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ORIENT-EXPRESS HOTELS ANNOUNCES SECOND QUARTER NET EARNINGS UP 37%. RECOVERY IN DEMAND SEEN IN ALL MARKETS.

Hamilton, Bermuda, August 4, 2004 (5pm EDT). Orient-Express
Hotels Ltd. (NYSE: OEH, <a href="www.orient-express.com">www.orient-express.com</a>), owners of 45
deluxe hotel, restaurant, tourist train and river cruise
properties (38 of which it manages) in 21 countries, today
announced its results for the second quarter and six months ended
June 30, 2004.

For the quarter net earnings were \$12.9 million (\$0.38 per common share) on revenue of \$104.2 million, an increase of 37% over net earnings of \$9.4 million in the year earlier period. Earnings per common share were up 23% and revenue was up 13% over the second quarter of 2003.

Net earnings for the six months were \$8.3 million (\$0.24 per common share) on revenue of \$170.3 million, an increase of 22% over net earnings of \$6.8 million in the year earlier period. Earnings per common share were up 9% and revenue was up 11% over the first six months of 2003.

Mr. James B. Sherwood, Chairman, said that the company was experiencing a broad recovery of demand for all its products in all its markets. Although operating profits in Europe from hotels were slightly down, this was due to absence of the Hotel Quinta do Lago's earnings since that property was sold late in 2003. Operating profits from tourist trains, which are largely based in Europe, more than doubled from \$2 million to \$4.6 million in the quarter. The Madrid railway bombings in March impacted the Hotel Ritz in April but results were back to normal in June and July.

He said that operating profits from North American hotels were up 33% to \$4.7 million from \$3.6 million in the prior year quarter while hotels in the rest of the world improved six-fold to \$2.5 million from \$0.4 million. Management and part-ownership interests were marginally ahead at \$4.8 million vs. \$4.6 million and restaurants were up 29% to \$1.3 million from \$1 million.

"Operating profits of the Pansea hotels in southeast Asia have more than doubled in the first six months of this year from \$0.4 million to \$0.8 million partially due to the absence of the SARS epidemic which occurred in 2003. We do not consolidate Pansea results in our own except to the extent of interest earned on our convertible loan to that company. The important thing is that Pansea is building value for our ultimate acquisition," he said.

Mr. Sherwood indicated that capital expenditure in existing properties is beginning to produce solid returns. "It currently appears that we will be able to complete the Hotel Caruso in Ravello, Italy in time for the summer season of 2005. A June, 2005 opening is planned".

"The company is currently pursuing acquisitions in Europe, North America and southeast Asia, both in hotels and tourist trains and river cruising," he said.

Mr. Simon M.C. Sherwood, President, said that average daily room rate of owned hotels in U.S. dollars was up 6% in the second quarter to \$377 from \$357 in the prior year period. Same store RevPAR in U.S. dollars was up 18% to \$224 from \$190 in the year earlier period. EBITDA margin for the quarter was 26% compared with 24% in the prior year period.

He reviewed performance by region as follows:

Europe. EBITDA of owned hotels in Europe was \$12.9 million compared with \$13.9 million in the year earlier period. Absence of the Quinta do Lago property accounted for the entire difference. Italian hotels were about \$1 million ahead of the prior year while minor weaknesses in other countries were an offset.

North America. EBITDA for the quarter of owned hotels in North America was \$4.7 million compared with \$3.6 million in the prior year period. The Windsor Court in New Orleans, La Samanna in St. Martin and Maroma in Mexico all contributed to the improved results.

Southern Africa. EBITDA of owned hotels was \$0.2 million compared with a loss of \$0.2 million in the prior year period. The Westcliff in Johannesburg accounted for the entire improvement, due partially to the new conference and banqueting center which was opened in the third quarter of 2003. The second quarter is low season for Cape Town and Botswana.

<u>South America</u>. EBITDA of owned hotels was strongly ahead at \$2.1 million compared with \$1.4 million in the prior year period. Both the Copacabana Palace in Rio de Janeiro and the Miraflores Park in Lima contributed to the increase.

<u>South Pacific</u>. EBITDA of owned hotels was \$0.2 million compared with a \$0.8 million loss in the second quarter of 2003. The strong improvement was shared by all three properties: The Observatory in Sydney, Lilianfels in Australia's Blue Mountains and Bora Bora Lagoon Resort in French Polynesia.

Hotel management and part-ownership. EBITDA was relatively flat at \$4.8 million compared with \$4.6 million in the prior year period. Improved results in Peru were offset by effects of the Madrid bombing on the Ritz in Madrid.

Restaurants. EBITDA from restaurants was \$1.3 million compared with \$1 million in the year earlier period. '21' Club in New York accounted for most of the improvement although Harry's Bar in London was also slightly ahead.

Tourist trains and river cruises. EBITDA in the quarter was \$4.6 million compared with \$2 million in the year earlier period. The Venice Simplon-Orient-Express in Europe and PeruRail accounted for most of the increase, although U.K. trains also showed good gains. The river cruise operation in Burma had a difficult season due to exceptionally low water which resulted in cancelled trips.

Financial costs were flat year on year while depreciation in the quarter increased \$0.5 million over the prior year period due to increased investment.

"The forward booking position looks healthy and we are well on the way to recovering the ground lost since 2000. We see corporate business increasing with a greater demand for quality at a higher price. We are strengthening our sales and marketing organization to handle our increased number of properties and are investing in improved information technology to support this program," he concluded.

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Management believes that EBITDA (net earnings adjusted for interest, tax, depreciation and amortization) is a useful measure of operating performance, to help determine the ability to incur capital expenditure or service indebtedness, because it is not affected by non-operating factors such as leverage and the historic cost of assets. EBITDA is also a financial measure commonly used in the hotel and leisure industry. However, EBITDA does not represent cash flow from operations as defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund all cash flow needs and should not be considered as an alternative to earnings from operations under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for purposes of evaluating results of operations.

This news release contains, in addition to historical information, forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. These include statements regarding earnings growth, investment plans and similar matters that are not historical facts. These statements are based on management's current expectations and are subject to a number of uncertainties and risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause a difference include, but are not limited to, those mentioned in the news release, unknown effects on the travel and leisure markets of terrorist activity and any police or military response, varying customer demand and competitive considerations, realization of bookings and reservations as actual revenue, inability to sustain price increases or to reduce costs, interest rate and currency value fluctuations, uncertainty of negotiating and completing proposed capital expenditures and acquisitions, adequate sources of capital and acceptability of finance terms, possible loss or amendment of planning permits and changes in construction schedules for expansion projects, shifting patterns of business travel and tourism and seasonality of demand, adverse local weather conditions, changing global and regional economic conditions, and legislative, regulatory and political developments. Further information regarding these and other factors is included in the filings by the company and Sea Containers Ltd. with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

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Orient-Express Hotels will conduct a conference call tomorrow, August 5, 2004 at 10.00 AM (EDT) which is accessible at 646 862 1156. A re-play of the conference call will be available until 5.00 PM (EDT) Friday, August 13, 2004 and can be accessed by calling 800-633-8284 (International dial-in #:1-402-977-9140) and entering reservation number 21203129. A re-play will also be available on the company's website: www.orient-express.com.

#### Three Months ended June 30, 2004

#### **SUMMARY OF OPERATING RESULTS**

	Three months ended June 30		
\$'000 – except per share amount	2004	2003	
Revenue and earnings from unconsolidated companies			
Owned hotels - Europe - North America - Rest of World Hotel management & part ownership interests	37,298 19,972 17,431 4,767	38,369 17,584 12,605 4,614	
Restaurants Trains & Cruises Total (1)	5,446 19,255 104,169	4,452 14,298 91,922	
Analysis of earnings: Owned hotels - Europe - North America	12,936 4,714	13,907 3,552	
<ul> <li>Rest of World</li> <li>Hotel management &amp; part ownership interests</li> <li>Restaurants</li> <li>Trains &amp; Cruises</li> <li>Central overheads</li> </ul>	2,497 4,767 1,272 4,597 (3,607)	363 4,614 986 1,977 (2,978)	
EBITDA Depreciation & Amortization Interest	27,176 (7,014) (4,876)	22,421 (6,479) (4,729)	
Earnings before Tax Tax Net earnings on common shares	15,286 (2,375) 12,911	11,213 (1,794) 9,419	
Earnings per common share, basic & diluted  Number of shares – millions	0.38	30.80	

<sup>(1)</sup> Comprises earnings from unconsolidated companies of \$3,633,000 (2003: \$2,668,000) and revenue of \$100,536,000 (2003: \$89,254,000).

## Three Months Ended June 30, 2004

#### SUMMARY OF OPERATING INFORMATION FOR OWNED HOTELS

	Three months ended June 30		
	2004 2003		
Average Daily Rate (in U.S. dollars)			
Europe	657	506	
North America	317	300	
Rest of World	215	213	
Worldwide	377	357	

Rooms Sold (thousands)		
Europe	34	45
North America	39	35
Rest of World	<u>44</u>	<u>32</u>
Worldwide	117	112

RevPar (in U.S. dollars)		
Europe	375	314
North America	229	204
Rest of World	114	83
Worldwide	225	194

			Change %	
Same Store RevPAR			Dollar	Local
(in U.S. dollars)				Currency
Europe	378	340	11%	1%
North America	236	204	16%	16%
Rest of World	114	83	38%	31%
Worldwide	224	190	18%	10%

#### Six Months ended June 30, 2004

#### **SUMMARY OF OPERATING RESULTS**

	Six months ended June 30		
\$'000 – except per share amount	2004	2003	
Revenue and earnings from unconsolidated companies			
Owned hotels - Europe	49,134	50,971	
- North America	39,461	36,854	
- Rest of World	37,503	30,044	
Hotel management & part ownership interests	7,684	7,022	
Restaurants	10,138	8,190	
Trains & Cruises	26,378	20,395	
Total (1)	170,298	153,476	
Analysis of earnings Owned hotels			
- Europe	9,808	11,827	
- North America	9,015	8,946	
<ul> <li>Rest of World</li> <li>Hotel management &amp; part ownership interests</li> </ul>	8,089 7,684	5,494 7,022	
Restaurants	1,970	1,147	
Trains & Cruises	4,341	1,218	
Central overheads	(7,414)	(5,903)	
EBITDA	33,493	29,751	
Depreciation & Amortization	(13,969)	(11,943)	
Interest	(9,856)	(9,700)	
Earnings before Tax	9,668	8,108	
Tax	(1,363)	(1,297)	
Net earnings on common shares	8,305	6,811	
Earnings per common share, basic & diluted	0.24	0.22	
Number of shares – millions	34.30	30.80	

<sup>(1)</sup> Comprises earnings from unconsolidated companies of \$5,928,000 (2003: \$3,813,000) and revenue of \$164,370,000 (2003: \$149,663,000).

### Six Months Ended June 30, 2004

#### SUMMARY OF OPERATING INFORMATION FOR OWNED HOTELS

	Six months ended June 30		
	2004 2003		
Average Daily Rate (in U.S. dollars)			
Europe	571	432	
North America	346	339	
Rest of World	236	227	
Worldwide	351	327	

Rooms Sold (thousands)		
Europe	49	67
North America	73	70
Rest of World	<u>91</u>	<u>79</u>
Worldwide	213	216

RevPar (in U.S. dollars)		
Europe	301	236
North America	236	232
Rest of World	130	105
Worldwide	205	179

			Change %	
Same Store RevPAR			Dollars	Local
(in U.S. dollars)				Currency
Europe	306	275	11%	0%
North America	246	233	6%	6%
Rest of World	130	103	26%	13%
Worldwide	205	181	13%	6%

# CONSOLIDATED AND CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

\$'000		June 30 2004	December 31 2003
Assets			
Cash Accounts receivable Due from related parties Prepaid expenses and other Inventories Total current assets	\$	58,032 36,909 11,062 14,638 27,053 147,694	\$ 81,347 28,060 10,737 11,717 26,115 157,976
Property plant & equipment, net book value Investments Goodwill Other assets	\$	829,756 151,799 29,529 16,686 1,175,464	822,257 146,495 29,528 12,969 \$ 1,169,226
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Working capital facilities Accounts payable Due to related parties Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Current portion of long-term debt and capital leases Total current liabilities	\$	52,763 24,855 5,474 42,351 19,583 <u>65,904</u> 210,930	\$ 19,165 18,830 4,924 40,409 12,617 51,271 147,216
Long-term debt and obligations under capital leases Deferred income taxes Minority interest		440,167 1,908 4,085	502,917 2,846 3,803
Shareholders' equity	<u>\$</u>	518,374 1,175,464	512,444 <u>\$1,169,226</u>