

FINANCIAL STRATEGY IN IBERIA



- Flexible fleet management
- Debt/Liquidity management
- Optimising cost of capital
- Controlling financial risk
- Financial guidelines

1.- Objective: managing the fleet under flexible schemes

- Intensive use of operating leases and wet leases
- Development of cost efficient synthetic operating lease structures.
- Use of AVGs (Aircraft Value Guarantees) to limit asset risk and enhance financing structures
- Flexible financing structures leads to off balance sheet treatment



Benefits of flexibility

- Synthetic tax leases offer various possibilities at the end of the lease term through the use of AVGs
 - Market value < Terminal value</p>
 - and Iberia willing to stop operating the aircraft



Option to dispose of the aircraft

- Market value > Terminal value
- and Iberia willing to keep the aircraft



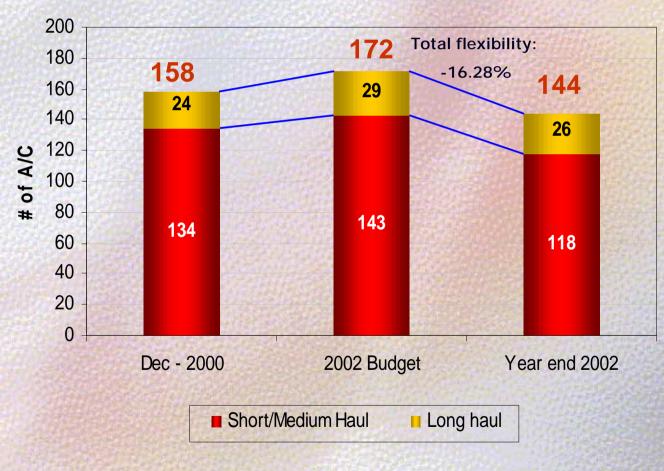
Option to exercise the purchase option or refinance the aircraft

- Flexibility provide three main advantages:
 - Adjustment to cycle
 - Aircraft asset risk management (market and obsolescence risk)
 - Benefit from price improvement due to the learning curve



2.- Flexibility achievement in 2002

Reduction of 16% of aircraft thanks to Iberia's flexibility tools



Measures implemented

- Cancellation of Wet Leases
- Cancellation of 2B-767 on operating lease
- Retirement of 6 A-300
- Delay deliveries of9 A-320 and 5A-321

Controlling financial risk

Financial guidelines



3.- Fleet ownership structure

Figures in Million of Euros

BY TYPE OF LEASE AND AMOUNTS (as of AUGUST 2002)

417 (10%)

740 (19%)

2.027 (51%)

812 (19%)

Leases

Finance

Owned

Synthetic. Op. leases

> **Operating** Leases

Total Assets "On Balance Sheet" 1.157 (29%)

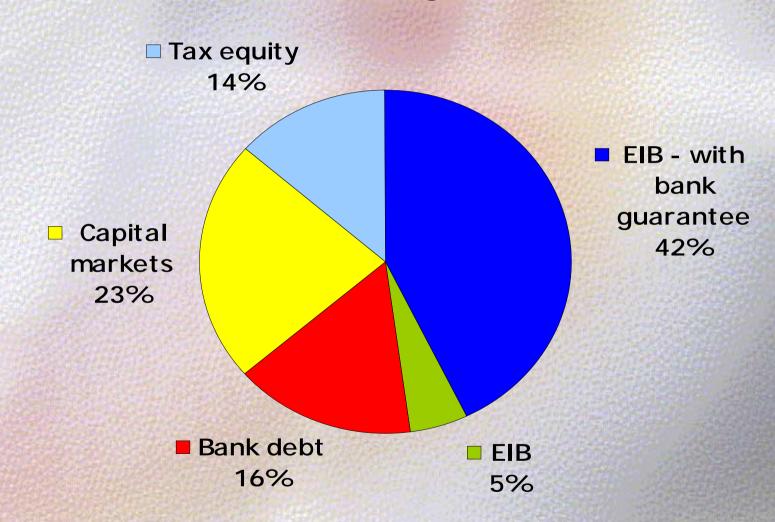
Total Assets "Off Balance Sheet" 2.839 (71%)

3.996

Total Assets



1.- Balanced fleet financing sources (I)





1.- Balanced fleet financing sources (II)

Managing banks capacity *



- Regular access to capital markets
- Tax Equity
 - Use of diversified cross border tax leases: JLL, GLL, INTOL, JOL
 - Priority resource due to its attractive cost of financing
 - In 2002 Iberia has been the most active company in Japanese tax equity market



2.- Financial cushioning

- Cash position equivalent to aprox. 90 days of revenues
- Cash position as of September 2002

Cash position

1.055 MM/Euros

Unutilised credit lines 93 MM/Euros

Total liquidity

1.148 MM/Euros

Days of Revenues

89.4 days

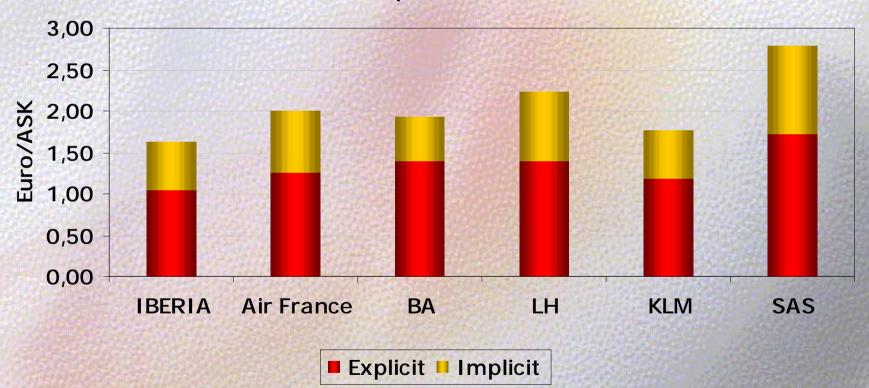
- Additional cushioning
 - 18,3% interest in Amadeus (market value of 400 MM/€ approx.)
 - Other unencumbered assets (properties of La Muñoza and Barajas)



1.- Position in the sector

Iberia has one of the lowest cost of capital in the sector

Ownership cost /ASK



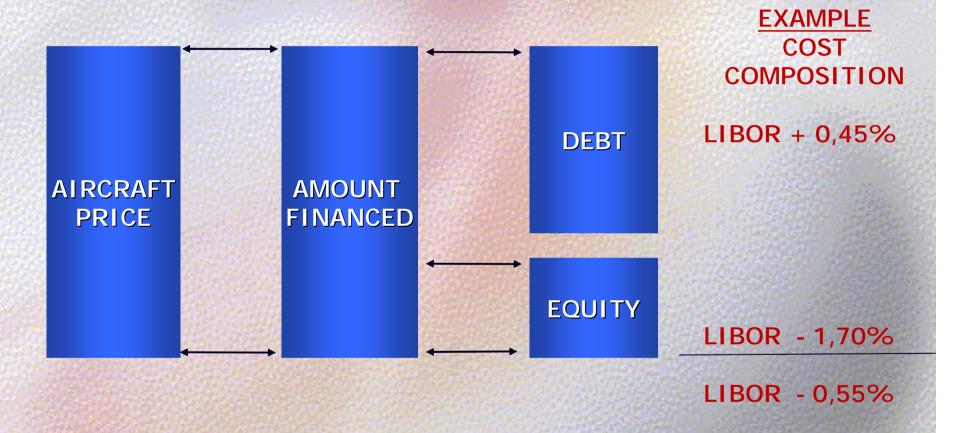
Including second quarter results. Data as of July 2002

Explicit ownership cost/ASK = (Leasing + Amortization + Int)/ASK

Implicit ownership cost/ASK = (Shareholder's Equity * 12% / ASK)



 Cost of capital enhanced by extensive use of synthetic tax lease structure





- Selective use of sophisticated financing structures
 - 8 awards of deal of the year over the past years for innovative aircraft transactions, in particular IBERBOND 1999 and IBERBOND 2000
- Continuous innovative strategy
 - 2002 Warehousing 6 A-320/321
 - 2002 EIB securitization for 2 A-340-300
 - Combination of Japanese Operating Lease with tranched debt and liquidity facility.



2.- Managing cost of debt

- Low cost of debt (below 3,50%), benefiting from interest rates and currency management and leveraged tax leases
- Return on short term investments above average cost of net debt

| | GROSS DEBT (1) | | FINANCIAL ASSETS | | S NET | DEBT | AVERAGE REFERENCE |
|---|----------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|--------|---------------|----------------------|
| | Amount | Final Rate | Amount | Final Rate | Amount | Final Rate | RATE 10 YRS |
| TOTAL IN BALANCE DEBT | 670 | 3.22% | 1,037 | 3.50% | (367) | -0.28% | |
| TOTAL OFF BALANCE DEBT (Capitalised Leases) | 2,571 | 3.23% | 0 | 0 | 2,571 | 3.23% | |
| AVERAGE RATE | 3,241 | 3.23% | 1,037 | 3.50% | 2,204 | 3.19% | 4.27% |

Figures in Million of Euros

(1) Including margin and NPV savings



- Integrated approach to non operating risks (FX, Interest Rates and Jet Fuel)
- Currency and interest rate risk
 - Using outflows in rentals to compensate structural positions (long in GBP and Euros, short in USD)
- Fuel hedging program
 - Strategic: 50 % on a 3 year basis
 - Tactical: 25 % one year rolling scenario

Iberia hedging program: savings achieved (against market prices)

| | Jet fuel | Forex & Int. rates | Total |
|-------|----------|-----------------------|-------|
| 2000 | 130 | 60 | 190 |
| 2001 | 30 | 27 | 57 |
| Total | 160 | 87 | 247 |

Figures in million of USD

Controlling financial risk





| | Current position (2002 Estimation) | Director Plan objective (2005) | Sector average |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Leverage | 65,57% | 65% - 70% | 72,55% |
| Interest coverage | 4,91 | > 4 | 4,07 |
| Debt / Ebitdar | 3,49 | < 3 | 6,12 |

Leverage = Net Debt / (Net Debt + Equity)
Interest coverage = Net interest / EBITDAR

Net Debt = Long term debt + Short term debt - Cash - Short term financial investments + 7 * Lease rentals