pure Group, a lifestyle, fitness and yoga group operating in Hong Kong, Singapore and Taiwan and soon to be opening in mainland China. As non-executive Chairman of The Pure Group, Mr. Rockowitz provides strategic vision and direction to the senior management of The Pure Group.

Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, SBS, JP, aged 59, has been an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 16 September 2009. Mr. Lam is a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a member of the Hong Kong Legislative Council, the Chairman of the Assessment Committee of Mega Events Funds, a member of the board of the West Kowloon Cultural District Authority and a member of the Independent Commission Against Corruption's Advisory Committee on Corruption. Mr. Lam is also a General Committee Member of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce and the Vice-Chairman of The Hong Kong Shippers' Council. In addition, Mr. Lam is an independent non-executive director of CC Land Holdings Limited, Hsin Chong Construction Group Ltd., China Overseas Grand Oceans Group Limited and Sateri Holdings Limited, all of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Directors and Senior Management

In 1996, Mr. Lam was appointed Justice of the Peace and became a member of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire. In 2004, he was awarded the Silver Bauhinia Star Award. Mr. Lam was conferred University Fellow of Tufts University in the United States and Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 1997 and in 2000, respectively.

OUR SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The following table presents certain information concerning the senior management personnel of the Group (other than our Directors).

Senior management

Name	Age	Position
Frank Xiao	43	Senior Executive Vice President — Premium Marketing [#]
Jay Dee Clayton	58	Executive Vice President — Operations [#]
Doreen Marie Whennen	56	Executive Vice President — Hotel Operations [#]
Jay M. Schall	37	Senior Vice President and General Counsel*, Senior Vice President — Legal [#]
Robert Alexander Gansmo	41	Vice President — Chief Financial Officer [#]
Andre Mung Dick Ong	41	Vice President — Chief Information Officer [#]
Mo Yin Mok	49	Vice President — Human Resources [#]
Thomas Patrick Connolly	37	Vice President — Food & Beverage [#]

Notes:

* Position held in the Company.

[#] Position held in WRM.

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Frank Xiao, aged 43, is the Senior Executive Vice President — Premium Marketing of WRM, a position he has held since August 2006. Mr. Xiao is responsible for providing leadership and guidance to the marketing team and staff, developing business and promoting Wynn Macau. Prior to this position, Mr. Xiao was the Senior Executive Vice President — China Marketing for WIML and Worldwide Wynn between 2005 until 2006. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Xiao was the Senior Vice President of Far East Marketing at MGM Grand Hotel. During his 12 years at MGM Grand Hotel, he was promoted several times from his first position as Far East Marketing Executive in 1993. Mr. Xiao holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Hotel Administration and a Master's Degree in Hotel Administration from the University of Nevada, Las Vegas.

Mr. Jay Dee Clayton, aged 58, is the Executive Vice President — Operations of WRM, a position he has held since May 2006. Mr. Clayton is responsible for assisting the President of the Company in providing leadership and operational direction for the development and operation of Wynn Macau, with a particular focus on gaming operations. Mr. Clayton joined the gaming industry in 1975 and has over 25 years of experience in the industry, having served at gaming companies including Del Webb, Harrah's, Caesar's, MGM and Mirage Resorts. Over his career, Mr. Clayton gained experience in a wide range of assignments including training and development, marketing and promotions, player development, project management and operations. Prior to joining WRM, Mr. Clayton held managerial roles at MGM Grand Detroit Casino, where he served from January 2000. Mr. Clayton served as General Manager of MGM Grand Darwin in Australia where he was the Chief Liaison between the company and Australia's Northern Territory Racing and Gaming Authority. Mr. Clayton acquired a Master's Degree in Hotel Administration from the University of Nevada, Las Vegas in 1993. Prior to that, Mr. Clayton obtained a Bachelor of Science Degree from Utah State University in 1975 and an Associate's Degree in Culinary Arts from the Atlantic Community College in Mays Landing, New Jersey in 1985.

Ms. Doreen Marie Whennen, aged 56, is the Executive Vice President — Hotel Operations of WRM, a position she has held since May 2007. Ms. Whennen is responsible for overseeing the hotel operations of Wynn Macau. Ms. Whennen has over 20 years of experience in the hospitality industry. She joined Valvino Lamore, LLC in 2000 and prior to joining the Group, she held various positions at The Mirage, which she joined in 1989, including Front Office Manager, Director of Guest Services and Vice President of Hotel Operations. Ms. Whennen started her career in 1987 as an Assistant Front Desk Manager at the Tropicana Hotel, Las Vegas. In 1988, she was promoted to Front Desk Manager.

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Jay M. Schall, aged 37, is the Senior Vice President and General Counsel of the Company and Senior Vice President – Legal of WRM. He has held senior legal positions with WRM since May 2006. Mr. Schall has over ten years of experience in the legal field, including seven years in Macau and Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Schall practiced United States law at a major law firm in the United States and in Hong Kong. Mr. Schall is a member of the State Bar of Texas. Mr. Schall holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from Colorado College, an MBA from Tulane University, Freeman School of Business and a Juris Doctor (magna cum laude, order of the coif) from Tulane University School of Law.

Mr. Robert Alexander Gansmo, aged 41, is the Vice President — Chief Financial Officer of WRM, a position he has held since April 2009. Prior to taking this position, Mr. Gansmo was the Director — Finance of WRM, a position he assumed in January 2007. Mr. Gansmo is responsible for the management and administration of WRM's finance division. Before joining WRM, Mr. Gansmo worked at Wynn Resorts, Limited, where he served as the Director of Financial Reporting from November 2002. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Gansmo practiced as a certified public accountant with firms in Las Vegas, Washington and California, including KPMG Peat Marwick, Arthur Andersen, and Deloitte and Touche. Mr. Gansmo graduated in 1993 from California State University, Chico, where he obtained a Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration with a focus on accounting. He became a Certified Public Accountant in the State of California in 1997.

Mr. Andre Mung Dick Ong, aged 41, is the Vice President — Chief Information Officer of WRM, a position he has held since March 2007. Mr. Ong is responsible for the strategic planning, development and overall operation of information systems and technology services for WRM. Prior to taking up this role, Mr. Ong was the executive director, Chief Information Officer of WRM, a position he held from June 2003. Before joining the Group, Mr. Ong served at Shangri-La Hotels & Resorts where, from August 2001 until May 2003, he was the Director of Corporate Information Technology and was responsible for the planning and deployment of information technology for the group of 40 hotels and five regional sales offices. Prior to this role, he was Director of Technology Support as well as Systems Support Manager since 1993. Mr. Ong has more than 18 years of experience in the hospitality/gaming industry and extensive skills in technology consultation and execution, vendor management, operation management and software development. Mr. Ong was educated in Western Australia and obtained a Bachelor of Engineering Degree in Computer Systems from Curtin University of Technology in 1991.

Directors and Senior Management

Ms. Mo Yin Mok, aged 49, is the Vice President — Human Resources of WRM, a position she has held since June 2008. Ms. Mok has an extensive 20-year background in hospitality and human resources, primarily in the luxury hotel sector at The Regent Four Seasons Hong Kong and The Peninsula Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, she led The Peninsula Group's worldwide human resources team and, in her position, supported eight Peninsula hotels with more than 5,000 staff, and orchestrated human resources activities for the opening of The Peninsula Tokyo. Ms. Mok also served at the front lines of the hospitality industry as the Director of Rooms Division at The Peninsula Hong Kong with responsibility for front office, housekeeping, security and spa departments. Ms. Mok holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Hospitality Management from Florida International University in the United States, where she received a Rotary International Ambassadorial Scholarship. She also obtained an MBA from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr. Thomas Patrick Connolly, aged 37, is the Vice-President — Food & Beverage of WRM, a position he has held since July 2008. Prior to taking this position, Mr. Connolly was the Director — Food and Beverage, a position he assumed in April 2007. Mr. Connolly is responsible for all aspects of WRM's food and beverage operations. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Connolly was Assistant Food and Beverage Manager at The Peninsula Hong Kong, a role he held from March 2006 until April 2007. His experience also includes managing The Mandarin Grill at The Mandarin Oriental Hong Kong from October 1999 until November 2000, managing JJ's at The Grand Hyatt Hong Kong, managing the opening of a major Hyatt food and beverage operation in South Korea, and serving as General Manager of Jean Georges in Shanghai, China, which he opened with world-renowned chef Jean Georges Vongerichten in 2004.

OUR COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Kwok Yu Ching is the company secretary of the Company.

Ms. Kwok Yu Ching, aged 45, has been a company secretary of the Company since September 2009. She is a director of Corporate Services Division of Tricor Services Limited. Ms. Kwok, a Chartered Secretary, is an Associate of both The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. She has been providing professional services to companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for over 20 years. Prior to joining Tricor Services Limited in 2002, Ms. Kwok was the Senior Manager of Company Secretarial Services at Ernst & Young and Tengis Limited in Hong Kong.

Report of the Directors

The Directors present their report together with the audited Financial Statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SUBSIDIARIES

The Company and the Group are a leading developer, owner and operator of destination casino gaming and entertainment resort facilities in Macau. The Company is a holding company and our main operating subsidiary, WRM, owns and operates the destination casino resort “Wynn Macau” in Macau. A list of the Company’s subsidiaries, together with their places of incorporation, principal activities and particulars of their issued share/registered capital, is set out in note 12 to the Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 67 of this Annual Report. The financial highlights for the Group for the most recent five years are set out on page 146 of this Annual Report.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as at 31 December 2010 are set out in note 21(b) to the Financial Statements and the distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2010 are HK\$12.7 billion. Movements in the reserves of the Group are reflected in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

DIVIDENDS

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Company declared and paid a special dividend of HK\$0.76 per share totaling approximately HK\$3.9 billion to its shareholders.

The Board has recommended that no final dividend be paid in respect of the year ended 31 December 2010.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property and equipment during the year are set out in note 8 to the Financial Statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 20 to the Financial Statements.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group made charitable contributions totaling HK\$6.7 million.

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS

Directors during the Year Ended 31 December 2010

The Directors during the year were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Stephen A. Wynn (also our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ian Michael Coughlan

Ms. Linda Chen

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Kazuo Okada

Dr. Allan Zeman (also our Vice-Chairman)

Mr. Marc D. Schorr

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith

Mr. Bruce Rockowitz

Mr. Jeffery Kin-fung Lam

Directors Retiring by Rotation

In accordance with article 17.18 of the Company's articles of association, one third of our Board will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The three directors who will retire by rotation are Ms. Linda Chen, one of our executive Directors, Dr. Allan Zeman, one of our non-executive Directors, and Mr. Bruce Rockowitz, one of our independent non-executive Directors. All retiring directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Directors' Service Contracts

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Emoluments

Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 24 to the Financial Statements. There has been no arrangement under which any Director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS (continued)

Directors' Interests in Contracts and Competing Businesses

There is no contract of significance in relation to the Group's business subsisting at the end of the year or during the year ended 31 December 2010 in which the Group was a party and in which a Director was materially interested.

None of our Directors had any interest in any business which competes with our Company's business during the year ended 31 December 2010.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group engaged in certain transactions with Wynn Resorts, Limited (its controlling shareholder) and Wynn Resorts, Limited's subsidiaries (excluding the Group) (together, the "WRL Group") which constitute connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

Wynn Resorts, Limited is considered a "connected person" under the Listing Rules by virtue of it being the holding company (an "associate" as defined in the Listing Rules) of WM Cayman Holdings Limited I (which, holding more than 10% of the Company's share capital, is a substantial shareholder and "connected person" of the Group). Pursuant to the Listing Rules, any member of the WRL Group is also considered an "associate" of WM Cayman Holdings Limited I and a "connected person" of the Group. Any transaction between the Group and the WRL Group is accordingly a connected transaction.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the following non-exempt connected transactions were in effect between the Group and the WRL Group, such transactions being subject to disclosure requirements (including disclosure in this Annual Report) under the Listing Rules:

Worldwide Wynn Employment Framework Agreements

Nature and purpose of transaction. On 19 September 2009, the Company and WRM each entered an employment framework agreement with Worldwide Wynn, a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited, under which Worldwide Wynn employed certain of the Group's management personnel who are U.S. residents based in or to be based in Macau ("U.S. Resident Staff") on the Group's behalf and seconded them to the Group. Each U.S. Resident Staff has a formal employment agreement with the Group through the secondment. This arrangement was put in place to ensure that each U.S. Resident Staff is, in addition to his or her employment with the Group, also employed by a U.S.-incorporated entity in order to allow him or her to continue to enjoy certain benefits relating to pension, personal income tax, and health and life insurance.

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Worldwide Wynn Employment Framework Agreements (continued)

Pricing. Under the employment framework agreements, Worldwide Wynn is to be reimbursed for the cost of the secondments (including salaries and benefits of the seconded employee) and is entitled to receive a fee of 5% of the aggregate cost of the secondment of the employee during the secondment period, for its role in the employment arrangement. Approximately HK\$63.7 million was charged to the Group by Worldwide Wynn under this arrangement during the year ended 31 December 2010.

The services. The employment framework agreements entered into between each of the Company and WRM and Worldwide Wynn expire on 31 December 2011. A waiver from the announcement requirements, as required under the Listing Rules, for the initial term of the agreements, which will expire on 31 December 2011 has been granted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Subject to compliance with the Listing Rules requirements or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the initial term or subsequent renewal term, the agreements are automatically renewed for a three-year term (or such other period as is permitted under the Listing Rules).

Marketing and Secondment Services Framework Agreements

Nature and purpose of transaction. On 19 September 2009, the Company and WRM each entered into a marketing and secondment service framework agreement with WIML, an affiliate of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Pursuant to the agreements, WIML will (1) provide, directly and through its authorized agents, marketing services to WRM, including the development, implementation and operation of an international promotional and marketing plan for WRM's casino resorts, and (2) employ certain non-Macau residents based in or to be based in Macau ("Foreign Resident Staff") on the Group's behalf and second the Foreign Resident Staff to the Group. Marketing efforts conducted through a uniform marketing plan for all casino resorts bearing the "WYNN" brand name ensure that a consistent image and style will be adopted globally. The secondment arrangement was put in place to ensure that each Foreign Resident Staff is, in addition to his or her employment with the Group, employed by an appropriate offshore entity in order to allow him or her to continue to enjoy certain benefits relating to pension, personal income tax, and health and life insurance.

Pricing. Under the marketing and secondment service framework agreements, the fee for the services provided by WIML is based on a cost and expense reimbursement basis plus a fee of 5% of the aggregate costs and expenses incurred by WIML in the performance of its services. Approximately HK\$82.3 million was charged to the Group by WIML under this arrangement during the year ended 31 December 2010.

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Marketing and Secondment Services Framework Agreements (continued)

The services. The marketing and secondment service agreements entered into between each of the Company and WRM and WIML expire on 31 December 2011. A waiver from the announcement requirements, as required under the Listing Rules, for the initial term of the agreements, which will expire on 31 December 2011 has been granted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Subject to compliance with the Listing Rules requirements or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the initial term or subsequent renewal term, the agreements are automatically renewed for a three-year term (or such other period as is permitted under the Listing Rules).

Design Services Framework Agreement

Nature and purpose of transaction. On 19 September 2009, WRM entered into a design services framework agreement with Wynn Design & Development, a subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited, under which Wynn Design & Development would provide design services for WRM's projects in Macau, including the development, design and construction oversight of Encore and the further development of Wynn Macau.

Pricing. Under the design services framework agreement, the fee for the services provided by Wynn Design & Development is based on a cost and expense reimbursement basis incurred by Wynn Design & Development in the performance of its service. Approximately HK\$15.1 million was charged to WRM by Wynn Design & Development under this arrangement during the year ended 31 December 2010.

The services. The design services framework agreement entered into between WRM and Wynn Design & Development expires on 31 December 2011. A waiver from the announcement requirements, as required under the Listing Rules, for the initial term of the agreements, which will expire on 31 December 2011 has been granted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Subject to compliance with Listing Rules requirements or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the initial term or any subsequent renewal term, the agreement is automatically renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules).

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Corporate Allocation Agreements

Nature and purpose of transaction. On 19 September 2009, the Company and WRM entered into a corporate allocation agreement and an amended and restated corporate allocation agreement, respectively, with Wynn Resorts, Limited. Under the respective agreements, Wynn Resorts, Limited: (1) provides the Company and WRM with access to its employees in a number of non-gaming departments, including corporate treasury, legal, financial accounting and audit, corporate risk management and information systems, for the purposes of ensuring that the Company and WRM each comply with the reporting, legal, tax, accounting and disclosure requirements that are applicable to NASDAQ-listed Wynn Resorts, Limited and Wynn Resorts, Limited's subsidiaries (including the Group), and (2) allows the Company and WRM to use aircraft assets owned by Wynn Resorts, Limited or Wynn Resorts, Limited's subsidiaries (other than the Group). Similarly, the Company and WRM had reciprocal arrangements to allow Wynn Resorts, Limited or Wynn Resorts, Limited's subsidiaries (other than the Group) to use any aircraft assets that they could own in the future and to have access to the services of any of its respective employees provided that such services do not materially interfere with such employee's obligations to and responsibilities with the Group. No aircraft assets are currently owned by the Company or WRM.

Pricing. Under the corporate allocation agreements, the annual fee for the services (other than for the use of the aircraft assets) provided by Wynn Resorts, Limited is based on an allocation of the actual proportion of Wynn Resorts, Limited's annual corporate departments' costs (including salaries and benefits for such employees during the period in which such services are rendered) and overhead expense related to the provision of the services, and in any event, such annual fee shall not exceed 50% of the aggregate annual corporate departments' costs and overhead expense incurred by Wynn Resorts, Limited during any financial year. For services provided by employees of the Company and WRM, Wynn Resorts, Limited shall pay for the services based on a cost (including salaries and benefits for such employees during the period when such services are being rendered) and expense reimbursement basis.

Approximately HK\$157.9 million was charged to WRM by Wynn Resorts, Limited during the year ended 31 December 2010 for Wynn Resorts, Limited's services. Approximately HK\$10.1 million was charged to WRM by Wynn Resorts, Limited during the year ended 31 December 2010 for the use of aircraft assets. For the same periods, Wynn Resorts, Limited or Wynn Resorts, Limited's subsidiaries (other than the Group) did not require WRM's services under the reciprocal arrangement.

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Corporate Allocation Agreements (continued)

The services. The corporate allocation agreements entered into by each of the Company and WRM with Wynn Resorts, Limited expire on 31 December 2017. A waiver from the announcement requirements, as required under the Listing Rules, for the initial term of the agreements, which will expire on 31 December 2017 has been granted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Subject to compliance with Listing Rules requirements or, alternatively, any waivers obtained from strict compliance with such requirements, upon expiration of the initial term or subsequent renewal term, each agreement is automatically renewed for a three-year term (or such other period permitted under the Listing Rules).

Intellectual Property License Agreements

Nature and purpose of transaction. On 19 September 2009, the Company and WRM entered into a intellectual property license agreement and an amended and restated intellectual property license agreement, respectively, with Wynn Resorts, Limited and Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC, a subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Under the respective agreements, Wynn Resorts, Limited and Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC grant the Company and WRM the license to use certain intellectual property, including certain trademarks, domain names, "WYNN" related trademarks, copyrights and service marks in connection with a variety of goods and services. These marks include "WYNN MACAU" and "ENCORE" as well as trademarks of the Chinese characters representing "WYNN."

Pricing. Under the intellectual property license agreements, the license fee payable to Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC equals the greater of (1) 3% of the intellectual property gross monthly revenues, and (2) US\$1.5 million (approximately HK\$11.6 million) per month. License fees payable to Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC were calculated based on 3% of intellectual property gross monthly revenues given such revenues justified payments in excess of US\$1.5 million (approximately HK\$11.6 million) per month. Gross revenues for the year ended 31 December 2010 were HK\$29.7 billion and approximately HK\$892.6 million was charged by Wynn Resorts, Limited to WRM under this arrangement during the year ended 31 December 2010.

The license. The intellectual property license agreements entered into by each of the Company and WRM with Wynn Resorts, Limited and Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC have a perpetual term but may be terminated in the following circumstances:

- (1) Wynn Resorts, Limited ceases to hold or have the right to exercise more than 50% of the voting rights to the Shares in the Company or WRM;

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Intellectual Property License Agreements (continued)

- (2) there is a material breach of, or non-compliance with the terms of, the relevant intellectual property license agreement by the Company, WRM or any relevant members of the Group that are authorized to use the licensed intellectual property rights (“Relevant Subsidiaries”); or
- (3) (I)(i) there is a suspension or revocation of privileged gaming licenses issued by governmental authorities, or (ii) Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC, in good faith, deems that the acts of the Company, WRM or any Relevant Subsidiary jeopardizes any such privileged gaming licenses or gaming business activities of Wynn Resorts, Limited, Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC or its affiliates (in each case, a “Relevant Event”); and (II) the Relevant Event continues for 30 consecutive days after written notice of the occurrence of the Relevant Event has been provided to the Company, WRM or the Relevant Subsidiaries, as the case may be. Prior written consent of the Company, WRM or the Relevant Subsidiaries, as the case may be, is required if Wynn Resorts, Limited or Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC seeks to terminate any agreement that grants Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC the intellectual property rights.

A waiver from the announcement and independent shareholders’ approval requirements, as required under the Listing Rules, for the initial term of the agreements, which will expire on 26 June 2022 has been granted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Summary

The aggregate amount paid by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2010, the annual caps for the financial year ended 31 December 2010, and the annual caps for the year ending 31 December 2011 and, where applicable, each year and up to 2017 in respect of the discloseable continuing connected transactions are set out in detail below.

Annual Cap Tables

Discloseable continuing connected transactions	Aggregate amount paid to counter party		Annual Cap for the year ended 31 December ⁽¹⁾			
	Year ended		2010		2011	
	31 December 2010		HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$
			(in millions)			
1. Worldwide Wynn Employment Framework Agreements	63.7	8.2	71.3	9.2	72.9	9.4
2. Marketing and Secondment Services Framework Agreements	82.3	10.6	97.6	12.6	107.4	13.9
3. Design Services Framework Agreements	15.1	1.9	34.3	4.4	37.8	4.9

Note:

- (1) The applicable annual cap will be the higher of the US\$ limit and HK\$ limit.

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Summary (continued)

Annual Cap Tables (continued)

Discloseable continuing connected transactions	Aggregate amount paid to counter party Year ended 31 December 2010		Annual Cap for the year ended 31 December ⁽¹⁾															
			2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
			HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$	HK\$	US\$
			(in millions)															
4. Corporate Allocation Agreements																		
• Wynn Resorts, Limited providing the services to us	168.0	21.6	170.9	22.1	183.7	23.7	197.5	25.5	212.3	27.4	228.3	29.5	245.4	31.7	263.8	34.0	276.8	35.7
• Our Group providing the services to Wynn Resorts, Limited	—	—	17.1	2.2	18.6	2.4	18.6	2.4	18.6	2.4	18.6	2.4	18.6	2.4	18.6	2.4	18.6	2.4
5. Intellectual Property License Agreements	892.6	114.9	The higher of (1) 3% of the intellectual property gross monthly revenues; and (2) US\$1.5 million per month.															

Note:

(1) The applicable annual cap will be the higher of the US\$ limit and HK\$ limit.

Under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the above transactions constitute non-exempt continuing connected transactions of the Group and require disclosure in the annual report of the Company.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, the Company has engaged its external auditors, Ernst & Young, to perform certain agreed procedures in respect of the continuing connected transactions of the Group. Ernst & Young have reported their factual findings on these procedures to the Board and confirmed that for the year ended 31 December 2010, the non-exempt continuing connected transactions as listed in the Report of the Directors: (i) have received the approval of the Board; (ii) have been entered into in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company if the transactions involve the provision of goods or services; (iii) have been entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and (iv) have not exceeded the relevant cap amounts for the financial year ended 31 December 2010, as set out in the IPO Prospectus and herein this Annual Report. In addition, all of the non-exempted continuing connected transactions of the Company disclosed herein constitute related party transactions set out in note 26 to the Financial Statements.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed these transactions and the report of the auditors and confirmed that the non-exempt continuing connected transactions have been entered into:

(a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company;

Report of the Directors

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Summary (continued)

- (b) either on normal commercial terms or, on terms no less favourable to the Company than the terms available to and from (as appropriate) independent third parties; and
- (c) in accordance with the relevant agreement on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Ernst & Young, the Company's auditors, were engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 *Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information* and with reference to Practice Note 740 *Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules* issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ernst & Young have issued their unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group in accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditors' letter has been provided by the Company to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed for the year ended 31 December 2010.

MAJOR CLIENTS AND SUPPLIERS

Our clients are individual players and our five largest clients, together, generate substantially less than 30% of the Group's total operating revenues for the year ended 31 December 2010.

We depend on our suppliers to provide us with products and services such as security and surveillance systems, retail goods, gaming equipment and accessories, ferry tickets, food and beverage products and construction and other administrative services. In 2010, our five largest suppliers were Leighton Contractors (Asia) Limited, Rolex (Hong Kong) Limited, Companhia de Electricidade de Macau — CEM, Richemont Asia Pacific Limited, and American International Assurance Co. (Bermuda) Ltd., which accounted for approximately 20%, 12%, 8%, 5% and 3% of our total purchases, respectively.

Save as disclosed, none of our Directors, their respective associates or any of our Shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in any of our top five suppliers or single largest supplier in 2010.

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2010, the interests and short positions of each Director and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Director or chief executive is taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein; (c) were required, pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange; or (d) were disclosed according to the knowledge of the Directors of the Company were as follows:

Name of Director	Name of Corporation	Personal Interest	Family Interest	Corporate Interest	Other Interest	Total Number of Shares	Approximate Percentage of Shareholding
Nicholas Sallnow-Smith	Wynn Macau, Limited	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 1)	10,000 (Long Position) (Note 1)	—	—	260,000 (Long Position) (Note 1)	0.00%
Bruce Rockowitz	Wynn Macau, Limited	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 2)	—	—	—	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 2)	—
Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam	Wynn Macau, Limited	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 3)	—	—	—	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 3)	—
Stephen A. Wynn	Wynn Resorts, Limited	10,026,708 (Long Position) (Note 4)	—	—	—	10,026,708 (Long Position) (Note 4)	8.05%
Ian Michael Coughlan	Wynn Resorts, Limited	10,000 (Long Position) (Note 5)	—	—	—	10,000 (Long Position) (Note 5)	0.01%
		50,000 (Long Position) (Note 5)	—	—	—	50,000 (Long Position) (Note 5)	—
Linda Chen	Wynn Resorts, Limited	210,000 (Long Position) (Note 6)	—	—	—	210,000 (Long Position) (Note 6)	0.2%
	Wynn Resorts, Limited	470,000 (Long Position) (Note 6)	—	—	—	470,000 (Long Position) (Note 6)	—

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (continued)

Name of Director	Name of Corporation	Personal Interest	Family Interest	Corporate Interest	Other Interest	Total Number of Shares	Approximate Percentage of Shareholding
Kazuo Okada	Wynn Resorts, Limited	—	—	24,549,222 (Long Position) (Note 7)	—	24,549,222 (Long Position) (Note 7)	19.7%
		—	—	2,000,000 (Short Position) (Note 8)	—	2,000,000 (Short Position) (Note 8)	1.6%
Allan Zeman	Wynn Macau, Limited	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 9)	—	—	—	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 9)	—
	Wynn Resorts, Limited	7,500 (Long Position) (Note 9)	—	—	—	7,500 (Long Position) (Note 9)	0.01%
	Wynn Resorts, Limited	45,000 (Long Position) (Note 9)	—	—	—	45,000 (Long Position) (Note 9)	—
Marc D. Schorr	Wynn Resorts, Limited	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 10)	—	—	—	250,000 (Long Position) (Note 10)	0.2%
	Wynn Resorts, Limited	450,000 (Long Position) (Note 10)	—	—	—	450,000 (Long Position) (Note 10)	—

Notes:

- (1) As at 31 December 2010, Mr. Sallnow-Smith's spouse, Ms. Lora Sallnow-Smith, was interested in 10,000 Shares. Mr. Sallnow-Smith is deemed to be interested in the 10,000 Shares held by his spouse under the SFO. Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme, unvested share options relating to an aggregate of 250,000 Shares were also granted to Mr. Sallnow-Smith.
- (2) Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme, unvested share options relating to an aggregate of 250,000 Shares were granted to Mr. Bruce Rockowitz.
- (3) Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme, unvested share options relating to an aggregate of 250,000 Shares were granted to Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam.
- (4) Pursuant to a divorce settlement, 11,076,709 Shares (the "Settlement Shares") were transferred for no consideration by Mr. Stephen A. Wynn to Elaine P. Wynn on 6 January 2010. A disclosure of interest form was filed with the Securities and Futures Commission on 11 January 2010 in respect of the transfer of the Settlement Shares by Mr. Stephen A. Wynn to Elaine P. Wynn.

Report of the Directors

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (continued)

- (5) Pursuant to the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan of Wynn Resorts, Limited (the "Stock Plan"), 50,000 vested and unvested stock options and 10,000 non-vested shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited were granted to Mr. Ian Michael Coughlan.
- (6) Pursuant to the Stock Plan, (i) vested and unvested stock options relating to an aggregate of 470,000 shares; and (ii) 200,000 non-vested shares, in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited, were granted to Ms. Linda Chen. 10,000 shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited are held by Ms. Linda Chen personally.
- (7) Aruze USA, Inc. is directly interested in 24,549,222 shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Aruze USA, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Universal Entertainment Corporation (formerly known as Aruze Corp.), in which Mr. Kazuo Okada owns a controlling interest and is the Chairman. Mr. Kazuo Okada is therefore deemed to be interested in 24,549,222 shares in Wynn Resorts, Limited under the SFO.
- (8) On 17 April 2010, Aruze USA, Inc. pledged 2,000,000 shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited, thus creating a short position in those shares. Mr. Okada is therefore deemed to have a short position in 2,000,000 shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited.
- (9) Pursuant to the Stock Plan, (i) vested and unvested stock options relating to an aggregate of 45,000 shares; and (ii) 7,500 non-vested shares, in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited were granted to Dr. Allan Zeman. Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme, unvested share options relating to an aggregate of 250,000 Shares were granted to Dr. Allan Zeman.
- (10) Pursuant to the Stock Plan, (i) vested and unvested stock options relating to an aggregate of 450,000 shares; and (ii) 250,000 non-vested shares, in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited, were granted to Mr. Marc D. Schorr.

Report of the Directors

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The register of substantial shareholders required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of Part XV of the SFO shows that as at 31 December 2010, the Company had been notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, being interests of 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital. These interests are in addition to those disclosed above in respect of the Directors and chief executives of the Company.

Name	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Shares of HK\$0.001 each in the Company	
		Number of Shares	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
WM Cayman Holdings Limited I (Note 1)	Beneficial interest	3,750,000,000 (Long Position)	72.29%
Wynn Group Asia, Inc. (Note 1)	Interest of a controlled corporation	3,750,000,000 (Long Position)	72.29%
Wynn Resorts, Limited (Note 1)	Interest of a controlled corporation	3,750,000,000 (Long Position)	72.29%

Note:

- (1) WM Cayman Holdings Limited I is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Group Asia, Inc., which in turn is wholly owned by Wynn Resorts, Limited. Therefore Wynn Group Asia, Inc. and Wynn Resorts, Limited are deemed or taken to be interested in 3,750,000,000 shares which are beneficially owned by WM Cayman Holdings Limited I.

Saved as disclosed above, according to the register kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, there was no other person who had an interest or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as at 31 December 2010.

REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had approximately 7,000 full-time equivalent employees. Employees of the Group are selected, remunerated and promoted on the basis of their merit, qualifications, competence and contribution to the Group.

Compensation of key executives of the Group is determined by the Company's remuneration committee which reviews and determines executives' compensation based on the Group's performance and the executives' respective contributions to the Group.

The Company also has a provident fund set up for its employees and a share options scheme. Further details on the Company's share options scheme are set out below.

Report of the Directors

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company approved the adoption of a share option scheme on 16 September 2009 with the implementation of the scheme conditional on the Company's listing on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The purpose of the share option scheme is to reward participants, which may include Directors and employees of the Group, who have contributed to the Group and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its Shares for the benefit of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole. The options granted under the scheme do not give immediate ownership of the underlying Shares as they require payment of a subscription price which is based on the then prevailing market price of the Shares.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, a total of 1 million Shares were granted (2009: nil). A summary of the terms of the share option scheme is set out below:

Number of Shares Available for Issue under the Scheme

A maximum of 518.75 million Shares have been reserved for issuance under the share option scheme, representing 10.0% in nominal amount in the aggregate of Shares in issue as at the date of this Annual Report.

Maximum Entitlement of Participant

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to each participant under the share option scheme (including both exercised and outstanding share options) in any 12-month period shall not (when aggregated with any Shares subject to share options granted during such period under any other share option schemes of the Company other than those share options granted pursuant to specific approval by the Shareholders in a general meeting) exceed one percent of the Shares in issue for the time being.

Where any further grant of share options to a participant would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding share options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over one percent of the Shares in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by Shareholders in general meeting with such participant and his associates abstaining from voting.

Report of the Directors

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

Exercise Period

Subject to any restrictions applicable under the Listing Rules and notwithstanding the terms of grant thereof, a share option may be exercised by the grantee in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme at any time during the period to be determined and notified by the Board to each grantee at the time of making an offer of the grant of a share options which shall not expire later than 10 years from the date on which it is granted. The minimum period in which a share option must be held before it can be exercised is determined and notified by the Board to each grantee.

Payment on Acceptance of Share Option

An amount of HK\$1.00 must be paid as consideration for the grant of a share option and such payment must be made within 28 days from the date the share option grant offer is made by the Board.

Determination of Exercise Price

The exercise price is determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall not be less than the higher of:

- (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the date of the granting of the share option which must be a business day in Hong Kong;
- (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the granting of the share option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

Life of the Share Option Scheme

The Company's share option scheme is effective for a period of 10 years from 16 September 2009.

Report of the Directors

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

2010 Share Option Grants

On 25 March 2010, 1,000,000 options were granted under the share option scheme to certain Directors of the Company. Particulars and movements of the options under the share option scheme during the year ended 31 December 2010 are as follows:

Name of the director	Outstanding as at 1 January 2010	Number of share options		Outstanding as at 31 December 2010
		Granted during the year	Exercised/ lapsed/ canceled during the year	
Dr. Allan Zeman	—	250,000	—	250,000
Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith	—	250,000	—	250,000
Mr. Bruce Rockowitz	—	250,000	—	250,000
Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam	—	250,000	—	250,000
Total	—	1,000,000	—	1,000,000

The following are details of the grant of options on 25 March 2010:

Exercise price of the options:	HK\$10.92
Exercise period of vested options:	25 March 2011 to 24 March 2020
Vesting period of the options:	Vesting over a five year period at 20% per year
Closing price immediately before the grant date of the options:	HK\$10.98

Other details of the options granted under the share option scheme are set out in note 22 to the Financial Statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

There have been no convertible securities issued or granted by the Group, no exercise of any conversion or subscription rights, nor any purchase, sale or redemption by the Group of its listed Shares during the year ended 31 December 2010.

Report of the Directors

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this Annual Report, the Company maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands or under the Company's articles of association that require the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing Shareholders.

AUDITORS

Our external auditors, Ernst & Young, will retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51(B)(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of Directors of the Company are set out below:

- (a) Mr. Wynn, an executive Director of the Company, has been appointed as an outside director of Monaco QD International Hotels and Resort Management.
- b) Mr. Marc Dennis Schorr, a non-executive Director of the Company, has been appointed as a director of Wynn Resorts, Limited.
- c) Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, an independent non-executive Director of the Company, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of China Overseas Grand Oceans Group Limited and Sateri Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

On behalf of the Board

Stephen A. Wynn

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 March 2011

Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is dedicated to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance practices and the corporate governance principles of the Company are adopted in the best interest of the Company and its Shareholders. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles, code provisions and certain recommended best practices as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The Company has complied with the code provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices for the year ended 31 December 2010, except for the following deviation from provision A.2.1 of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices.

The Board notes that on 24 February 2011, Dr. Allan Zeman disposed of 10,000 shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation Global Select Market at US\$120 per share. The relevant notice to the Company and the Securities and Futures Commission, which is available to the public, disclosing this event was filed on 28 February 2011.

Stephen A. Wynn as our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Under code provision A.2.1 of the Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not at present separate the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer.

Mr. Wynn, the founder of the Company and Wynn Macau, serves as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board has determined that the combination of these roles held singularly by Mr. Wynn is in the best interest of the Company and all Shareholders. The Board believes that the issue of whether to combine or separate the offices of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer is part of the succession planning process and that it is in the best interests of the Company for the Board to make a determination whether to combine or separate the roles based upon the circumstances. The Board has given careful consideration to separating the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and has determined that the Company and its Shareholders are best served by the current structure. Mr. Wynn's combined role promotes unified leadership and direction for the Board and executive management and allows for a single, clear focus for the Company's operational and strategic efforts.

Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES (continued)

Stephen A. Wynn as our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (continued)

The combined role of Mr. Wynn as both Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is balanced by the Company's governance structure, policies and controls. All major decisions are made in consultation with members of the Board and the relevant Board committees. The Company has three Board committees, namely the audit committee, remuneration committee, and nomination and corporate governance committee. Each Board committee comprises non-executive Directors only and is chaired by an independent non-executive Director. In addition, there are three independent non-executive Directors on the Board offering independent perspectives.

This structure encourages independent and effective oversight of the Company's operations and prudent management of risk.

For the reasons stated above and as a result of the structure, policies and procedures outlined above, and in light of the historical success of Mr. Wynn's leadership, the Board has concluded that the current Board leadership structure is in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company adopted the Model Code on 16 September 2009 as its code of conduct for securities transactions by Directors. On 23 March 2010, the Company adopted its own code of conduct for securities transactions, the terms of such code being no less exacting than those set out in the Model Code. Having made specific enquiry of the Directors, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings and code of conduct regarding securities dealings by directors as set out in the Model Code and the Company's own code of conduct for the year ended 31 December 2010.

The Board notes that on 24 February 2011, Dr. Allan Zeman disposed of 10,000 shares in the common stock of Wynn Resorts, Limited on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation Global Select Market at US\$120 per share. The relevant notice to the Company and the Securities and Futures Commission, which is available to the public, disclosing this event was filed on 28 February 2011.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Role of the Board

The Board governs the Company and is responsible for overall leadership of the Group. The Board works to promote the success of the Group through oversight and direction of the Group's business dealings. The Board implements overall strategic priorities for the Company, reviews and approves budgetary affairs and oversees and monitors the overall performance of management. The Board is provided with all necessary resources including the advice of external auditors, external attorneys and other independent professional advisors as needed.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board Composition

The Company has a Board with a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors).

The Board is currently composed as follows:

- Executive Directors: Mr. Stephen A. Wynn (who is also Chief Executive Officer and President), Mr. Ian Michael Coughlan, and Ms. Linda Chen;
- Non-executive Directors: Mr. Kazuo Okada, Dr. Allan Zeman, and Mr. Marc D. Schorr; and
- Independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith, Mr. Bruce Rockowitz and Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam.

Mr. Stephen A. Wynn is our Chairman and Dr. Allan Zeman is our Vice-Chairman.

Board Meetings Held in 2010

In 2010, the Company convened six board meetings including four regular meetings. All of the Directors attended these meetings, as set out below.

Name of Director	Number of meetings attended/ held during 2010	Attendance rate
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Mr. Stephen A. Wynn	6/6	100%
Mr. Ian Michael Coughlan	6/6	100%
Ms. Linda Chen	6/6	100%
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Mr. Kazuo Okada	5/6	83%
Dr. Allan Zeman	6/6	100%
Mr. Marc D. Schorr	6/6	100%
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith	6/6	100%
Mr. Bruce Rockowitz	6/6	100%
Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam	6/6	100%

At least four regular meetings will be convened each year.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Independent non-executive Directors

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers each of them to be independent. Each has been appointed for an initial term of two years commencing from 16 September 2009.

Non-executive Directors

Each of our non-executive Directors, Mr. Kazuo Okada, Dr. Allan Zeman and Mr. Marc D. Schorr, has been appointed as a non-executive Director for an initial term of three years commencing from 16 September 2009.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Please refer to information in "Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee" as set below regarding the process of appointment of Directors in the Company.

In addition to the aforesaid term of appointment of directors in the Company, all the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall be re-elected at the next following annual general meeting after appointment.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has received appropriate delegation of its functions and powers and has established appropriate Board committees, with specific written terms of reference in order to manage and monitor specific aspects of the Group's affairs. The Board and the Board committees are provided with all necessary resources including the advice of external auditors, external attorneys and other independent professional advisors as needed.

Audit Committee

The Company has set up an audit committee in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, the primary duties of which are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group, maintain an appropriate relationship with the Company's auditors, review and approve connected transactions, and provide advice and comments to the Board.

The audit committee consists of three members: Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith and Mr. Bruce Rockowitz, both of whom are independent non-executive Directors, and Dr. Allan Zeman, a non-executive Director. Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith is the chairman of the audit committee.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Audit Committee (continued)

The audit committee held three meetings during the year ended 31 December 2010 and the attendance rate of these meetings was 100%. During the meetings, the audit committee met with the external auditors and/or senior management, reviewed the financial statements, results announcements and reports for the year ended 31 December 2009 and for the six months ended 30 June 2010, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the relevant audit findings, reviewed and discussed with the auditors of a report on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures and considered the internal audit plan and report.

There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. There is no disagreement between the Board and the audit committee regarding the selection and appointment of external auditors.

Remuneration Committee

The Company has set up a remuneration committee, the primary duties of which are to assist the Board in determining the policy and structure for the remuneration of executive Directors, evaluating the performance of executive Directors and senior management, reviewing incentive schemes and Directors' service contracts and fixing the remuneration packages for all Directors and senior management. Determination of such matters is based on the Group's performance and the executive Directors' and senior management members' respective contributions to the Group.

The remuneration committee consists of four members: Mr. Marc D. Schorr, a non-executive Director, and Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith, Mr. Bruce Rockowitz and Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith is the chairman of the remuneration committee.

The remuneration committee held three meetings during the year ended 31 December 2010 and the attendance rate of these meetings was 100%. During the meetings, the remuneration committee made recommendations of the performance-based remuneration and bonuses to the senior management of the Group.

Details of the remuneration of each director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 are set out in note 24 to the financial statements contained in this Annual Report.

Corporate Governance Report

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee

The Company has set up a nomination and corporate governance committee, the primary duties of which are to identify, screen and recommend to the Board appropriate candidates to serve as directors of the Company, to oversee the process for evaluating the performance of the Board, to develop and recommend to the Board nomination guidelines for the Company, and to develop a set of corporate governance principles for the Company, which shall be consistent with any applicable laws, regulations and listing standards. In reviewing the composition of the Board, the nomination and corporate governance committee considers the skills, knowledge and experience and also the desirability of maintaining a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors).

The nomination and corporate governance committee consists of three members: Mr. Nicholas Sallnow-Smith and Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam, both of whom are independent non-executive Directors, and Dr. Allan Zeman, a non-executive Director. Mr. Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam is the chairman of the nomination and corporate governance committee.

The nomination and corporate governance committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 December 2010 and the attendance rate of the said meeting was 100%. During the meeting, the nomination and corporate governance committee assessed the independence of the existing independent non-executive Directors and recommended the re-appointment of the retiring Directors at the annual general meeting for the year ended 31 December 2009 of the Company. The Directors' remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2010 is set out in note 24 to the Financial Statements.

In accordance with article 17.18 of the Company's articles of association, one third of our Board will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The three directors who will retire by rotation are Linda Chen, one of our executive Directors, Dr. Allan Zeman, one of our non-executive Directors, and Bruce Rockowitz, one of our independent non-executive Directors. All retiring directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The nomination and corporate governance committee recommended the re-appointment of these three retiring directors. The Company's circular, sent together with this Annual Report, contains detailed information of these retiring directors pursuant to the Listing Rules requirements.

Corporate Governance Report

FINANCIAL REPORTING

Directors' Responsibility

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation and true and fair presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance.

This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as at 31 December 2010. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 on a going concern basis.

Auditors' Responsibility

A statement by the external auditors of the Company, Ernst & Young, is included in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 65 to 66 of this Annual Report.

Auditors' Remuneration

Fees for auditing services provided by our external auditor, Ernst & Young, for the year ended 31 December 2010 are included in note 3.2 to the Financial Statements. There were no non-auditing services provided by our external auditor for the year ended 31 December 2010.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Company and the Group have had an internal audit department since their inception. The internal audit department performed its functions fully during 2010 following an annual audit plan and routine testing. The Company's audit committee reviewed the internal control system in respect of the year ended 31 December 2010 and considered the system effective and adequate. The Board conducted a review of the internal control system of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2010, including financial, operational and compliance control, and risk management functions. The Board assessed the effectiveness of internal control by considering the reviews performed by the audit committee. The Company complies with the code provisions relating to internal control contained in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices.

Corporate Governance Report

SHARE INTERESTS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Company has confirmed that none of its senior management members held any Shares in the Company during the year ended 31 December 2010.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 13.3 of the Company's articles of association, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened by two or more Shareholders depositing a written requisition at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office, specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists. The requisitionists should hold as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings.

General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of a Shareholder which is a recognized clearing house (or its nominee(s)) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitioner. The requisitioner should hold as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitioner(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitioner(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

Putting Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries put to the Board by Shareholders can be directed to the Company's website at www.wynnmacaulimited.com, which also posts information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, as well as press releases and financial information. All enquiries from investors are dealt with in a timely manner.

Corporate Governance Report

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Changes in Articles of Association

The Company's current articles of association were conditionally adopted on 16 September 2009, effective on the Company's Listing. There have been no changes in the Company's articles of association from Listing to 31 December 2010.

Shareholder Profile and Public Float Capitalization

From Listing to 14 October 2009, the Company was held as to 75% by its direct holding company, WM Cayman Holdings Limited I and 25% by public Shareholders. On 14 October 2009, the over-allotment option granted to underwriters in connection with the Company's initial public offering was exercised. Following such exercise of the over-allotment option and until 31 December 2010, the Company was held as to 72.29% by WM Cayman Holdings Limited I and 27.71% by public Shareholders. The Company's ultimate controlling Shareholder through both periods was Wynn Resorts, Limited, which indirectly held 100% of WM Cayman Holdings Limited I.

As at 31 December 2010, the Company's public float was 27.71%.

Shareholder Meetings

The Company held its annual general meeting for the year ended 31 December 2009 on 10 June 2010 in Macau and the resolutions at the said meeting were voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll results were posted on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company immediately after the said meeting.

Key Shareholder Dates

Key shareholder dates for 2011 are:

- May 2011: annual general meeting;
- August 2011: release of interim results in respect of the six months ending 30 June 2011; and
- September 2011: release of interim report in respect of the six months ending 30 June 2011.

Independent Auditors' Report



18th Floor
Two International Finance Centre
8 Finance Street
Central
Hong Kong

**To the shareholders of Wynn Macau, Limited
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Wynn Macau, Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 67 to 145, which comprise the consolidated and the Company's statement of financial position as at 31 December 2010, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditors' Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2010, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong

21 March 2011

Financial Statements

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Notes	For the year ended 31 December	
		2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
		(in thousands)	
Operating revenues			
Casino		21,057,676	13,185,580
Rooms		143,759	102,791
Food and beverage		165,916	133,443
Retail and other		1,071,588	655,086
		22,438,939	14,076,900
Operating costs and expenses			
Gaming taxes and premiums		10,810,992	6,742,056
Staff costs	3.1	1,840,222	1,610,200
Other operating expenses	3.2	4,054,267	2,572,801
Depreciation and amortization	3.3	989,516	718,169
Property charges and other	3.4	47,009	19,211
		17,742,006	11,662,437
Operating profit		4,696,933	2,414,463
Finance revenues	3.5	2,027	5,728
Finance costs	3.6	(255,480)	(317,361)
Net foreign currency differences		(3,829)	887
Changes in fair value of interest rate swaps	4	26,452	(29,481)
		(230,830)	(340,227)
Profit before tax		4,466,103	2,074,236
Income tax expense	5	(44,093)	(5,589)
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company		4,422,010	2,068,647
Other comprehensive income			
Currency translation reserve		—	(191)
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company		4,422,010	2,068,456
Basic and diluted earnings per Share	7	85 cents	41 cents

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 31 December	
		2010 HK\$ (in thousands)	2009 HK\$
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment and construction in progress	8	8,352,187	8,527,914
Leasehold interest in land	9	475,129	464,353
Deposits for acquisition of property and equipment		24,881	82,627
Goodwill	10	398,345	398,345
Other non-current assets	11	188,133	167,836
Deferred tax assets	5	—	32,588
Total non-current assets		9,438,675	9,673,663
Current assets			
Inventories	13	173,758	202,745
Trade and other receivables	14	485,413	325,389
Prepayments and other current assets	15	45,167	37,030
Amounts due from related companies	26	386,295	124,089
Cash and cash equivalents	16	3,819,163	5,228,995
Total current assets		4,909,796	5,918,248
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	17	1,018,086	726,742
Other payables and accruals	18	3,665,441	2,621,093
Amounts due to related companies	26	235,922	189,883
Interest rate swaps	4	45,730	—
Income tax payable		15,455	15,455
Total current liabilities		4,980,634	3,553,173
Net current assets/(liabilities)		(70,838)	2,365,075
Total assets less current liabilities		9,367,837	12,038,738

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 31 December	
		2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
		(in thousands)	
Non-current liabilities			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	19	4,949,703	8,017,177
Construction retention payables		—	67,213
Interest rate swaps	4	55,378	126,760
Other long-term liabilities		65,667	56,622
Total non-current liabilities		5,070,748	8,267,772
Net assets		4,297,089	3,770,966
Equity			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Issued capital	20	5,188	5,188
Share premium account	21(a)	152,657	1,923,617
Reserves	21(a)	4,139,244	1,842,161
Total equity		4,297,089	3,770,966

Approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2011.

Stephen A. Wynn
Director

Marc D. Schorr
Director

Financial Statements

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Notes	Attributable to owners of the Company				Currency Translation Reserve* HK\$	Total Equity HK\$
		Issued Capital HK\$	Share Premium Account HK\$	Other Reserves* HK\$	Retained Earnings* HK\$		
At 1 January 2009		—	—	691,862	28,624	17,019	737,505
Issuance of shares		5,188	1,923,617	—	—	—	1,928,805
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations and total expense recognized directly in equity for the year		—	—	—	—	(191)	(191)
Net profit for the year		—	—	—	2,068,647	—	2,068,647
Total comprehensive income and loss for the year		—	—	—	2,068,647	(191)	2,068,456
Share-based payments	3.1	—	—	45,279	—	—	45,279
Interim dividend paid	6	—	—	—	(1,009,079)	—	(1,009,079)
At 31 December 2009 and 1 January 2010		5,188	1,923,617	737,141	1,088,192	16,828	3,770,966
Net profit for the year		—	—	—	4,422,010	—	4,422,010
Total comprehensive income for the year		—	—	—	4,422,010	—	4,422,010
Share-based payments	3.1	—	—	46,613	—	—	46,613
Special dividend paid	6	—	(1,770,960)	—	(2,171,540)	—	(3,942,500)
At 31 December 2010		5,188	152,657	783,754	3,338,662	16,828	4,297,089

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$4.1 billion and HK\$1.8 billion in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2010 and 2009, respectively. Other reserves at 1 January 2009 include cumulative share-based payments of HK\$88.6 million and issued capital of HK\$554.7 million, which is composed of HK\$194.3 million of issued capital of WRM and HK\$360.4 million of issued capital of Wynn Resorts International, Ltd.

In accordance with the provisions of the Macau Commercial Code, the Company's subsidiaries incorporated in Macau are required to transfer a minimum of 10% of the annual net profit to a legal reserve until that reserve equals 25% of their initial capital. The Company's subsidiaries met this statutory requirement and WRM continues to maintain the required reserve of HK\$48.6 million in "other reserves". This reserve is not distributable to the respective shareholders.

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Notes	For the year ended 31 December	
		2010 HK\$ (in thousands)	2009 HK\$
Operating activities			
Profit before tax		4,466,103	2,074,236
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows			
Non-cash:			
Depreciation of property and equipment	3.3	967,494	700,111
Amortization of leasehold interest in land	3.3	22,022	18,058
Property charges and other	3.4	47,009	19,211
Provision for doubtful accounts	3.2	98,224	11,656
Share-based payment expense	3.1	46,613	45,279
Decrease/(increase) in fair value of interest rate swaps		(26,452)	29,481
Finance revenues		(2,027)	(5,728)
Finance costs	3.6	255,480	317,361
Net foreign currency differences		6,398	(1,103)
Working capital adjustments:			
Decrease in inventories		33,841	3,305
Increase in trade and other receivables		(258,253)	(128,950)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments and other assets		(7,431)	6,020
Increase in accounts payable		360,847	235,908
Increase in other payables and accruals		1,049,506	1,148,577
Increase/(decrease) in net amounts due to related companies		(174,304)	55,819
Income taxes paid		(6,990)	(20,971)
Net cash flows from operating activities		6,878,080	4,508,270
Investing activities			
Acquisition of a subsidiary pursuant to the Group Reorganization		—	(12,561,195)
Purchase of property and equipment, net of construction retention payables		(963,219)	(2,166,655)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		4,048	6,890
Principal payments for leasehold interest in land		(33,288)	(157,163)
Purchase of other non-current assets		(25,393)	(76,958)
Interest received		2,032	5,712
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(1,015,820)	(14,949,369)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of shares		—	14,490,000
Proceeds from borrowings		1,947,316	3,893,528
Repayment of borrowings		(5,064,347)	(3,893,268)
Interest paid		(212,561)	(355,378)
Special/interim dividends paid	6	(3,942,500)	(1,009,079)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		(7,272,092)	13,125,803
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,409,832)	2,684,704
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		5,228,995	2,544,291
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	16	3,819,163	5,228,995

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Company Statement of Financial Position

		As at 31 December	
	Notes	2010 HK\$ (in thousands)	2009 HK\$
Non-current asset			
Investment in a subsidiary	12	12,561,195	12,561,195
Total non-current asset		12,561,195	12,561,195
Current assets			
Prepayments and other current assets	15	1,145	476
Cash and cash equivalents	16	89,258	1,901,185
Total current assets		90,403	1,901,661
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	18	5,227	2,125
Amounts due to related companies	26	2,107	4,411
Total current liabilities		7,334	6,536
Net current assets		83,069	1,895,125
Total assets less current liabilities		12,644,264	14,456,320
Net assets		12,644,264	14,456,320
Equity			
Issued capital	20	5,188	5,188
Share premium account [#]	21(b)	12,713,852	14,484,812
Reserves	21(b)	(74,776)	(33,680)
Total equity		12,644,264	14,456,320
[#]			
		2010 HK\$ (in thousands)	2009 HK\$
The Company's share premium account		12,713,852	14,484,812
Adjustment arising from the Group Reorganization — see note 1 to the financial statements		(12,561,195)	(12,561,195)
Consolidated share premium account		152,657	1,923,617

Approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2011.

Stephen A. Wynn
Director

Marc D. Schorr
Director

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 4 September 2009. The Company's Shares were listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 9 October 2009. The Company's registered office address is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands, or at such other place as the Directors may from time to time decide.

The Group owns and operates a hotel and casino resort, Wynn Macau, which conducts gaming activities in casinos in Macau under a concession contract signed with the Macau Government on 24 June 2002. The 20-year concession period commenced on 27 June 2002 and will expire on 26 June 2022.

On 21 April 2010, the Group opened Encore at Wynn Macau, a second hotel tower and casino with additional related amenities that are integrated with the current facilities at Wynn Macau.

Pursuant to the Group Reorganization which was undertaken for the purpose of the Listing of the Company's Shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company acquired WM Cayman Holdings Limited II, which was at the relevant time the holding company of the subsidiaries comprising the Group, from the Company's immediate parent company, WM Cayman Holdings Limited I. The consideration for the acquisition consisted of (a) the issue by the Company to WM Cayman Holdings Limited I of an acquisition note; and (b) the issue by the Company to WM Cayman Holdings Limited I of such number of new Shares as would amount to approximately 75% of the Company's issued share capital (as calculated based on the Company's issued share capital following its initial public offering and assuming no exercise of the over-allotment option). The acquisition was completed on 8 October 2009 with the relevant Shares and acquisition note being issued by the Company to WM Cayman Holdings Limited I. The acquisition note was redeemed by the Company on 9 October 2009 for a sum of HK\$12.6 billion. Since the completion of the Group Reorganization on 8 October 2009, the Company has been the holding company of the subsidiaries now comprising the Group. The details of the Group Reorganization are set out in the section headed "Reorganization" in Appendix VI "Statutory and General Information" to the IPO Prospectus of the Company dated 24 September 2009, filed in connection with the Listing.

WM Cayman Holdings Limited I owns approximately 72.29% of the Company and approximately 27.71% of the Company is owned by public shareholders. The ultimate parent company of Wynn Macau, Limited is Wynn Resorts, Limited, a publicly-traded company incorporated in the United States of America.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards which comprise standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"), International Accounting Standards and Standing Interpretation Committee interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Committee and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar(s) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000), except when otherwise indicated.

In the prior year, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the principles of merger accounting as a result of the Group Reorganization. On this basis, the Company has been treated as the holding company of its subsidiaries for the financial years presented rather than from the date of their acquisition. Accordingly, the results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009 include the results of the Company and its subsidiaries with effect from 1 January 2009. All income, expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intercompany transactions and intercompany balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation in full.

In the opinion of the Directors, the consolidated financial statements prepared on the above basis presented more fairly the results and state of affairs of the Group as a whole.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the previously reported profit for the prior year.

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Subsidiaries (continued)

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognized for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognized in the statement of comprehensive income as a gain on bargain purchase.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position as an asset, initially measured at cost and subsequently at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Goodwill (continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Foreign currency translation

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. All differences are taken to the statement of comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is a jointly-controlled entity or an associate;
- (c) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or its parent;
- (d) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (c);
- (e) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (c) or (d); or
- (f) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred. When significant parts of property and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of the asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property and equipment to its residual value over the shorter of the remaining term of the gaming concession (for designated gaming assets and space) or land concession (for all other assets), as applicable, or their estimated useful lives. The gaming concession and land concession currently expire in June 2022 and August 2029, respectively. The estimated useful lives used for this purpose are as follows:

Building and improvements	10 to 25 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 20 years
Leasehold improvements (shorter of remaining lease period or estimated useful life)	1 to 5 years

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of comprehensive income when the asset is derecognized.

The asset's residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Construction in progress represents assets under development or construction, which are stated at cost less any impairment losses, and are not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalized borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Leasehold interest in land

Leasehold interest in land under an operating lease is payments made on entering into or acquiring a land-use right over an extended period of time. The total lease payments are amortized on the straight-line basis over the lease terms in accordance with the expected pattern of consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the land-use right.

Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or a cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined by individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculations on detailed budgets and forecast calculations which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

Impairment losses of continuing operations including impairments on inventories, are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired assets.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Investments and other financial assets

Financial assets within the scope of IAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group determines the classification of its financial assets on initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at each financial year end.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, which is the date that the Group commits to purchase the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, deposits, amounts due from related companies and cash and cash equivalents) are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

Assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income.

In relation to trade receivables, a provision for impairment is made when there is objective evidence (such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor) that the Group will not be able to collect all of the amounts due under the original terms of the transaction. The carrying amount of the receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Impaired debts are derecognized when they are assessed as uncollectible.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out, average or specific identification methods. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less estimated costs to be incurred on completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and short term investments in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities

The Group's and the Company's financial liabilities are generally classified as other financial liabilities, which include accounts payable, other payables, amounts due to related companies, interest-bearing loans and borrowings, construction retention payables and other long-term liabilities, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs, and have not been designated as "at fair value through profit or loss".

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method (EIR) amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps, are initially recognized at fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income immediately unless the derivative is designated as an effective hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income depends on the nature of the hedging relationship.

Current versus non-current classification

Derivative instruments that are not designated as effective hedging instruments are classified as current or non-current, or are separated into a current or a non-current portion, based on an assessment of the facts and circumstances (i.e. the underlying contracted cash flows).

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay cash flow receipts in full without material delay to a third party under a “pass-through” arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group’s continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Group’s continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Group may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Group’s continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Pensions and other post employment benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme (the "Scheme"). The Scheme allows eligible employees to contribute 5% of their salary to the Scheme and the Group matches the contributions with an equal amount. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's matching contributions vest to the employee at 10% per year with full vesting in ten years. Forfeitures of unvested contributions are used to reduce the Group's liability for its contributions payable under the Scheme. The contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Scheme.

Share-based payment transactions

Employees (including senior executives and directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments in the form of common shares of the ultimate parent company, Wynn Resorts, Limited, or beginning in September 2009, Wynn Macau, Limited.

In situations where equity instruments are issued and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured as the difference between the fair value of the share-based payment transaction and the fair value of any identifiable goods or services received at the grant date. This is then capitalized or expensed as appropriate.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

Equity-settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees, for awards granted after 7 November 2002, is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using an appropriate pricing model, further details of which are given in note 22.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the "vesting date"). The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as of the beginning and end of that period and is recognized in staff costs.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transactions, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. All cancellations of equity-settled transaction awards are treated equally.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

Equity-settled transactions (continued)

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at its inception and whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Group as a lessee

Leases where the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an operating expense in the statement of comprehensive income on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

Group as a lessor

When an asset is leased out under an operating lease, the asset is included in the statement of financial position based on the nature of the asset. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties.

Casino revenues are measured by the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, with liabilities recognized for funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs and for chips in customers' possession. Revenues are recognized net of certain sales incentives. Accordingly, the Group's casino revenues are reduced by discounts, commissions and points earned in customer loyalty programs.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Rooms, food and beverage, retail and other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed or the retail goods are sold. Deposits received from customers in advance on rooms or other services are recorded as liabilities until services are provided to the customers.

The retail value of accommodation, food and beverage, and other services furnished to guests without charge is excluded from total operating revenues in the accompanying consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The amounts of such promotional allowances excluded from total operating revenues are as follows:

	Group	
	For the year ended	
	31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Rooms	570,021	334,160
Food and beverage	384,573	258,679
Retail and other	22,271	8,273
	976,865	601,112

Retail and other revenue includes rental income which is recognized on a time proportion basis over the lease terms. Contingent rental income is recognized when the right to receive such rental income is established according to the lease agreements.

Finance revenue is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxes (continued)

Deferred income tax (continued)

- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each statement of financial position date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date. Deferred income tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Gaming taxes and premiums

According to the gaming concession granted by the Macau government and the relevant legislation, the Group is required to pay a 35% gaming tax on gross gaming win. The Group is also required to pay an additional 4% of gross gaming win as public development and social related contributions. The Group also makes certain variable and fixed payments to the Macau government based on the number of slot machines and table games in its operation on monthly and yearly bases, respectively. These expenses are reported as "gaming taxes and premiums" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derivative financial instruments and hedging

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps to manage risks associated with interest rate fluctuations. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. The Group adjusts this amount by applying a non-performance valuation after considering the Group's creditworthiness or the creditworthiness of the Group's counterparties at each settlement date. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative. All gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives are taken directly to the statement of comprehensive income as none of the derivatives qualify for hedge accounting.

The fair value of interest rate swap contracts is determined by reference to market values for similar instruments.

A diamond and fine art

The Group's diamond and fine art are stated at cost less accumulated impairment. The amount represents the aggregate cost of the diamond and artwork. The diamond and artwork impairment is assessed based on the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, which is usually the property in its entirety. No impairment charge has been taken for the diamond or artwork for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009.

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained earnings within the equity section of the statement of financial position, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognized as a liability.

Interim/special dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the Directors the authority to declare interim/special dividends. Consequently, interim/special dividends are recognized immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Statutory reserve

In accordance with the provisions of the Macau Commercial Code, Wynn Macau, Limited's subsidiaries incorporated in Macau are required to transfer a minimum of 10% of their annual net profit to a legal reserve until that reserve equals 25% of their initial capital. This reserve is not distributable to the shareholders.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.3 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has adopted the following new and revised IFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

IFRS 1 (Revised)	<i>First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards</i>
IFRS 1 Amendments	<i>Amendments to IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards — Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters</i>
IFRS 2 Amendments	<i>Amendments to IFRS 2 Share-based Payment — Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions</i>
IFRS 3 (Revised)	<i>Business Combinations</i>
IAS 27 (Revised)	<i>Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements</i>
IAS 39 Amendment	<i>Amendment to IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement — Eligible Hedged Items</i>
IFRIC 17	<i>Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners</i>
IFRS 5 Amendments included in <i>Improvements to IFRSs</i> issued in May 2008	<i>Amendments to IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations — Plan to Sell the Controlling Interest in a Subsidiary</i>
<i>Improvements to IFRSs</i> issued in April 2009	<i>Amendments to a number of IFRSs</i>

The adoption of these new and revised IFRSs and interpretations has had no significant financial effects on the financial statements and there have been no significant changes to the accounting policies applied in the financial statements.

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2.4 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The following new/revised standards, amendments to standards and interpretations to existing standards have been issued but are not effective for the year ended 31 December 2010:

IFRS 1 Amendment	Amendment to IFRS 1 <i>First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards — Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters</i> ²
IFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to IFRS 1 <i>First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards — Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters</i> ⁴
IFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures — Transfers of Financial Assets</i> ⁴
IFRS 9	<i>Financial Instruments</i> ⁶
IAS 12 Amendments	Amendments to IAS 12 — <i>Income Taxes — Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets</i> ⁵
IAS 24 (Revised)	<i>Related Party Disclosures</i> ³
IAS 32 Amendment	Amendment to IAS 32 <i>Financial Instruments: Presentation — Classification of Rights Issues</i> ¹
IFRIC 14 Amendments	Amendments to IFRIC 14 <i>Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement</i> ³
IFRIC 19	<i>Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments</i> ²
Annual Improvements Project	Improvements to IFRSs

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012

⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

The IASB issued *Improvements to IFRSs* in May 2010, an omnibus of amendments to its IFRS standards which will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after either 1 July 2010 or 1 January 2011:

IFRS 3	<i>Business Combinations</i>
IFRS 1	<i>First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards</i>
IFRS 7	<i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i>
IAS 1	<i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i>
IAS 27	<i>Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements</i>
IAS 34	<i>Interim Financial Reporting</i>
IFRIC 13	<i>Customer Loyalty Programmes</i>

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.4 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

The Group has not early adopted any of the above standards, interpretations and amendments to the existing standards, and continues to assess the impact of these new and revised IFRSs on the Group's results of operations, financial position, and its financial reporting disclosures. While the adoption of some of the amendments and the new and revised IFRSs may result in change in accounting policies and new disclosure, none of these are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group.

2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future. Key sources of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies which have a significant effect on the financial statements are set out below.

Useful lives of property and equipment

The useful lives of assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of changes in technology, customer service requirements, availability of capital funding and required return on assets and equity to determine the optimum useful life expectation for each of the individual categories of property, plant, and equipment. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgment whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives and what their condition will be like at that time. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property and equipment to its residual value over the shorter of the remaining term of the gaming concession (for designated gaming assets and space) or land concession (for all other assets), as applicable, or their estimated useful lives. Management's periodic reviews on the estimations made could result in changes in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

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2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Management is required to make judgments concerning the cause, timing and amount of impairments. In the identification of impairment indicators, management considers the impact of changes in current competitive conditions, cost of capital, availability of funding, technological obsolescence, discontinuance of services and other circumstances that could indicate that an impairment exists. The Group applies the impairment assessment to its separate CGUs. This requires management to make significant judgments concerning the existence of impairment indicators, identification of separate CGU's remaining useful lives of assets and estimates of projected cash flows and fair value less costs to sell. For non-financial assets other than goodwill, management judgment is also required when assessing whether a previously recognized impairment loss should be reversed. Where impairment indicators exist, the determination of the recoverable amount of a CGU requires management to make assumptions to determine the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In addition, for goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

Key assumptions on which management has based its determination of fair value less costs to sell include the existence of binding sale agreements, and for the determination of value in use include projected revenues, gross margins, and average revenue per asset component, capital expenditure, expected customer bases and market share. Management is also required to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Changes in key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of the assets is based could significantly affect the Group's financial condition and results of operations.

Impairment of accounts receivable

Management evaluates the reserve for bad debts based on a specific review of customer accounts as well as experience with collection trends in the casino industry and current economic and business conditions. As customer payment experience evolves, management will continue to refine the estimated reserve for bad debts. Accordingly, the associated provision for doubtful accounts charge may fluctuate. Because individual customer account balances can be significant, the reserve and the provision can change significantly between periods, as information about a certain customer becomes known or as changes in a region's economy or legal systems occur.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Segment reporting

The Group currently operates in one business segment, namely, the management of its casino, hotel, retail and food and beverage operations. A single management team reports to the chief operating decision-makers who comprehensively manage the entire business. Accordingly, the Group does not have separate reportable segments.

Fair value estimation — financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized or disclosed at fair values. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices. In assessing the fair value of non-traded instruments, discounted cash flows or market assessments are used. The nominal values less any estimated credit realizable value adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year, including prepayments, other payables or current borrowings, are assumed to approximate their fair values. Management determines these assumptions by reviewing current market rates, making industry comparisons and reviewing conditions relevant to the Group.

Fair value estimation — Black-Scholes valuation model

The Group uses the Black-Scholes valuation model to value the ultimate parent company's and Wynn Macau, Limited's grants of options issued. The Black-Scholes valuation model uses assumptions of expected volatility, risk-free interest rates, the expected terms of options granted, and expected rates of dividends. Changes in these assumptions could materially affect the estimated fair value. Expected volatility is based on implied and historical factors related to Wynn Resorts' and Wynn Macau, Limited's common stock. Expected term represents the weighted average time between the option's grant date and its exercise date. The risk-free interest rate used is equal to the U.S. Treasury yield curve and Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills for the WRL Stock Plan and Wynn Macau, Limited's Share Option Scheme, respectively, at the time of grant for the period equal to the expected term.

Income taxes

Income taxes represent the sum of income taxes currently payable and any deferred taxes. The calculation of deferred income taxes and any associated allowance is subject to a significant amount of judgment. The Group's income tax reports may be examined by governmental authorities. Accordingly, the Group reviews any potentially unfavorable tax outcome and, when an unfavorable outcome is identified as probable and can be reasonably estimated, an allowance is established.

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3. OTHER REVENUES AND EXPENSES

3.1 Staff costs

	Group	
	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Wages and salaries	1,593,924	1,410,904
Other costs and benefits	154,487	134,795
Expense of share-based payments	46,613	45,279
Retirement plan contributions	25,415	4,436
Employee relations and training	14,712	9,624
Social security costs	5,071	5,162
	1,840,222	1,610,200

"Other costs and benefits" includes operating staff rental expense of approximately HK\$6.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$6.7 million).

3.2 Other operating expenses

	Group	
	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Gaming promoters' commissions	1,450,665	854,713
Royalty fees	892,571	554,525
Cost of sales	585,302	334,702
Advertising and promotions	172,860	117,483
Corporate support services and other	164,952	95,280
Utilities and fuel	158,759	113,475
Operating supplies and equipment	128,989	99,109
Provision for doubtful accounts	98,224	11,656
Other support services	83,883	65,452
Auditor's remuneration	3,437	2,420
Other	314,625	323,986
	4,054,267	2,572,801

"Other" operating expenses includes operating rental expenses of approximately HK\$26.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$47.7 million).

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

3. OTHER REVENUES AND EXPENSES (continued)

3.3 Depreciation and amortization

	Group	
	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Depreciation of property and equipment	967,494	700,111
Amortization of leasehold interest in land	22,022	18,058
	989,516	718,169

Depreciation and amortization expense of approximately HK\$332,000 and HK\$490,000, respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2010 are excluded from the table above and are classified as staff costs and included in other costs and benefits in note 3.1 to the financial statements. Such balances were related to a house purchased by WRM for the use by one of the Group's executives as described in note 26 to the financial statements.

3.4 Property charges and other

	Group	
	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Asset abandonment losses	23,532	4,391
Loss on disposals of assets and other assets	23,477	14,820
	47,009	19,211

Asset abandonment losses related to property and equipment and construction in progress abandoned as a result of renovating certain assets of Wynn Macau in response to customer preferences and changes in market demand.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

3. OTHER REVENUES AND EXPENSES (continued)

3.5 Finance revenues

Finance revenues for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 consist solely of the interest income from cash in banks, money market funds and U.S. treasury bills.

3.6 Finance costs

	Group	
	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Interest expense for:		
Bank loans wholly repayable within 5 years	110,645	270,820
Interest rate swaps wholly repayable within 5 years	118,426	76,301
Other payments wholly payable within 5 years	5,097	5,888
Bank fees for unused facilities	30,190	4,813
Amortization of debt financing costs	42,748	42,748
Less: capitalized interest	(51,626)	(83,209)
	255,480	317,361

For the year ended 31 December 2010, interest was capitalized using a weighted average cost of 4.7% (2009: 3.6%).

4. INTEREST RATE SWAPS

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had three interest rate swap agreements. Under the first swap agreement, the Group pays a fixed interest rate of 3.632% on U.S. dollar borrowings of approximately US\$153.8 million (approximately HK\$1.2 billion) incurred under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable LIBOR at the time of payment. Under the second swap agreement, the Group pays a fixed interest rate of 3.39% on Hong Kong dollar borrowings of approximately HK\$991.6 million incurred under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable HIBOR at the time of payment. Based on the applicable margin of the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, as at 31 December 2010, these interest rate swaps fix the interest rates on the U.S. dollar and the Hong Kong dollar borrowings at approximately 4.882% to 5.382% (2009: 5.382%) and 4.64% (2009: 5.14%), respectively. Both agreements will terminate in August 2011.

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4. INTEREST RATE SWAPS (continued)

Under the third swap agreement, the Group pays a fixed interest rate of 2.15% on borrowings of approximately HK\$2.3 billion incurred under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable HIBOR at the time of payment. As at 31 December 2010, this interest rate swap fixes the interest rate on HK\$2.3 billion of borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities at approximately 3.4% (2009: 3.9%). This interest rate swap agreement will terminate in June 2012.

The carrying value of these interest rate swaps in the consolidated statement of financial position approximates their fair value. The fair value approximates the amount the Group would pay if these contracts were settled at the respective valuation dates. Fair value is estimated based upon current, and predictions of future interest rate levels along a yield curve, the remaining duration of the instruments and other market conditions and, therefore, is subject to significant estimation and a high degree of variability of fluctuation between periods. The Group adjusts this amount by applying a non-performance valuation, considering its creditworthiness or the creditworthiness of its counterparties at each settlement date, as applicable. These transactions do not qualify for hedge accounting. Accordingly, changes in the fair values during the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, were charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The Group's liabilities under the swap agreements are secured by the same collateral package securing the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The major components of the income tax expense for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 were:

	Group	
	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Income tax (expense)/benefit:		
Current	(11,505)	(27,967)
Deferred	(32,588)	22,378
	(44,093)	(5,589)

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax for the year ended 31 December 2010 has been made as there was no assessable profit generated in Hong Kong (2009: nil). Taxation for overseas jurisdictions is charged at the appropriate prevailing rates ruling in the respective jurisdictions and the maximum rate is 12% (2009: 12%).

The charge for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 reconciles to profit before tax as follows:

	Group			
	For the year ended 31 December			
	2010		2009	
	HK\$	%	HK\$	%
	(in thousands, except for percentages)			
Profit before tax	4,466,103		2,074,236	
Tax at the applicable income tax rate	(535,932)	(12.0)	(248,908)	(12.0)
Adjustment for specific provinces or enacted by local authority	(5,018)	(0.1)	(23,054)	(1.1)
Income not subject to tax	671,887	15.1	361,664	17.4
Expenses not deductible for tax	(1,988)	(0.1)	(45)	(0.1)
Macau dividend tax	(6,990)	(0.1)	(27,967)	(1.3)
Tax loss not recognized	(164,437)	(3.7)	(68,777)	(3.3)
Others	(1,615)	(0.1)	1,498	0.1
Expense and effective tax rate for the year	(44,093)	(1.0)	(5,589)	(0.3)

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5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Deferred income tax as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 relates to the following:

	Group			
	Consolidated statement of financial position		Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	
	As at 31 December		For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)			
Deferred tax liability:				
Property, equipment and other	—	(50,945)	(50,945)	(22,382)
	—	(50,945)		
Deferred income tax assets:				
Interest rate swap market value adjustment	—	15,199	15,199	(3,537)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	—	29	29	(17)
Pre-opening costs and other	—	—	—	131
Tax losses carried forward	—	68,305	68,305	3,427
	—	83,533		
Deferred income tax (benefit)/expense			32,588	(22,378)
Deferred tax asset, net	—	32,588		

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5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The Group incurred Macau tax losses of approximately HK\$692.5 million, HK\$502.1 million and HK\$966.2 million during the tax years ended 31 December 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. These tax losses will expire in 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively. As at 31 December 2010, the Group's deferred tax assets relating to pre-opening expenses, interest rate swaps, executive compensation, fixed assets and tax loss carryforwards amounting to HK\$276.2 million were not recognized as the Group determined it was not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deferred tax asset could be utilized. As at 31 December 2009, the Group had not recognized deferred tax assets relating to pre-opening expenses and tax loss carryforwards amounting to HK\$247.6 million for similar reasons.

Effective 6 September 2006, WRM received a 5-year exemption from Macau's 12% Complementary Tax on casino gaming profits ("Tax Holiday"). Accordingly, the Group was exempted from the payment of approximately HK\$499.2 million in such tax for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$242.6 million). The Group's non-gaming profits remain subject to the Macau Complementary Tax and its casino winnings remain subject to the Macau Special Gaming Tax and other levies in accordance with its Concession Agreement. On 21 October 2010, WRM applied for an additional 5-year exemption from Macau's 12% Complementary Tax on casino gaming profits. Such application was approved and granted on 30 November 2010 for a 5-year period effective 1 January 2011 through 31 December 2015.

During June 2009, WRM entered into an agreement, effective retroactively to 2006, with the Macau Special Administrative Region that provides for an annual payment of MOP7.2 million (approximately HK\$7.0 million) to the Macau Special Administrative Region in lieu of Complementary Tax on dividend distributions to its shareholders from gaming profits. The term of this agreement is five years, which coincides with the Tax Holiday which began in 2006. The agreement explicitly states that MOP21.6 million (approximately HK\$21.0 million) was due upon execution of the agreement for the period from 2006 to 2008, and the remaining payments are due by 31 January of the year following which the gaming profits are exempt from Complementary Tax. In November 2009, the Group made a payment of MOP21.6 million (approximately HK\$21.0 million) for the period from 2006 to 2008, and in January 2010 the Group made a payment of MOP7.2 million (approximately HK\$7.0 million) for the year ended 31 December 2009. The Group has accrued MOP7.2 million (approximately HK\$7.0 million) for the year ended 31 December 2010 which was subsequently settled on 17 January 2011. On 3 November 2010, WRM applied for an extension of this agreement for an additional five years through 31 December 2015. As at 31 December 2010 and as at the date of approval of these financial statements, such application was still being processed by the Macau Special Administrative Region.

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5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The Group is exempted from income tax in the Isle of Man and the Cayman Islands. The Group's subsidiaries file income tax returns in Macau and various foreign jurisdictions as required by law. The Group's income tax returns are subject to examination by tax authorities in the locations where it operates. The Group's 2006 to 2009 Macau income tax returns remain subject to examination by the Macau Finance Bureau and during June 2010, the Macau Finance Bureau commenced examinations of the 2006 and 2007 Macau income tax returns. According to the law, the examination of 2006 and 2007 should be finalized at the latest by 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012, respectively. The Group believes that the tax reserve established for any uncertain tax issues is adequate with respect to these years.

Quarterly, the Group reviews any potentially unfavorable tax outcomes and when an unfavorable outcome is identified as being probable and can be reasonably estimated, the Group then establishes a tax reserve for such possible unfavorable outcome. Estimating potential tax outcomes for any uncertain tax issues is highly judgmental and may not be indicative of the ultimate settlement with the tax authorities. With respect to these items, as at 31 December 2010, the Group has provided a reserve of HK\$41.9 million (2009: HK\$37.4 million) and included this amount in "other long-term liabilities" with the corresponding charge to current income tax expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The Group believes that it has adequately provided reasonable reserves for prudent and foreseeable outcomes related to uncertain tax matters. As a result of the lack of authoritative guidance regarding the computation of the Group's Complementary Tax exemptions, the Group establishes reserves for its estimates of additional tax exposures if such exemptions are denied by the Macau tax authorities.

6. DIVIDENDS PAID

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Equity dividends on Shares declared and paid during the year	—	1,009,079
Special dividend declared and paid of HK\$0.76 per Share	3,942,500	—
	3,942,500	1,009,079

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6. DIVIDENDS PAID (continued)

The special dividend paid in 2010 was HK\$3.9 billion (HK\$0.76 per Share). The Board of Directors has not recommended a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2009, prior to the Group Reorganization, the Group declared and paid cash distributions of HK\$1.0 billion from the income generated through its operations to its former shareholder. The rate of dividends and the number of shares are not presented as such information is not meaningful for the purpose of these financial statements.

7. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per Share for the year ended 31 December 2010 is based on the consolidated net profit attributable to owners of the Company and on the weighted average number of Shares of 5,187,500,000 in issue during the year.

The weighted average number of Shares used to calculate the basic earnings per Share for the year ended 31 December 2009, which was 5,040,068,493, included the weighted average of 40,068,493 Shares issued upon the full exercise of the over-allotment option of the Company's Shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 14 October 2009. In addition, it also included the pro forma issued share capital of the Company of 5,000,000,000 Shares, comprising the following and on the assumption that the Group Reorganization had been effective on 1 January 2009:

- (a) the one share of the Company allotted and issued at HK\$1 paid on 4 September 2009 and subdivided into 1,000 Shares of par value of HK\$0.001 each (note 20 (iii)); and
- (b) the 3,749,999,000 Shares issued pursuant to the Group Reorganization on 8 October 2009 and the 1,250,000,000 Shares issued pursuant to the Company's initial public offering on 9 October 2009 (note 20 (iv)).

The diluted earnings per Share amount for the year ended 31 December 2010 is calculated based on the consolidated net profit attributable to owners of the Company and on the weighted average number of 5,187,500,000 Shares in issue plus nil potential shares arising from exercise of share options (see also note 22). The diluted earnings per Share for the year ended 31 December 2009 equals to the basic earnings per Share for that period as there were no potential dilutive Shares outstanding during that period.

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8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

A summary of the property and equipment and construction in progress is set forth below.

Group:

	Buildings and Improvements HK\$	Furniture Fixtures and Equipment HK\$	Leasehold Improvements HK\$ (in thousands)	Construction in Progress HK\$	Total Property and Equipment HK\$
Cost or valuation:					
At 1 January 2009	4,722,265	1,873,478	58,474	1,683,642	8,337,859
Additions	5,587	63,923	307	2,137,556	2,207,373
Transfers	423,621	21,146	8,527	(453,294)	—
Abandonments/disposals	(2,817)	(39,945)	(18,524)	(4,391)	(65,677)
At 31 December 2009	5,148,656	1,918,602	48,784	3,363,513	10,479,555
Additions	15,143	41,621	330	786,061	843,155
Transfers	3,733,567	378,322	3	(4,111,892)	—
Abandonments/disposals	(13,552)	(88,073)	(12,096)	(13,668)	(127,389)
At 31 December 2010	8,883,814	2,250,472	37,021	24,014	11,195,321
Depreciation:					
At 1 January 2009	540,625	706,115	43,926	—	1,290,666
Depreciation charged for the year	316,627	377,100	6,384	—	700,111
Abandonments/disposals	(2,369)	(18,536)	(18,231)	—	(39,136)
At 31 December 2009	854,883	1,064,679	32,079	—	1,951,641
Depreciation charged for the year	523,433	436,132	8,261	—	967,826
Abandonments/disposals	(3,089)	(61,628)	(11,616)	—	(76,333)
At 31 December 2010	1,375,227	1,439,183	28,724	—	2,843,134
Net carrying amount:					
At 31 December 2010	7,508,587	811,289	8,297	24,014	8,352,187
At 31 December 2009	4,293,773	853,923	16,705	3,363,513	8,527,914

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9. LEASEHOLD INTEREST IN LAND

The Group has the leasing rights for certain land under a 25-year concession, which expires in August 2029, granted by the Macau government in return for the payment of premiums amounting to MOP319.4 million (approximately HK\$310.1 million) plus interest by installments which were completed in 2009. In 2004, the Group also paid approximately MOP144.2 million (approximately HK\$140.0 million) to an unrelated third party for its relinquishment of rights to a portion of the said land under concession. Also in November 2009, the Group paid MOP113.4 million (approximately HK\$110.1 million) to the Macau government related to government required modifications to the land concession due to the construction of Encore at Wynn Macau, the expansion of Wynn Macau and the additional square footage added as a result of all such construction and expansion.

In May 2010, WRM purchased a house for the use by one of the Group's executives as described in note 26 to the financial statements which included a land lease right of MOP34.3 million (approximately HK\$33.3 million).

Leasehold interest activity is set forth below:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Cost:		
At beginning of the year	561,633	451,495
Addition	33,288	110,138
At end of the year	594,921	561,633
Amortization:		
At beginning of the year	97,280	79,222
Amortization charge for the year	22,512	18,058
At end of the year	119,792	97,280
Net carrying amount	475,129	464,353

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10. GOODWILL

In September 2004, the Group acquired all of the 17.5% indirect ownership interests in WRM held by third parties, in exchange for 1,333,333 shares of Wynn Resorts, Limited's common stock. Mr. Wong Chi Seng, one of the third parties, retained a direct 10% voting and social interest in WRM and agreed to continue to serve as Executive Director. The acquired shares provide, in aggregate, a nominal preferential annual dividend and capital distribution rights of up to one Macau pataca. As a result of the acquisition, WRM became an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of the Group.

In accordance with the Group's accounting policy for the acquisition of minority interests, the assets and liabilities of WRM were not restated to reflect their fair values at the date of the acquisition. The difference between the purchase price and the minorities' share of the assets and liabilities reflected within the consolidated statement of financial position of HK\$398.3 million at the date of the acquisition was recorded as goodwill.

The recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit ("CGU") has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Management determined the financial budgets based on past performance and its expectations for market development. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below.

The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are as follows:

	2010	2009
Growth rate (i)	3%	3%
Discount rate (ii)	1.9%	2.5%

Notes:

- (i) Weighted average growth rate is used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period which does not exceed the historical trend of the CGUs. The weighted average growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rate has been applied to the cash flow projections. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, there was no impairment of any of its CGUs containing goodwill with indefinite useful lives (2009: nil).

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11. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Other non-current assets consist of the following as at 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
A diamond and fine art	130,567	130,567
Memberships	1,020	1,020
Other consumables	48,306	27,303
Deposits	8,240	8,946
	188,133	167,836

12. INVESTMENT IN A SUBSIDIARY

	Company	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Unlisted shares, at cost	12,561,195	12,561,195

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12. INVESTMENT IN A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

The following is a list of subsidiaries as at 31 December 2010:

Name	Place of incorporation/ operation	Principal activities	Nominal value of issued share/ registered capital	Interest held
WM Cayman Holdings Limited II	Cayman Islands	Investment holding	Ordinary shares — US\$1	100%*
Wynn Resorts International, Ltd.	Isle of Man	Investment holding	Ordinary shares — GBP2	100%
Wynn Resorts (Macau) Holdings, Ltd.	Isle of Man	Investment holding	Ordinary shares — Class A shares: GBP343 — Class B shares: GBP657	100%
Wynn Resorts Macau, Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	Ordinary shares — HK\$100	100%
Wynn Resorts (Macau), S.A.	Macau	Operator of hotel casino and related gaming businesses	Share capital — MOP200,100,000	100%**
Palo Real Estate Company Limited	Macau	Development, design and preconstruction activities	Share capital — MOP1,000,000	100%

* Shares directly held by the Company

** 10% of the shares were held by a Macau-resident investor which entitle the holder to 10% of the voting rights and the rights to maximum dividend or payment upon dissolution of one MOP. The remaining 90% of the shares held by the Group are entitled to 90% of the voting rights and 100% of the profit participation or economic interest.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

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13. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following as at 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Retail merchandise	106,286	159,875
Food and beverage	38,212	19,161
Operating supplies	29,260	23,709
	173,758	202,745

14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables consist of the following as at 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Casino	701,235	430,758
Hotel	10,426	5,328
Other	108,512	158,220
	820,173	594,306
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(334,760)	(268,917)
Total trade and other receivables, net	485,413	325,389

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14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

An aged analysis of trade and other receivables is as follows:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Within 30 days	272,664	183,187
31 to 60 days	106,525	135,679
61 to 90 days	134,969	10,922
Over 90 days	306,015	264,518
	820,173	594,306
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(334,760)	(268,917)
Net of allowance for doubtful accounts	485,413	325,389

Substantially all of the trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 were repayable within 14 days.

As at 31 December 2010, trade and other receivables at a nominal value of HK\$334.8 million (2009: HK\$268.9 million) were impaired and fully provided for. Movements in the provision for impairment of receivables of the Group were as follows:

	Individually Impaired	Collectively Impaired	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)		
At 1 January 2009	—	289,884	289,884
Charge for the year	—	11,656	11,656
Amounts written off	—	(32,623)	(32,623)
At 31 December 2009 and 1 January 2010	—	268,917	268,917
Charge for the year	—	98,224	98,224
Amounts written off	—	(32,381)	(32,381)
At 31 December 2010	—	334,760	334,760

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15. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepayments and other current assets consist of the following as at 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Group		Company	
	As at 31 December		As at 31 December	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Prepayments	34,661	27,388	1,145	476
Deposits	10,506	9,642	—	—
	45,167	37,030	1,145	476

16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following as at 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Group		Company	
	As at 31 December		As at 31 December	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents on hand	1,907,883	1,048,225	—	—
Cash at banks and short-term deposits	1,911,280	4,180,770	89,258	1,901,185
	3,819,163	5,228,995	89,258	1,901,185

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16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

The cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	As at 31 December		As at 31 December	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
HK\$	3,588,279	3,990,240	89,257	1,901,184
MOP	18,860	26,241	—	—
US\$	209,407	1,210,179	1	1
Renminbi	1,386	1,424	—	—
Japanese Yen	840	663	—	—
Other	391	248	—	—
	3,819,163	5,228,995	89,258	1,901,185

Cash deposited at banks earned interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2010 are HK\$3.8 billion (2009: HK\$5.2 billion) and HK\$89.3 million (2009: HK\$1.9 billion), respectively. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of any defaults.

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17. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

During 2010 and 2009, the Group normally received credit terms of 30 days. An aged analysis of accounts payable as at 31 December 2010 and 2009, based on invoice dates, is as follows:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Within 30 days	886,886	722,504
31 to 60 days	11,313	1,679
61 to 90 days	3,067	2,202
Over 90 days	116,820	357
	1,018,086	726,742

The "Over 90 days" balance includes HK\$111.2 million of short-term construction retention and construction payables which will be paid on or before 31 May 2011.

18. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

Other payables and accruals consist of the following as at 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Group		Company	
	As at 31 December		As at 31 December	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Gaming taxes payable	1,275,716	727,969	—	—
Outstanding chip liabilities	1,706,248	1,315,369	—	—
Customer deposits	435,812	369,205	—	—
Other liabilities	247,665	208,550	5,227	2,125
	3,665,441	2,621,093	5,227	2,125

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19. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	2010 Interest Rate %	2009 Interest Rate %	Maturity	Group As at 31 December	
				2010 HK\$	2009 HK\$
(in thousands)					
Non-current					
7-Year Term Loan (as amended)					
US\$10,250,000 Hotel Facility	LIBOR+1.25%	LIBOR+1.75%	June 2014	79,769	79,490
HK\$639,600,000 Hotel Facility	HIBOR+1.25%	HIBOR+1.75%	June 2014	639,600	639,600
US\$18,500,000 Project Facility	LIBOR+1.25%	LIBOR+1.75%	June 2014	143,973	143,470
HK\$2,451,150,000 Project Facility	HIBOR+1.25%	HIBOR+1.75%	June 2014	2,451,150	2,451,150
US\$125,000,000 Project Facility	LIBOR+1.75%	LIBOR+1.75%	June 2014	972,791	969,393
5-Year Revolving Credit Facility (as amended)					
US\$13,000,000 Hotel Facility	LIBOR+1.25%	LIBOR+1.75%	June 2012	10,117	50,409
HK\$1,170,000,000 Hotel Facility	HIBOR+1.25%	HIBOR+1.75%	June 2012	117,000	585,000
US\$258,000,000 Project Facility	LIBOR+1.25%	LIBOR+1.75%	June 2012	200,784	1,000,414
HK\$4,516,200,000 Project Facility	HIBOR+1.25%	HIBOR+1.75%	June 2012	451,620	2,258,100
Less: debt financing costs, net				(117,101)	(159,849)
				4,949,703	8,017,177

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19. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

The bank loans may be used for construction and development commitments or for other uses and are repayable as follows:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
On demand or within one year	—	—
In the second year	2,490,271	576,520
In the third year	1,114,558	5,027,574
In the fourth year	1,461,975	1,114,264
In the fifth year	—	1,458,668
	5,066,804	8,177,026
Less: debt financing costs, net	(117,101)	(159,849)
	4,949,703	8,017,177

As amended on 27 June 2007, the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities total US\$1.55 billion (approximately HK\$12.0 billion), in a combination of Hong Kong and U.S. dollars, including a US\$550 million (approximately HK\$4.3 billion), fully-funded senior term loan (known as the WRM Term Loan), and a US\$1 billion (approximately HK\$7.7 billion) revolving credit facility (known as the WRM Revolver). The WRM Term Loan is comprised of two individual facilities, a Hotel Facility and a Project Facility, each containing U.S. dollar and HK dollar tranches. The Hotel Facility is separated into Tranche A (US\$10,250,000) and Tranche B (HK\$639,600,000). The Project Facility is separated into Tranche A (US\$18,500,000), Tranche B (HK\$2,451,150,000) and Tranche C (US\$125,000,000). The WRM Revolver is also comprised of two individual facilities, a Hotel Facility and a Project Facility, each containing U.S. dollar and HK dollar tranches. The Project Facility is separated into Tranche A (US\$258,000,000) and Tranche B (HK\$4,516,200,000). The Hotel Facility is separated into Tranche C (US\$13,000,000) and Tranche D (HK\$1,170,000,000). The Group also has the ability to upsize the total secured facilities by an additional US\$50 million (approximately HK\$388.3 million) pursuant to the terms and provisions of the agreements. The senior credit facilities described in this paragraph are collectively referred to herein as the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

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19. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

The WRM Term Loan matures in June 2014, and the WRM Revolver matures in June 2012. The principal amount of the WRM Term Loan is required to be repaid in quarterly installments, commencing in September 2011. Borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities bear interest at LIBOR or HIBOR plus a margin of 1.75% through 30 September 2010. Commencing in the fourth quarter of 2010, the WRM Revolver, the WRM Term Loan Hotel Facility and the WRM Term Loan Project Facility Tranches A and B are subject to a margin of 1.25% to 2.00% depending on the Group's leverage ratio at the end of each quarter. The WRM Term Loan Project Facility Tranche C remains subject to a margin of 1.75%. As at 31 December 2010, the weighted average margin is 1.29%.

Collateral for the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities consists of substantially all of the assets of the Group. In addition, the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities documentation contains affirmative and negative covenants which impose various obligations and restrictions on Wynn Macau, and in some cases, the Group.

The Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain customary covenants restricting certain activities including, but not limited to: the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the incurrence or creation of liens on any of its property, sales and leaseback transactions, the ability to dispose of assets, and make loans or other investments. In addition, the Group is required by the financial covenants to maintain a Leverage Ratio, as defined, of not greater than 4 to 1 as at 31 December 2010, and an Interest Coverage Ratio, as defined, of not less than 2 to 1. Management believes that the Group was in compliance with all covenants as at 31 December 2010. Going forward, the Group is required to maintain a Leverage Ratio not greater than 3.75 to 1 for the quarterly reporting periods ending 30 June 2011 and 30 September 2011 and 3.50 to 1 for the quarterly reporting period ending 31 December 2011. The Interest Coverage Ratio requirement remains at not less than 2 to 1 for all 2011 reporting periods.

Additionally, the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain a requirement that the Group must make mandatory prepayments of indebtedness from specified percentages of excess cash flow. If WRM meets a Leverage Ratio, as defined, of greater than 4 to 1 at any reporting period, such required prepayment is 50% of Excess Cash Flow, as defined. If the Leverage Ratio is less than 4 to 1 at any reporting period, then no prepayment is required. Based on current estimates, the Group does not believe that the Wynn Macau Leverage Ratio during the fiscal year ending 31 December 2011 will exceed 4 to 1. Accordingly, the Group does not expect to make any mandatory prepayments pursuant to this requirement during 2011.

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19. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

In connection with the initial financing of Wynn Macau, the Group entered into a bank guarantee reimbursement agreement with Banco Nacional Ultramarino, S.A. ("BNU") to secure a guarantee currently in the amount of MOP300 million (approximately HK\$291.3 million) until 180 days after the end of the term of the Concession Agreement. This guarantee, which is for the benefit of the Macau government, assures certain aspects of the Group's performance under the Concession Agreement, including the payment of premiums, fines and indemnities for any material failures to perform under the terms of the Concession Agreement. BNU, as issuer of the guarantee, is currently secured by a second priority security interest in the senior lender collateral package. From and after repayment of all indebtedness under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, the Group is obligated to promptly, upon demand by BNU, repay any claim made on the guarantee by the Macau government. BNU currently is paid an annual fee for the guarantee not to exceed approximately MOP5.2 million (approximately HK\$5 million).

In September 2009, the Group entered into certain amendments to the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities in order to facilitate the restructuring needed to effect the listing of the Company on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The Group repaid HK\$5.0 billion of the WRM Revolver in 2010 and, accordingly, as at 31 December 2010, the Group has HK\$7.0 billion available under the credit facilities. In 2011, approximately HK\$576.5 million of the WRM Term Loan is due. Such amount has been classified as a non-current liability as at 31 December 2010 in accordance with IAS 1 (Revised) as WRM expects and has the discretion and ability to repay this amount with borrowings available under the WRM Revolver, which is not due until June 2012.

Fair value of long-term debt

The estimated fair value of the Group's outstanding debt instruments was approximately HK\$4.7 billion (2009: HK\$7.0 billion) with a book value of HK\$5.0 billion (2009: HK\$8.0 billion) at the reporting date.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

20. ISSUED CAPITAL

	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Authorized:		
20,000,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.001 each	20,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid:		
5,187,500,000 Shares of HK\$0.001 each	5,188	5,188

The following changes in the Company's authorized and issued share capital for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Notes	Number of Shares of HK\$0.001	Nominal value of Shares HK\$
Authorized:			
Upon incorporation and after the subdivision	(i)	5,000,000,000	5,000,000
Increase in authorized share capital	(ii)	15,000,000,000	15,000,000
At 31 December 2009, 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010		20,000,000,000	20,000,000
Issued:			
Allotted and issued	(iii)	1,000	1
Shares issued in connection with the Group Reorganization and the initial public offering	(iv)	4,999,999,000	4,999,999
New issue of Shares in connection with the over-allotment option	(v)	187,500,000	187,500
At 31 December 2009, 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010		5,187,500,000	5,187,500

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20. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

- (i) Upon incorporation of the Company on 4 September 2009, the authorized share capital of the Company was HK\$5,000,000 divided into 5,000,000 shares of HK\$1 each. On 16 September 2009, the authorized share capital and each ordinary shares of par value of HK\$1 in the authorized share capital of the Company was subdivided into 1,000 Shares of a par value of HK\$0.001 each.
- (ii) Immediately after the subdivision as in note (i) above on 16 September 2009, the authorized share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$5,000,000 divided into 5,000,000,000 Shares of a par value of HK\$0.001 each to HK\$20,000,000 divided into 20,000,000,000 Shares each of a par value of HK\$0.001 by the creation of additional 15,000,000,000 Shares with a par value of HK\$0.001 each.
- (iii) On 4 September 2009, one share of HK\$1 was issued at par to Mapcal Limited as the subscriber and was transferred to WM Cayman Holdings Limited I for HK\$1. On 16 September 2009, the Company's ordinary share at par value of HK\$1 was subdivided into 1,000 Shares of a par value of HK\$0.001 each.
- (iv) Pursuant to the resolutions of the sole Shareholder passed on 16 September 2009 and the Group Reorganization which was completed on 8 October 2009, 3,749,999,000 Shares of HK\$0.001 each in the Company were allotted and issued and credited as fully paid at par, as partial consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued capital of a subsidiary, to the then sole Shareholder of the Company, whose name appeared in the register of the Company on 8 October 2009.

In connection with the Company's initial public offering, 1,250,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.001 each were issued at a price of HK\$10.08 per Share for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$12,600,000,000. Dealings in these Shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange commenced on 9 October 2009.

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20. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

- (v) In connection with the Company's full exercise of the over-allotment option, 187,500,000 Shares of HK\$0.001 each were issued at a price of HK\$10.08 per Share for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$1,890,000,000. Dealings in these Shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange commenced on 14 October 2009.

Except as otherwise provided by the Company's articles of association or the Cayman Islands law, each holder of Shares is entitled to one vote for each Share held of record on each matter submitted to a vote of Shareholders. Holders of the Shares have no cumulative voting conversion, redemption or pre-emptive rights or other rights to subscribe for additional Shares. Subject to any preferences that may be granted to the holders of the Company's preferred stock, each Shareholder is entitled to receive ratably such dividends as may be declared by the Board out of funds legally available therefore, as well as any distributions to the Shareholders and, in the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, is entitled to share ratably in all assets of the Company remaining after payment of liabilities.

21. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT AND RESERVES

(a) Group

The Group's share premium account represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group Reorganization prior to the Listing of the Company's Shares, over the nominal value of the Company's Shares issued in exchange therefor with adjustments arising from the Group Reorganization.

The amount of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 70 of the financial statements.

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21. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT AND RESERVES (continued)

(b) Company

	Issued Capital HK\$	Share Premium Account HK\$	Share Option Reserve HK\$	Accumulated Losses HK\$	Total Equity HK\$
	(in thousands)				
At 1 January 2009	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss for the year	—	—	—	(33,680)	(33,680)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	—	—	—	(33,680)	(33,680)
Issuance of shares	5,188	14,484,812	—	—	14,490,000
At 31 December 2009 and 1 January 2010	5,188	14,484,812	—	(33,680)	14,456,320
Net income for the year	—	—	—	2,128,848	2,128,848
Total comprehensive income for the year	—	—	—	2,128,848	2,128,848
Special dividend paid	—	(1,770,960)	—	(2,171,540)	(3,942,500)
Share-based payments	—	—	1,596	—	1,596
At 31 December 2010	5,188	12,713,852	1,596	(76,372)	12,644,264

The Company's reserves available for distribution represent the share premium account, share option reserve and retained earnings. Under the Companies Law (Revised) Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for paying distributions or dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of its Memorandum or Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the distribution of a dividend, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. Accordingly, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2010 amounted to approximately HK\$12.7 billion (2009: HK\$14.5 billion).

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22. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLAN

The Company's share option scheme

The Company established a share option scheme on 16 September 2009 with the purpose of rewarding participants, which may include Directors and employees of the Group, who have contributed to the Group and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its Shares for the benefit of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole. Under the rules of the share option scheme, the maximum number of Shares which can be issued upon exercise of all options granted under the share option scheme and of the Company shall not, in the absence of shareholders' approval, in aggregate exceed 10% in nominal amount of the aggregate of Shares in issue on the date of the listing of the Shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "**Scheme Mandate Limit**"); and the Scheme Mandate Limit may be renewed subject to Shareholders' approval. The Scheme Mandate Limit was refreshed at the Company's annual general meeting for the year ended 31 December 2009. Following the refreshment, a maximum of 518.75 million shares have been reserved for issuance under the share option scheme. The options granted under the share option scheme do not give immediate ownership of the underlying Shares as they require payment of a subscription price which is based on the then prevailing market price of the Shares. For the year ended 31 December 2010, 1 million options were granted to certain Directors of the Company and no options were exercised, lapsed or cancelled. As at 31 December 2010, 1 million options (2009: nil) were outstanding.

The fair value of the 1 million options granted during the year 31 December 2010 was estimated at HK\$4.66 per option based on the Black-Scholes valuation model. The significant inputs used in the model were a share price of HK\$10.68 on the date of grant, an exercise price of HK\$10.92, an expected stock price volatility of 40.76%, an expected life of options of 6.5 years, an expected dividend yield of 0% and an annual risk-free interest rate of approximately 2.4%. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

WRL Stock Plan

Wynn Resorts, Limited established the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (the "WRL Stock Plan") which provides for the grant of (i) incentive stock options, (ii) compensatory (i.e. non qualified) stock options, and (iii) non-vested shares of Wynn Resorts, Limited's common stock for employees, directors and independent contractors or consultants of Wynn Resorts, Limited and its subsidiaries, including the Group. However, only employees are eligible to receive incentive stock options.

A maximum of 12,750,000 shares (31 December 2009: 9,750,000 shares) of Wynn Resorts, Limited's common stock have been reserved for issuance under the WRL Stock Plan. As at 31 December 2010, 4,107,378 (2009: 419,545) shares remain available for the grant of stock options or non-vested shares of Wynn Resorts, Limited's common stock.

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22. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLAN (continued)

WRL Stock Plan (continued)

Options are granted with exercise prices equal to the current market price at the date of grant. The WRL Stock Plan provides for a variety of vesting schedules, all determined at the time of grant. All options expire ten years from the date of grant.

A summary of option activities under the WRL Stock Plan as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 and the changes during the years then ended are presented below.

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (HK\$)	Weighted Average Exercise Term (Years)
Outstanding as at 1 January 2009	516,751	613	7.6
Granted during 2009	245,000	365	
Exercised during 2009	—	—	
Transfer of employee to affiliate	(81,250)	413	
Outstanding as at 31 December 2009 or 1 January 2010	680,501	548	7.8
Granted during 2010	—	—	
Exercised during 2010	(137,343)	411	
Outstanding as at 31 December 2010	543,158	585	7.3
Shares exercisable as at 31 December 2010	85,158	440	4.4
Shares exercisable as at 31 December 2009	143,749	422	5.1

The weighted average fair value of options granted under the WRL Stock Plan for the year ended 31 December 2010 was nil (2009: approximately HK\$214). The total intrinsic value of the options exercised for the year ended 31 December 2010 was HK\$57.7 million (2009: nil). Approximately HK\$105.8 million of unamortized compensation cost relating to stock options at 31 December 2010 (2009: approximately HK\$124.8 million) will be recognized as compensation over the vesting of the related grants through 31 December 2016.

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22. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT PLAN (continued)

Non-vested shares under the WRL Stock Plan

A summary of the status of the WRL Stock Plan's non-vested shares as at 31 December 2010 and changes during the year then ended is set out below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (HK\$)
Non-vested as at 1 January 2009	188,750	712
Vested, granted, transferred and/or cancelled during the year	—	—
Non-vested as at 31 December 2009 or 1 January 2010	188,750	712
Vested and/or cancelled during the year	—	—
Granted during the year	5,000	850
Transferred during the year	3,000	591
Non-vested as at 31 December 2010	196,750	716

Approximately HK\$65.6 million of unamortized compensation cost relating to non-vested shares of common stock granted under the WRL Stock Plan at 31 December 2010 (2009: approximately HK\$77.8 million) will be recognized as compensation over the vesting period of the related grants through the financial years to December 2016.

The fair value per option share was estimated on the date of grant using the weighted average assumptions noted in the table below.

	31 December 2010	31 December 2009
Expected dividend yield	—	Nil
Expected stock price volatility	—	53.5%
Risk-free interest rate	—	2.7%
Expected average life of options (years)	—	7.6

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23. PENSIONS AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

In April 2005, the Group established a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme (the "Scheme"). The Scheme allows eligible employees to contribute 5% of their salary to the Scheme and the Group matches the contributions with an equal amount. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's matching contributions vest to the employee at 10% per year with full vesting in ten years. Forfeitures of unvested contributions are used to reduce the Group's liability for its contributions payable under the Scheme. In May 2010, the Group reinstated matching the contribution with an amount equal to the employee contributions after stopping the contribution in March 2009. The Group recorded an expense for matching contributions of approximately HK\$25.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$4.4 million).

24. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments for the years, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, are as follows:

	Group For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Fees	3,100	899
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	7,341	7,741
Bonus and non-equity incentive plan compensation	27,198	5,819
Share-based payments	5,514	3,435
Contributions to retirement plan	195	49
Total emoluments	43,348	17,943

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24. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (continued)

	Fees HK\$	Salary HK\$	Discretionary Bonus HK\$	Share-based Payments HK\$ (in thousands)	Contributions to Retirement Plan HK\$	Other HK\$	Total HK\$
2010							
Executive Directors:							
Stephen A. Wynn	—	—	15,535	—	—	—	15,535
Ian Michael Coughlan	—	5,826	11,663	3,918	195	1,515	23,117
Linda Chen	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-executive Directors:							
Kazuo Okada	500	—	—	—	—	—	500
Allan Zeman	625	—	—	399	—	—	1,024
Marc D. Schorr	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Independent non-executive Directors:							
Nicholas Sallnow-Smith	725	—	—	399	—	—	1,124
Bruce Rockowitz	625	—	—	399	—	—	1,024
Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam	625	—	—	399	—	—	1,024
	3,100	5,826	27,198	5,514	195	1,515	43,348
2009							
Executive Directors:							
Stephen A. Wynn	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ian Michael Coughlan	—	5,305	5,819	3,435	49	2,436	17,044
Linda Chen	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-executive Directors:							
Kazuo Okada	145	—	—	—	—	—	145
Allan Zeman	181	—	—	—	—	—	181
Marc D. Schorr	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Independent non-executive Directors:							
Nicholas Sallnow-Smith	211	—	—	—	—	—	211
Bruce Rockowitz	181	—	—	—	—	—	181
Jeffrey Kin-fung Lam	181	—	—	—	—	—	181
	899	5,305	5,819	3,435	49	2,436	17,943

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

24. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (continued)

In addition to the directors' emoluments disclosed in the above tables, Stephen A. Wynn and Marc D. Schorr received emoluments from Wynn Resorts, Limited amounting to HK\$93.1 million and HK\$73.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2010, respectively (2009: HK\$59.2 million and HK\$69.9 million, respectively). The Group was charged through the corporate allocation agreement a portion of their emoluments.

Linda Chen received emoluments (inclusive of share-based payments) of HK\$50.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$34.0 million), representing the portion charged to the Group through the marketing and secondment service agreement with WIML. In May 2010, Wynn Macau was caused to purchase a house and provide an automobile in Macau for use by Ms. Chen as described in note 26 to the financial statements.

Both Kazuo Okada and Allan Zeman also received emoluments (inclusive of share-based payments) as directors of Wynn Resorts, Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 of HK\$0.5 million and HK\$2.5 million, respectively (2009: HK\$0.7 million and HK\$2.4 million, respectively).

Five highest paid individuals' emoluments

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group included three (2009: two) Directors whose emoluments were reflected in the analysis presented above. Details of the emoluments payable to the remaining two (2009: three) highest paid individuals for each of the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Group For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Salaries and other benefits	6,972	9,349
Discretionary bonus	7,699	8,015
Share-based payments	10,066	10,301
Contributions to retirement plan	1	124
Total emoluments	24,738	27,789

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24. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (continued)

Five highest paid individuals' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments were within the following bands:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010 Number of Individuals	2009 Number of Individuals
Nil to HK\$6,000,000	—	1
HK\$8,500,001 to HK\$9,000,000	—	1
HK\$10,000,001 to HK\$10,500,000	1	—
HK\$13,500,001 to HK\$14,000,000	—	1
HK\$14,500,001 to HK\$15,500,000	1	—
Total	2	3

In September 2009, two of the five highest paid individuals were appointed as Directors of Wynn Macau, Limited. Their remuneration for the whole of 2009 is reflected in the analysis and note presented above.

The emoluments of certain individuals have been apportioned on a basis that is considered to be reasonable estimates of the utilization of service provided or the benefit received by the Group. The apportioned emoluments of these certain individuals are included in the expense allocations charged by Wynn Resorts, Limited and the Group's fellow subsidiaries for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 (See note 26 "Related Party Disclosures").

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the Directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office as a director of any member of the Group or in connection with the management of the affairs of any members of the Group. None of the Directors waived any emoluments during the years.

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25. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating lease commitments — Group as lessee

The Group has entered into leases for administrative offices in Macau, warehouse facilities, apartment units for executives and staff, a dormitory used for imported labor, and for certain office equipment. These leases typically stipulate a fixed monthly payment for rent and associated management fees. The remaining terms on these leases range between one and five years. These leases also typically contain renewal or continuation clauses.

In addition to the leases described above, the Group pays rent for the use of the land on which Wynn Macau was constructed under the land concession discussed in note 9. The land concession expires in August 2029. At 31 December 2010 and 2009, outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Within one year	11,323	20,972
After one year but not more than five years	22,286	26,128
More than five years	55,862	43,011
	89,471	90,111

Operating lease commitments — Group as lessor

The Group has entered into leases for space at Wynn Macau's retail promenade with several high-end retailers. These non-cancelable leases have remaining terms between one and five years and typically contain provisions for minimum rentals plus additional rent based upon the net sales of the retailer. The Group recorded contingent rental income under operating leases of approximately HK\$293.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$179.4 million).

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25. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Operating lease commitments — Group as lessor (continued)

Future minimum rents to be received at 31 December 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Within one year	95,700	100,519
After one year but not more than five years	96,883	142,398
	192,583	242,917

The operating lease rentals of certain retailers are based on the higher of a fixed rental or contingent rent based on the sales of the retailers (in some cases subject to a ceiling) pursuant to the terms and conditions as set out in the respective rental agreements. As the future sales of these retailers could not be estimated reliably, only the minimum lease commitments, and not the contingent rents, have been included in the above table.

Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the Group had the following capital commitments under construction contracts, construction-related consulting and other agreements and purchase orders which have not been provided for in the Group's statement of financial position:

Contracted, but not provided for

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Construction contract commitments	—	352,101
Other capital related commitments	29,505	110,780
	29,505	462,881

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25. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Capital commitments (continued)

Authorized, but not contracted for

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Construction contract commitments	—	516,272
Other capital related commitments	88,092	13,300
	88,092	529,572

Gaming premium commitment

Pursuant to a gaming contract signed with the Macau government, the Group has committed to pay an annual premium of MOP30.0 million (approximately HK\$29.1 million) plus a variable premium calculated on the basis of the number of gaming tables and gaming devices operated by the Group.

Other services commitments

The Group has service agreements for signage in several cities in China, Macau and Hong Kong. Furthermore, the Group is obligated under several agreements for shuttle-bus services running from the People's Republic of China's border to Wynn Macau and within Macau and under various agreements for maintenance, printing and other services. Under these agreements, the Group is obligated for the following future payments as at 31 December 2010 and 2009:

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Within one year	144,893	156,093
After one year but not more than five years	74,396	180,558
	219,289	336,651

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25. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Other services commitments (continued)

As at 31 December 2010, the Group was committed to purchases for operating items totaling HK\$86.4 million (2009: HK\$102.2 million).

On 1 August 2008, Palo Real Estate Company Limited entered into an agreement with a Macau incorporated company that is not a connected person of the Group to make a one-time payment in the amount of US\$50 million (approximately HK\$389.3 million) in consideration of its relinquishment of certain rights in and to any future development on the approximately 52 acres of land on Cotai. The payment will be made within 15 days after the Macau government publishes the Group's rights to the land in the Macau government's official gazette. The Group has filed an application for the land with the Macau government and is awaiting final approval.

As at 31 December 2010, the banking facilities granted to the Group subject to guarantees given to the banks by the Group were utilized to the extent of approximately HK\$10.2 million (2009: HK\$8.1 million).

Employment agreements

The Group has entered into employment agreements with several executive officers, other members of management and certain key employees. These agreements generally have two- to ten-year terms and typically indicate a base salary and often contain provisions for discretionary bonuses. Certain of the executives are also entitled to a separation payment if terminated without "cause" or upon voluntary termination of employment for "good reason" following a "change of control" (as these terms are defined in the employment contracts).

Litigation

The Group does not have any material litigation outstanding as at 31 December 2010 (2009: none).

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26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the outstanding balances between the Group and the related companies were as follows:

Name of Related Companies	Relation to the Companies	Group		Company	
		As at 31 December 2010	2009	As at 31 December 2010	2009
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Due from related companies — current					
WIML	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	385,529	123,407	—	—
Wynn Hotel Sales & Marketing, LLC	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	348	299	—	—
Wynn Manpower Limited	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	292	292	—	—
Cotai Land Development Company, Limited	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	126	91	—	—
		386,295	124,089	—	—
Due to related companies — current					
Wynn Las Vegas, LLC	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	54,752	41,515	836	19
WM Cayman Holdings Limited I	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	—	3,766	—	3,820
Wynn Design & Development	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	3,149	44,183	—	—
Wynn Resorts, Limited	Ultimate parent company	164,353	97,568	122	120
Worldwide Wynn	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	10,983	2,851	—	—
Las Vegas Jet, LLC	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	2,685	—	—	—
Wynn Resorts (Macau), S.A.	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	—	—	1,149	452
		235,922	189,883	2,107	4,411

The amounts disclosed in the above table are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

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26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

The Group had the following material transactions with related companies:

Name of Related Companies	Relation to the Companies	Primary Nature of Transactions	Group	
			For the year ended 31 December	
			2010	2009
			HK\$	HK\$
			(in thousands)	
Wynn Resorts, Limited	Ultimate parent company	Corporate support services (i)	157,866	89,799
Wynn Resorts, Limited	Ultimate parent company	Royalty fees (ii)	892,571	554,525
Wynn Resorts, Limited	Ultimate parent company	Share-based payment expenses (note 22)	45,017	45,279
WIML	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	International marketing expenses (iii)	82,298	64,146
Worldwide Wynn	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	Staff secondment payroll charges (iv)	63,709	46,459
Wynn Design & Development	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	Design/development payroll	15,085	17,708
Las Vegas Jet, LLC	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	Airplane usage charges (i)	10,072	5,481
Wynn Resorts Hotel Sales & Marketing, LLC	Subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited	Hotel sales and marketing expenses (v)	—	1,306

All of the above transactions are noted as continuing related party transactions.

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26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Notes:

(i) **Corporate support services**

Wynn Resorts, Limited provides corporate support services in large part related to assisting the Group with U.S. regulatory requirements. These services consist of a limited number of executives in relevant areas assisting the Group on U.S. regulatory and certain limited other matters. The assistance includes guidance on certain issues and ensuring that, from a regulatory standpoint, Wynn Resorts, Limited's standard operating procedures are followed and maintained by the Group. The annual fee for the services provided by Wynn Resorts, Limited is based on an allocation of the actual proportion of Wynn Resorts, Limited's annual corporate departments' costs (including salaries and benefits for such employees during the period in which such services are rendered) and overhead expense related to the provision of such services, and in any event, such annual fee shall not exceed 50% of the aggregate annual corporate departments' costs and overhead expenses incurred by Wynn Resorts, Limited during any financial year.

Similarly, WML and WRM had reciprocal arrangements to allow Wynn Resorts, Limited or its subsidiaries (other than the Group) to have access to the services of any of the Group's employees provided that such services do not materially interfere with such employees' obligations to, and responsibilities with, the Group. For services provided by the Group's employees, Wynn Resorts, Limited shall pay for the services based on an actual cost (including salaries and benefits for such employees during the period when such services are being rendered) and expenses on a reimbursement basis.

Wynn Resorts, Limited allows WRM and certain of its employees to use aircraft assets owned by Wynn Resorts, Limited and its subsidiaries (other than the Group) at hourly rates set by Las Vegas Jet, LLC, a subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited. Similarly, WRM has reciprocal arrangements to allow Wynn Resorts, Limited or its subsidiaries (other than the Group) to use any aircraft assets that the Group could own in the future.

(ii) **Royalty fees**

Prior to Listing, WRM had an arrangement with Wynn Resorts, Limited and Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC (together, the "Licensors") under which the Licensors licensed to WRM certain trademarks and service marks, other marks and works, domain names, and hotel casino design, development and management know-how (collectively, the "Intellectual Property Rights"). On 19 September 2009, each of the Company and WRM entered into an intellectual property license agreement with the Licensors (together, the "IP License Arrangement"), which has a perpetual term. Pursuant to the IP License Arrangement, the Licensors licensed to each of the Company and WRM the right to use the Intellectual Property Rights using the same pricing basis as described below. The IP License Arrangement is also subject to restrictions in the agreements between Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC or Wynn Resorts, Limited and any third parties, including Mr. Stephen A. Wynn, in respect of a third party's intellectual property, including any applicable limitations on the scope of the license, limitations on sub-licensing, termination (including change of control) under certain circumstances and other standard provisions.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(ii) Royalty fees (continued)

The license fees payable to Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC equal the greater of (1) 3% of the IP gross monthly revenues, and (2) US\$1.5 million (approximately HK\$11.6 million) per month. For the purposes of each intellectual property license agreement, the term "IP gross revenues" refers to the licensee's total operating revenues as adjusted by adding back (1) commissions and discounts which were netted against operating revenues, and (2) promotional allowances, and the term "IP gross monthly revenues" refers to the licensee's IP gross revenues accrued at the end of each calendar month. The calculation of each licensee's operating revenues, promotional allowances, and commissions and discounts in connection with the IP gross revenues stated in the intellectual property license agreements shall always be consistent with the Group's accounting policies and prepared in accordance with IFRSs as in effect from 31 December 2008. If any other subsidiary of the Company (other than WRM) acquires the Intellectual Property Rights under the intellectual property license agreement between the Company and the Licensors, "IP gross revenues" and "IP monthly gross revenues" will be interpreted to include the gross revenues of such relevant subsidiary.

The following table presents a reconciliation of total operating revenues (as reported in the these financial statements) to WRM's IP gross revenues as used for the purposes of the IP License Arrangement between WRM and the Licensors.

	Group	
	For the year ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Total operating revenues	22,438,939	14,076,900
Commissions and discounts included in operating revenues	6,336,848	3,805,861
Promotional allowances	976,865	601,112
IP gross revenues	29,752,652	18,483,873

(iii) International marketing expenses

WIML, a subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited, (i) provides administrative, promotional, and marketing services as well as a limited number of marketing executives to attract and introduce customers to WRM, and (ii) employs certain non-Macau residents based in or to be based in Macau ("Foreign Resident Staff") on the Company's behalf and seconds such Foreign Resident Staff to the Group.

These administrative, promotional and marketing services are provided through branch offices located in various cities around the world under the direction and supervision provided by WIML. For the services provided under this arrangement, WIML charges a service fee equal to the total costs it incurs in rendering the services plus 5%.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(iv) **Staff secondment payroll charges**

Worldwide Wynn, a subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited, is responsible for supplying management personnel to WRM for pre-determined lengths of time through secondment arrangements. During the secondment period, employees are expected to devote their efforts and all of their business time and attention to the operations and functions of WRM. The seconded employees live and work in Macau for the duration of the secondment periods. Worldwide Wynn was compensated for these services with a service fee equal to its aggregate costs plus 5% to Worldwide Wynn of the seconded employees during the periods of secondment to WRM, including:

- Wages-regular and overtime;
- Bonuses and commissions;
- Vacation pay and sick leave;
- Employee benefit plans, including health insurance, life insurance, and other insurance or 401k plans;
- Employer-paid federal, state or local taxes or workers' compensation costs and unemployment taxes; and
- Employer-paid business expenses and employee international allowances.

(v) **Hotel sales & marketing expenses**

Wynn Resorts Hotel Sales & Marketing, LLC, a subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited, provides services to attract and introduce customers to Wynn Macau, with an emphasis on the resort's luxury hotel accommodation. Wynn Resorts Hotel Sales & Marketing LLC's primary business is to promote the luxury hotel services offered at the Wynn Macau resort to customers in China. It operates customer service outlets in China to help arrange hotel stays for individual and group travel. During 2009, offices were located in Shanghai and Guangzhou. The branch offices operate under the direction and supervision provided by Wynn Resorts Hotel Sales & Marketing, LLC. For the hotel marketing and promotion services it performed on behalf of WRM in 2009, Wynn Resorts Hotel Sales & Marketing, LLC charged service fees equal to the total costs it incurred in rendering the services.

The above transactions were carried out on terms mutually agreed between the Group and the related companies. There were no significant charges from the Group to the related companies during the twelve months ended 31 December 2010 and 2009. In the opinion of the Directors, the related party transactions were conducted in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business.

All such outstanding balances between the Group and the related companies are deemed to be trade in nature.

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For the year ended 31 December 2010

26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Home purchase

In May 2010, Worldwide Wynn entered into a new employment agreement with Linda Chen, who is also a director of Wynn Macau, Limited and Wynn Resorts, Limited. The term of the new employment agreement is through 24 February 2020. Under the terms of the new employment agreement, Worldwide Wynn caused Wynn Macau to purchase a house in Macau for use by Ms. Chen costing approximately HK\$42 million, and will expend additional funds to renovate the house and will also provide Ms. Chen with the use of an automobile in Macau. Ms. Chen shall have the option to purchase the house and it is exercisable for (a) no consideration at the end of the 10-year term, (b) US\$1.00 in the event of termination of Ms. Chen's employment without "cause" or termination of Ms. Chen's employment for "good reason" following a "change of control", and (c) at a price based on a percentage of the fair market value of the house that is reduced by ten percent per year during the term of the agreement (the "Discount Percentage") in the event Ms. Chen terminates the employment agreement due to material breach by Worldwide Wynn. Upon Ms. Chen's termination for "cause", Ms. Chen will be deemed to have elected to purchase the Macau house based on the applicable Discount Percentage unless Worldwide Wynn determines to not require Ms. Chen to purchase the house. If Ms. Chen's employment terminates for any other reason before the expiration of the term (e.g., because of her death or disability or due to revocation of gaming license), the option will terminate.

Other related party disclosures

In addition to the above, the Group leased through June 2009 a living quarter for one of the Group's executives from a shareholder of the Group. This shareholder did not have profit participation shares in the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group incurred HK\$147,000 of rental expense relating to the executive's living quarter.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Compensation of senior/key management personnel of the Group

	Group For the Year Ended 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands)	
Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kind	97,403	67,719
Share-based payments	41,688	39,836
Retirement benefits	346	382
Total compensation paid to senior/key management personnel	139,437	107,937

Further details of Directors' emoluments are included in note 24 to the financial statements.

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise bank loans, accounts payable and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's construction activities and its operations. The Group has various financial assets such as trade receivables and cash and short-term deposits, which arise directly from its operations.

The Group also enters into derivative transactions, primarily interest rate swaps contracts. The purpose is to manage the interest rate risks arising from the Group's operations and its sources of finance. It is, and has been throughout 2010 and 2009, the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives should be undertaken.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are cash flow interest rate risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and credit risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees upon policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's primary exposure is changes in market interest rates associated with its bank loans that bear interest based on variable rates. The Group attempts to manage interest rate risk by managing the mix of long-term fixed rate borrowings through interest rate swap arrangements and variable rate borrowings. These risk management strategies may not always have the desired effect, and interest rate fluctuations could have a negative impact on the results of operations.

Interest rate sensitivity

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, all of the interest-bearing loans and borrowings were variable rate borrowings based on LIBOR or HIBOR plus a margin. However, the Group has entered into interest rate swaps that effectively fix the interest rate for approximately 89% of the interest-bearing loans in 2010 (2009: 55%). Based on borrowings at 31 December 2010, an assumed 1% change in the variable rates would cause the annual interest expenses, without adjusting for any amounts to be capitalized, to change by HK\$5.5 million (2009: HK\$36.7 million)

Foreign currency risk

The financial statements of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars, the Group's presentation currency, for incorporation into the consolidated financial statements. Assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing foreign exchange rates in effect at the statement of financial position date. Income, expenditure and cash flow items are measured at the actual foreign exchange rates or average foreign exchange rates for the period. The Hong Kong dollar is linked to the U.S. dollar and the exchange rate between these two currencies has remained relatively stable over the past several years. However, the exchange linkages of the Hong Kong dollar and the Macau pataca to the U.S. dollar, are subject to potential changes due to, among other things, changes in governmental policies and international economic and political developments.

Foreign currency sensitivity

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the Group was in a net liability position where the Group had more liabilities than assets that were denominated in currencies (primarily U.S. dollars) other than the functional currency. Based on the liability position at 31 December 2010, an assumed 1% increase or decrease in the value of the Hong Kong dollar against the U.S. dollar, the Group would recognize a gain or loss of HK\$10.5 million (2009: HK\$10.8 million).

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Group to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of casino accounts receivable. The Group issues credit in the form of markers to approved casino customers following investigations of creditworthiness. The Group maintains strict control over the issuance of markers and aggressively pursues collection from those customers who fail to pay their marker balances on a timely basis. These collection efforts may include the mailing of statements and delinquency notices, personal contacts, the use of outside collection agencies, and litigation. Markers are generally legally enforceable instruments in Macau, however, markers are not legally enforceable instruments in some other countries. The collectibility of markers given to foreign customers is affected by a number of factors including changes in currency exchange rates and economic conditions in the customers' home countries.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are disclosed in note 14 to the financial statements.

Liquidity risk

The Group measures and monitors its liquidity structure based on the overall assets, liabilities and debt, and maintains a conservative level of liquid assets to ensure the availability of sufficient cash flows to meet any unexpected and material cash requirements in the ordinary course of business. In addition, the Group's senior bank facility's governing documents contain capital spending limits and other affirmative and negative covenants which require the maintenance of secure capital procedures.

As at 31 December 2010, the Group held interest rate swaps at fair value with liabilities measured at fair value for level 2 of HK\$101.1 million (2009: HK\$126.8 million), and the Group has not held any assets or liabilities measured at fair value for levels 1 and 3 during the years where level 1 fair value represented fair values measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial instruments, level 2 fair values measured using quoted prices in active markets for similar financial instruments, or using valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly based on observable market data and level 3 fair values measured using valuation techniques in which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyzes the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed are based on the contractual undiscounted cashflows of financial liabilities which include principal and interest payments. The maturities are calculated assuming the effect of interest rate swap arrangements and interest rates with respect to variable rate financial liabilities remain constant as at respective year ends and there is no change in the aggregate principal amount of financial liabilities other than repayment at scheduled maturity as reflected in the table below.

Group:

Interest rates	Within one year HK\$	Between one to two years HK\$	Between two to five years HK\$	Total HK\$	
	(in thousands)				
As at 31 December 2010					
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	1.5%–3.4%	773,411	2,006,866	2,625,340	5,405,617
Interest rate swaps		45,730	55,378	—	101,108
Accounts payable		1,018,086	—	—	1,018,086
Amounts due to related companies		235,922	—	—	235,922
Other long-term liabilities, excluding tax liabilities		7,099	10,201	4,644	21,944
Other payables		2,151,604	—	—	2,151,604
As at 31 December 2009					
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	1.8%–3.4%	294,072	844,889	7,784,436	8,923,397
Construction retention payables		—	67,213	—	67,213
Interest rate swaps		—	86,564	40,196	126,760
Accounts payable		726,742	—	—	726,742
Amounts due to related companies		189,883	—	—	189,883
Other long-term liabilities, excluding tax liabilities		356	6,742	12,166	19,264
Other payables		1,684,574	—	—	1,684,574

"Other payables" are mainly comprised of outstanding chip liabilities, customer deposits, and other miscellaneous payables, excluding tax liabilities, incurred as at 31 December 2010 and 2009.

"Interest-bearing loans and borrowings within one year" comprised of principal repayments of the WRM Term Loan during 2011 amounting to approximately HK\$576.5 million. Such amount has been classified as a non-current liability as at 31 December 2010 as described in note 19 to the financial statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Company:

	Within One year HK\$	Between one to two years HK\$	Between two to five years HK\$	Over five years HK\$	Total HK\$
	(in thousands)				
As at 31 December 2010					
Amounts due to related companies	2,107	—	—	—	2,107
As at 31 December 2009					
Amounts due to related companies	4,411	—	—	—	4,411

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating in order to support its business and maximize shareholder's value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it as economic conditions change (i.e. interest rates and equity markets). To maintain a strong capital structure and in response to changes in economic conditions, the Group has modified debt instruments to obtain more favorable interest rates, obtained additional debt financing, and has adjusted dividend payments to shareholders.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management (continued)

The gearing ratio is a key indicator of the Group's capital structure. The gearing ratio is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

	Group	
	As at 31 December	
	2010	2009
	HK\$	HK\$
	(in thousands, except for percentages)	
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings, net	4,949,703	8,017,177
Accounts payable	1,018,016	726,742
Other payables and accruals	3,665,441	2,621,093
Amounts due to related companies	235,922	189,883
Construction retention payables	—	67,213
Other long-term liabilities, net of uncertain tax position	23,794	19,264
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(3,819,163)	(5,228,995)
Net debt	6,073,713	6,412,377
Equity	4,297,089	3,770,966
Total capital	4,297,089	3,770,966
Capital and net debt	10,370,802	10,183,343
Gearing ratio	58.6%	63.0%

Financial Summary

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years prepared on the basis as set out herein, is set forth below.

	2010 HK\$	Year ended 31 December			
		2009 HK\$	2008 HK\$	2007 HK\$	2006 HK\$
(in thousands)					
Results					
Operating revenues	22,438,939	14,076,900	14,710,576	10,858,185	2,293,468
Profit before tax	4,466,103	2,074,236	1,982,280	1,391,803	6,565,260
Profit for the year	4,422,010	2,068,647	2,039,644	1,374,736	5,876,250

	2010 HK\$	As at 31 December			
		2009 HK\$	2008 HK\$	2007 HK\$	2006 HK\$
(in thousands)					
Assets and liabilities					
Total assets	14,348,471	15,591,911	11,116,632	13,553,245	11,822,175
Total liabilities	10,051,382	11,820,945	10,379,127	6,583,605	6,252,846
Net assets	4,297,089	3,770,966	737,505	6,969,640	5,569,329

The summary of the consolidated results of the Group for each of the three years ended 31 December 2006, 2007 and 2008, and of the assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2006, 2007 and 2008, have been extracted from the IPO Prospectus. Such summary was prepared as if the current structure of the Group had been in existence throughout these financial years and is presented on the basis as set out in note 2.1 to the financial statements. The consolidated results of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2010, and the consolidated assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and 2010, are those set out in the audited financial statements.

The summary above does not form part of the audited financial statements.

Definitions

“Board of Directors” or “Board”	the board of Directors of our Company
“Code on Corporate Governance Practices” or “Code”	the Code on Corporate Governance Practices set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules
“Companies Ordinance”	the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Company” or “our Company”	Wynn Macau, Limited, a company incorporated on 4 September 2009 as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands and an indirect subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited
“Concession Agreement”	the Concession Contract for the Operation of Games of Chance or Other Games in Casinos in the Macau Special Administrative Region entered into between WRM and the Macau government on 24 June 2002
“Director(s)”	the director(s) of our Company
“Encore” or “Encore at Wynn Macau”	a casino resort located in Macau, connected to and fully integrated with Wynn Macau, owned and operated directly by WRM, which opened on 21 April 2010.
“Galaxy”	Galaxy Casino, S.A., one of the six gaming operators in Macau and one of the three concessionaires
“Group,” “we,” “us” or “our”	our Company and its subsidiaries, or any of them, and the businesses carried on by such subsidiaries, except where the context makes it clear that the reference is only to the Company itself and not to the Group
“Group Reorganization”	the reorganization undertaken by the Group, as described in the section headed “History and Corporate Structure — IPO Reorganization” of the IPO Prospectus
“HIBOR”	Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate
“HK\$”	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“Hong Kong”	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC
“Hong Kong Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Definitions

“IFRS”	International Financial Reporting Standards
“IPO Prospectus”	the IPO Prospectus of the Company published on 24 September 2009 in connection with the Listing
“LIBOR”	London Interbank Offered Rate
“Listing”	the initial listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 9 October 2009
“Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (as amended from time to time)
“Macau” or “Macau Special Administrative Region”	the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC
“Melco Crown”	Melco Crown Gaming (Macau) Limited, one of the six gaming operators in Macau and one of the three sub-concessionaires
“MGM Macau”	MGM Grand Paradise Limited, one of the six gaming operators in Macau and one of the three sub-concessionaires
“Model Code”	the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules
“MOP” or “pataca”	Macau pataca, the lawful currency of Macau
“Palo Real Estate Company Limited”	Palo Real Estate Company Limited, a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of Macau and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, subject to a 10% social and voting interest and MOP1.00 economic interest held by Mr. Wong Chi Seng (a Macau resident) in WRM
“PRC”, “China” or “mainland China”	the People’s Republic of China and, except where the context requires and only for the purpose of this annual report, references in this annual report to the PRC or China do not include Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau; the term “Chinese” has a similar meaning
“SFO”	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

Definitions

“Share(s)”	ordinary share(s) with a nominal value of HK\$0.001 each in the share capital of our Company
“Shareholders(s)”	holder(s) of Share(s) of the Company from time to time
“SJM”	Sociedade de Jogos de Macau S.A., one of the six gaming operators in Macau and one of the three concessionaires
“US\$”	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States
“Venetian Macau”	Venetian Macau S.A., one of the six gaming operators in Macau and one of the three sub-concessionaires
“WIML”	Wynn International Marketing, Ltd., a company incorporated under the laws of Isle of Man and an affiliate of Wynn Resorts, Limited
“WM Cayman Holdings Limited I”	WM Cayman Holdings Limited I, a company incorporated on 7 July 2009 as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands and a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Group Asia, Inc.
“WM Cayman Holdings Limited II”	WM Cayman Holdings Limited II, a company incorporated on 8 September 2009 as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
“Worldwide Wynn”	Worldwide Wynn, LLC, a company formed under the laws of the State of Nevada, United States and a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited
“WRL Group”	Wynn Resorts, Limited and its subsidiaries (other than the Group)
“WRM”	Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A., a company incorporated under the laws of Macau and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company
“WRM Shareholder Dividend Tax Agreement”	the agreement, entered into during June 2009, for a term of five years between WRM and the Macau Special Administrative Region, effective retroactively to 2006, that provides for an annual payment to the Macau Special Administrative Region of MOP7.2 million in lieu of Complementary Tax otherwise due by WRM shareholders on dividend distributions to them from gaming profits

Definitions

“Wynn Design & Development”	Wynn Design & Development, LLC, a company formed under the laws of the State of Nevada, United States and a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited
“Wynn Group Asia, Inc.”	Wynn Group Asia, Inc, a company formed under the laws of the State of Nevada, United States and a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited
“Wynn Las Vegas”	a destination casino resort owned by Wynn Resorts, Limited and its subsidiaries (excluding the Group), located on the Las Vegas Strip, comprising two hotel towers (Wynn Las Vegas and Encore at Wynn Las Vegas) and gaming, retail, dining, leisure and entertainment facilities
“Wynn Macau”	a casino hotel resort located in Macau, owned and operated directly by WRM, which opened on 6 September 2006, and where appropriate, the term also includes Encore at Wynn Macau
“Wynn Macau Credit Facilities”	together, the HK\$4.3 billion (equivalent) fully-funded senior term loan facilities and the HK\$7.7 billion (equivalent) senior revolving credit facilities extended to WRM and as subsequently amended from time to time
“Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC”	Wynn Resorts Holdings, LLC, a company formed under the laws of the State of Nevada, United States and a wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited
“Wynn Resorts International, Ltd.”	Wynn Resorts International, Ltd., a company incorporated under the laws of the Isle of Man and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
“Wynn Resorts, Limited” or “WRL”	Wynn Resorts, Limited, a company formed under the laws of the State of Nevada, United States, our controlling shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules)

Glossary

"Adjusted Average Daily Rate"	ADR calculated based on room revenues plus associated promotional allowances
"Adjusted REVPAR"	REVPAR calculated based on room revenues plus associated promotional allowances
"average daily rate" or "ADR"	the amount calculated by dividing total room revenues (less service charges, if any) by total rooms occupied
"cage"	a secure room within a casino with a facility that allows clients to exchange cash for chips used in the casino's gaming activities, or to exchange redeemable chips for cash
"casino revenue"	revenue from casino gaming activities (gross table games win and gross slot win), calculated net of a portion of commissions and discounts and in accordance with IFRS
"chip(s)"	a token; usually in the form of plastic disc(s) or plaque(s) issued by a casino to customers in exchange for cash or credit, which must be used (in lieu of cash) to place bets on gaming tables
"daily gross win per gaming table"	gross gaming win for table games divided by number of tables divided by the number of days in the applicable period
"dealer"	a casino employee who takes and pays out wagers or otherwise oversees a gaming table
"drop"	the amount of cash and promotional coupons deposited in a gaming table's drop box
"drop box"	a box or container that serves as a repository for cash and promotional coupons
"gaming promoters"	individuals or corporations licensed by and registered with the Macau government to promote games of fortune and chance or other casino games to patrons, through the arrangement of certain services, including transportation, accommodation, dining and entertainment, whose activity is regulated by Macau Administrative Regulation no. 6/2002
"gross gaming revenue" or "gross gaming win"	the total win generated by all casino gaming activities combined, calculated before deduction of commissions and discounts

Glossary

“gross slot win”	the amount of handle (representing the total amount wagered) that is retained as winnings. We record this amount and gross table games win as casino revenue after deduction of progressive jackpot liabilities and a portion of commissions and discounts
“gross table games win”	the amount of drop (in our general casino segment) or turnover (in our VIP casino segment) that is retained as winnings. We record this amount and gross slot win as casino revenue after deduction of a portion of commissions and discounts
“In-house VIP Program”	an internal marketing program wherein we directly market our casino resorts to gaming clients, including to high-end or premium players in the greater Asia region. These players are invited to qualify for a variety of gaming rebate programs whereby they earn cash commissions and room, food and beverage and other complimentary allowances based on their turnover level. We often extend credit to these players based upon knowledge of the players, their financial background and payment history
“promotional allowance”	the retail value of rooms, food and beverage and retail and other services furnished to guests (typically VIP clients) without charge
“REVPAR”	the amount calculated by dividing total room revenues (less service charges, if any) by total rooms available
“Rolling Chip”	physically identifiable chip that is used to track VIP wagering volume for purposes of calculating commissions and other allowances payable to gaming promoters and Wynn Macau’s individual VIP players
“turnover”	the sum of all losing Rolling Chip wagers within the VIP program
“VIP client” or “VIP player”	client, patron or players who participates in Wynn Macau’s In-house VIP Program or in the VIP program of any of our gaming promoters
“VIP table games turnover”	turnover resulting from VIP table games only



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