performed by non-contracted providers and simplified administration of payment for clinical laboratory testing services.

Hospitals

Hospitals generally maintain an on-site laboratory to perform testing on patients and refer less frequently needed and highly specialized procedures to outside laboratories, which typically charge the hospitals on a negotiated fee-for-service basis. Fee schedules for hospital reference testing are typically negotiated on behalf of the hospitals by group purchasing organizations. We believe that most hospital laboratories perform approximately 90% to 95% of their patients' clinical laboratory tests. We provide services to hospitals throughout the United States that vary from esoteric testing to helping manage their laboratories. We believe that we are the industry's market leader in servicing hospitals. Our hospital customers account for approximately 11% of our net revenues, the majority of which represents services billed to the hospitals for certain testing that the hospitals do not perform internally. Hospitals continue to look for ways to fully utilize their existing laboratory capacity through test internalization as well as competing with commercial laboratories for outreach (non-hospital patients) testing. Most physicians have admitting privileges or other relationships with hospitals as part of their medical practice. Many hospitals leverage their relationships with community physicians and encourage the physicians to send their outreach testing to the hospital's laboratory. In addition, hospitals that own physician practices generally require the physicians to refer tests to the hospital's affiliated laboratory. Hospitals can have greater leverage with healthcare insurers than do commercial clinical laboratories, particularly hospitals that have a significant market share; hospitals thus are frequently able to negotiate higher reimbursement rates with healthcare insurers than commercial clinical laboratories for comparable clinical laboratory testing services.

We have dedicated sales and service teams focused on serving the unique needs of hospital customers. We believe that the combination of full-service, bi-coastal esoteric testing capabilities, medical and scientific professionals for consultation, innovative connectivity products, focus on Six Sigma quality and dedicated sales and service professionals has positioned us to be a partner of choice for hospital customers.

We have joint venture arrangements with leading integrated healthcare delivery networks in several metropolitan areas. These joint venture arrangements, which provide testing for affiliated hospitals as well as for unaffiliated physicians and other healthcare providers in their geographic areas, serve as our principal laboratory facilities in their service areas. Typically, we have either a majority ownership interest in, or day-to-day management responsibilities for, our hospital joint venture relationships. We also manage the laboratories at a number of other hospitals.

Employers, Governmental Institutions and Other Clinical Laboratories

We provide testing services to federal, state and local governmental agencies and to large employers. We believe that we are the leading provider of clinical laboratory testing to employers for drugs of abuse. We also provide wellness testing to employers to enable employees to take an active role in improving their health. Testing services for employers account for approximately 3% of our net revenues. The volume of testing services for employers, which generally have relatively low profit margins, decreased slightly in 2006, due to our no longer serving certain low-priced business and some reduction in hiring activity among some large retail customers. We also perform esoteric testing services for other commercial clinical laboratories that do not have a full range of testing capabilities. All of these customers are charged on a fee-for-service basis.

Sales and Marketing

We market to and service our customers through our direct sales force, healthplan sales force, customer service representatives and couriers.

We focus our sales efforts on obtaining and retaining profitable accounts. We have an active customer management process to evaluate the growth potential and profitability of all accounts.

Our sales force is organized by customer type with the majority of representatives focused on marketing clinical laboratory testing and related services to physicians, including specialty physicians such as oncologists, urologists and gastroenterologists. Additionally, we have a healthplan sales organization that focuses on regional and national insurance and healthcare organizations. We also have a hospital sales organization that focuses on meeting the unique needs of hospitals and promotes the specialized capabilities of our Nichols Institute esoteric testing laboratories and our Focus Diagnostics infectious and immunologic disease testing laboratory. Supporting our physician sales teams are genomics and esoteric testing specialists, who are specially trained and focused on educating our clients on new and more complex tests. A smaller portion of our sales force focuses on selling

substance-of-abuse and wellness testing to employers. We also have a sales force that focuses on selling risk assessment testing services to life insurance companies. With the completion of our acquisition of HemoCue and Focus Diagnostics, we also have a sales force that will focus on selling products to hospitals, commercial clinical laboratories and physician office laboratories.

Customer service representatives perform a number of services for patients and customers. They monitor services, answer questions and help resolve problems. Our couriers pick up specimens from most clients daily.

Our corporate marketing function is organized by customer type and is responsible for developing and executing marketing strategies, new product launches, and promotional and advertising support.

Information Systems

Information systems are used extensively in virtually all aspects of our business, including laboratory testing, billing, customer service, logistics and management of medical data. The successful delivery of our services depends, in part, on the continued and uninterrupted performance of our information technology, or IT, systems. IT systems are vulnerable to damage from a variety of root causes, including telecommunications or network failures, malicious human acts and natural disasters. Moreover, despite network security measures, some of our servers are potentially exposed to physical or electronic break-in attempts, computer viruses and similar disruptive problems. Despite the precautionary measures that we have taken to prevent unanticipated problems that could affect our IT systems, sustained or repeated system failures that would interrupt our ability to process test orders, deliver test results or perform tests in a timely manner could adversely affect our reputation and result in a loss of customers and net revenues.

Historically, acquired companies were often operated as local decentralized units, and we did not standardize their billing, laboratory or their other core information systems. This resulted in many different information systems for billing, test results reporting and other transactions.

We are in the process of implementing a standard laboratory information system and a standard billing system across all of our operations, including those from our most recent acquisitions, which we expect will take several more years to complete. It will result in significantly more centralized systems than we have even today and better control over the operational environment. We expect the integration of these systems will improve operating efficiency and provide management with more timely and comprehensive information with which to make management decisions. However, failure to properly implement this standardization process could materially adversely affect our business. During system conversions of this magnitude, workflow is re-engineered to take advantage of best practices and enhanced system capabilities, which may cause temporary disruptions in service. In addition, the implementation process, including the transfer of databases and master files to new data centers, presents significant conversion risks that need to be managed very carefully.

Billing

Billing for laboratory services is complicated. Depending on the billing arrangement and applicable law, we must bill various payers, such as patients, insurance companies, Medicare, Medicaid, physicians, hospitals and employer groups, all of which have different billing requirements. Additionally, auditing for compliance with applicable laws and regulations as well as internal compliance policies and procedures adds further complexity to the billing process. Other factors that complicate billing include:

- differences between our fee schedules and the reimbursement rates of the payers;
- disparity in coverage and information requirements among various payers;
- missing, incomplete or inaccurate billing information provided by ordering physicians;
- billings to payers with whom we do not have contracts; and
- disputes with payers as to which party is responsible for payment.

We incur additional costs as a result of our participation in Medicare and Medicaid programs because billing and reimbursement for clinical laboratory testing is subject to numerous federal and state regulations and other billing requirements. These additional costs include those related to: (1) complexity added to our billing processes; (2) training and education of our employees and customers; (3) compliance and legal costs; and (4) costs related to, among other factors, medical necessity denials and advance beneficiary notices. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations, as well as internal compliance policies and procedures, adds further complexity and costs to our operations. Changes in laws and regulations could negatively impact our ability to bill our