ITEM 1 ITEM 7 NOTE 6 Note 7 NOTE 12 NOTE 13 ITEM 10 NOTE 1 ITEM 4 FS 1 NOTE 3 NOTE 9 REPORT ITEM 13 NOTE 10 SCHED II

Note 11. Income Taxes

XILINX, INC. 2002 FORM 10-K

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YEARS ENDED MARCH 91,

YEARS ENDED MARCH 91,

The provision for (benefit from) taxes on income consists of the following:

	5005	2001	2000
Current Deferred	\$(84,315) 24,227	\$ 131,903 (124,263)	\$ 97,019 196,172
	(60,088)	7,640	293,191
Current Deferred	3,227 (25,630)	21,678 (30,087)	15,851 58,272
	(22,403)	(8,409)	74,123
Current	3,144	26,614	10,692
	\$(79,347)	\$ 25,845	\$378,006
	Deferred Current Deferred	Current Deferred \$(84,315) 24,227 (60,088) (60,088) Current Deferred (25,630) (22,403) Current 3,144	Current Deferred \$(84,315) \$131,903 24,227 (124,263) (60,088) 7,640 Current Deferred 3,227 21,678 (25,630) (30,087) (22,403) (8,409) Current 3,144 26,614

The tax benefits associated with stock option exercises and the employee stock purchase plan resulted in a tax benefit of \$52.4 million, \$159.0 million, and \$112.1 million, for fiscal years 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. Such benefits are credited to additional paid-in capital when realized. The Company has Federal and state tax loss and tax credit carryforwards of approximately \$120 million and \$46 million respectively. If unused, these tax loss carryforwards and \$31 million of the tax credit carryforwards will expire in 2005 through 2022. Pretax income from foreign operations was \$14.4 million, \$281.5 million, and \$106.4 million for fiscal years 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. Unremitted foreign earnings that are considered to be permanently invested outside the United States and on which no U.S. taxes have been provided, accumulated to approximately \$199 million as of March 31, 2002. The residual U.S. tax liability, if such amounts were remitted, would be approximately \$49.8 million.

The provision for income taxes reconciles to the amount obtained by applying the Federal statutory income tax rate to income (loss) before provision for taxes as follows:

AND REPORTED TO					
(IN THOUSANDS)	2002	2001	2000		
Income (loss) before provision for taxes	\$(192,954)	\$ 61,103	\$1,024,272		
Federal statutory tax rate	35%	35%	35%		
Computed expected tax State taxes net of federal benefit	\$ (67,534)	\$ 21,386	\$ 358,495		
	(14,562)	(5,468)	48,180		
Tax exempt interest	(3,667)	(6,734)	(5,472)		
Foreign earnings at lower tax rates	8,784	(9,488)	(15,370)		
In-process research and development charge	-	31,745	-		
Amortization of goodwill	9.884	4,143			
Tax credits Other	(13,235)	(10,640)	(6,095)		
	983	901	(1,732)		
Provision for (benefit from) taxes on income	\$ (79,347)	\$ 25,845	\$ 378,006		

The major components of deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following at March 31, 2002 and 2001:

(IN THOUSANDS)	 5005	2001
Deferred tax assets:		
Inventory valuation differences	\$ 23,727	\$ 26,227
Deferred income on shipments to distributors	25,654	83,701
Nondeductible accrued expenses	24,633	9,711
Tax loss and tax credit carryforwards	87,967	29,445
Other	3,678	3,971
Total net deferred tax assets	165,659	153,055
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Intangible and fixed assets	7,937	(11,874)

Unremitted foreign earnings	(126,636)	(83,932)
Capital gain from merger of USIC with UMC	(57,818)	(133,599)
Current net value of investments	(57,458)	(2,674)
Other	(1,805)	(1,391)
Total net deferred tax liabilities	(235,780)	(233,470)
Total net deferred tax (liabilities) assets	\$ (70,121)	\$ (80,415)

The difference between the net deferred taxes per the balance sheet and the net deferred taxes above of \$23,633 and \$1,525 at March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, is included in other assets on the balance sheet.

The Company filed a petition with the U.S. Tax Court on March 26, 2001 in response to assertions by the Internal Revenue Service that the Company owed additional tax for fiscal years 1996 through 1998. The Company is in discussions with the Appeals Office of the Internal Revenue Service to resolve and settle the issues. Two issues have been settled with the Appeals Office and we are exploring possibilities for settlement of additional issues. One of the unresolved issues relates to whether the value of compensatory stock options must be included in the cost sharing agreement with Xilinx Ireland. The Company filed a motion for summary judgment in February 2002 and the Internal Revenue Service filed a cross motion for summary judgment in March 2002. It is premature to comment further on the likely outcome of any issues that have not been settled to date. We believe we have meritorious defenses to the proposed adjustments and sufficient taxes have been provided.

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